(CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH- SEE NOTE 39)

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2024 AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR REPORT



Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve SMMM A.Ş. Maslak Mah. Eski Büyükdere Cad. Orjin Maslak İş Merkezi No: 27 Daire: 57 34485 Sarıyer İstanbul - Türkiye Tel: +90 212 315 3000 Fax: +90 212 230 8291 ey.com Ticaret Sicil No : 479920

Mersis No: 0-4350-3032-6000017

#### (Convenience translation of a report originally issued in Turkish)

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları Türk Anonim Şirketi;

#### A) Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### 1) Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları Türk Anonim Şirketi (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS).

#### 2) Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards (InAS) which are part of the Turkish Auditing Standards as issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority of Turkey (POA) and adopted within the framework of Capital Markets Board (CMB) regulations. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the *Code of Ethics for Independent Auditors* (Code of Ethics) as issued by the POA and other ethical principles included in CMB legislation, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### 3) Emphasis of Matters

We would like to draw attention to the matter in Note 20 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The court cases related to Capital Market Board's (CMB) claim that the Group had prepared its annual consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2005 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards instead of Communique Serial XI, No:25 on "Accounting Standards in Capital Markets" without taking the permission of CMB in prior years were concluded against the Company at Council of State and such conclusions declared to the Company via notifications sent in July 2012. On 1 August 2012, the Company applied to the Administrative Court to remove the conflicting decisions of this court, but the Administrative Court decided to reject the application by the notification made on 17 February 2014.

For the lawsuit filed by the Republic of Turkey Prime Ministry Privatization Administration (PA) for the cancellation of the resolution of the Company's Shareholders' Meeting dated 30 March 2006, in respect of dividend distribution, the decision of the local court has been reversed by the Supreme Court 11th Civil Chamber with based on the decision dated 24 May 2017. The decision of reversal has been notified to the Company on 2 August 2017. The Company has applied for rectification. With the decision of the 11th Civil Chamber of the Supreme Court dated 27 June 2019, which was notified to the Company on 28 August 2019, it was reported that the application of the Company for rectification of the decision has been rejected. The case has been accepted on 30 December 2021, by the 3rd Commercial Court of First Instance of Ankara with subject to appeal. The Company appealed the decision on 3 March 2022. Upon the rejection of the appeal, the Company applied for the revision of the decision and the decision regarding this request has not yet been communicated to the Company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.



## 4) Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matters	How Key Audit Matters Are Addressed in the Audit				
Revenue Recognition					
In assessment of the revenue recognition, the Group's management evaluate the detailed criteria set out in TFRS 15, with a particular focus on whether control over goods and services has been transferred to the customer.	During our audit, the following audit procedures were performed regarding the revenue recognition:  - Understanding for the Group's sales, collection, and credit risk management processes were gained.				
arises from performance obligations that are satisfied at a point in time. The Group primarily generates revenue through the production and sale of mining and metallurgy products.	- The design and implementation of controls related to the revenue process were evaluated. Additionally, The Group's sales and delivery procedures were examined.				
Revenue recognition is determined based on an analysis of the transfer of significant risks and rewards to the buyer, considering the nature of	- The compliance of the accounting policies applied by the Company's management for revenue recognition with TFRSs was assessed.				
shipment arrangements for both domestic and export sales.  For performance evaluation of the Group's financial results, the revenue constitutes one of the key financial indicators. Revenue holds significant importance in assessing the outcomes of the strategies implemented during	- Substantive analytical procedures were performed to assess whether the revenue recorded in the financial statements was at predicted levels or not.				
	- Sample-based tests were conducted to verify the accuracy of sales invoices, and these invoices were reconciled with delivery documents.				
Therefore, it has been identified as a key audit matter due to its status as the most significant item in the consolidated statement of total comprehensive income for the year ended 31	- For the sampled invoices, it was tested whether control over the related products had been transferred to the customer.				
December 2024.  The accounting policies for revenue recognition and other information related to revenue are disclosed in Note 2.8.1 and Note 25.	- Revenue completeness was tested by selecting samples from delivery documents and matching them with accounting records and related invoices.				
	- Confirmation letters were obtained from customers for a sample of trade receivable balances, and the balances per confirmation replies were reconciled with accounting records.				
	In addition to the above procedures, the adequacy of the disclosures in Note 25 was evaluated in accordance with TFRSs.				



Key Audit Matters	How Key Audit Matters Are Addressed in the Audit				
Accounting for Property, Plant, Equipment, and Construction in Progress					
As disclosed in Notes 14 and 11, the total carrying amount related to the property, plant, and equipment and advances given for investments classified under prepaid expenses of the Group is TRY 221.974.890 thousand, representing 52% of total assets as of 31 December 2024. Additionally, as of the same date, the Group has capital expenditures as construction in progress amounting to TRY 80.756.099 thousand reported in property, plant and equipment.  The Group's construction in progress investments primarily consist of expenditures related to the production lines. Considering the material amount of additions as capital expenditures during the current period, advances given for these investments and the expectation that these investments will be capitalized in the subsequent period, this matter has been identified as a key audit matter in our audit.  The determination of the depreciation and amortization methods for property, plant and equipment, the calculation and accounting of depreciation expenses require significant judgment.  The disclosures related to property, plant and equipment, construction in progress, and the prepaid expenses are provided in Notes 2.8.3, 14, and 13.	During our audit, the following procedures were performed related to recognition of property, plant and equipment and construction in progress:  - The accuracy of depreciation expenses recorded for the current period was recalculated and verified, considering the economic useful lives determined under the straight-line method and the units of production method applied to specific assets, considering total capacity and production units.  - The appropriateness, completeness, and periodicity of capital expenditures incurred during the current period were assessed in accordance with TFRSs and the investments were physically observed during our site visits.  - Confirmation letters were obtained from selected suppliers on a sample basis for the balances of advances given and construction in progress, and the balances were reconciled with accounting records.  - The impairment assessment prepared by the Group's management for property, plant, and equipment was reviewed, and reconciliations were performed with balances reported in the financial statements. Furthermore, insurance compensation income recognized during the period was verified through the communications with the insurance firms and the related cash collections were tested.				
	In addition to the above procedures, the adequacy of the disclosures in the notes to the financial statements was evaluated in				

## 5) Other Matter

The full scope audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023, of the Group were performed by another auditor. The auditor has expressed an unmodified audit opinion in the full-scope audit report dated 22 February 2024.

accordance with TFRSs.



## 6) Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with TFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 7) Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

In an independent audit, our responsibilities as the auditors are:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with standards on auditing as issued by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey and InAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with standards on auditing as issued by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey and InAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group's to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### B) Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) Auditors' report on Risk Management System and Committee prepared in accordance with paragraph 4 of Article 398 of Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") 6102 is submitted to the Board of Directors of the Company on 12 February 2025.
- 2) In accordance with paragraph 4 of Article 402 of the TCC, no significant matter has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Company's bookkeeping activities for the period 1 January 31 December 2024 and financial statements are not in compliance with laws and provisions of the Company's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.
- 3) In accordance with paragraph 4 of Article 402 of the TCC, the Board of Directors submitted to us the necessary explanations and provided required documents within the context of audit.

The name of the engagement partner who supervised and concluded this audit is Mehmet Başol Çengel.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi

A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

Parmer

12 February 2025 İstanbul, Türkiye

TABLE OF	FCONTENTS
CONSOLI	DATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
CONSOLI	DATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS
CONSOLI	DATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
CONSOLI	DATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
CONSOLI	DATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW
NOTES TO	THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NOTE 1	GROUP'S ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS
NOTE 2	BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NOTE 3	SEGMENT REPORTING
NOTE 4	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
NOTE 5	FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS
NOTE 6	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS
NOTE 7 NOTE 8	BORROWINGSTRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES
NOTE 8	OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLESOTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES
NOTE 9 NOTE 10	INVENTORIES
NOTE 10 NOTE 11	PREPAID EXPENSES
NOTE 12	INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD
NOTE 13	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES
NOTE 14	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT
NOTE 15	INTANGIBLE ASSETS
NOTE 16	RIGHT OF USE ASSETS
NOTE 17	GOODWILL
NOTE 18	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND INCENTIVES
NOTE 19	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS
NOTE 20	PROVISIONS
NOTE 21	COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIESOTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
NOTE 22	DEFERRED INCOME
NOTE 23 NOTE 24	EQUITY
NOTE 25	SALES AND COST OF SALES
NOTE 25 NOTE 26	RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES, MARKETING, SALES AND
110 IL 20	DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES, GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES
NOTE 27	OPERATING INCOME / (EXPENSES) ACCORDING TO THEIR NATURE
NOTE 28	OTHER INCOME(EXPENSES) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES
NOTE 29	INCOME (EXPENSES) FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES
NOTE 30	FINANCE INCOME
NOTE 31	FINANCE EXPENSES
NOTE 32	TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
NOTE 33	EARNINGS PER SHARE
NOTE 34	RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES
NOTE 35	EXPLANATIONS REGARDING NET MONETARY POSITION GAINS/(LOSSES)
NOTE 36	NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS
NOTE 37	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE AND FINANCIAL RISK
NOTE 20	MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES)
NOTE 38 NOTE 39	SUBSEQUENT EVENTSOTHER ISSUES AFFECTING THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
NO1E 39	STATEMENTS MATERIALLY OR THOSE REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED FOR A CLEAR
	UNDERSTANDABLE AND INTERPRETABLE PRESENTATION

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

ASSETS	Note	(Audited) Current Period 31 December 2024 USD'000	(Audited) Current Period 31 December 2024 TRY'000	(Audited) Previous Period 1 31 December 2023 USD'000	(Audited) Previous Period 31 December 2023 TRY'000
CURRENT ASSETS		5.182.957	182.856.284	4.569.509	134.518.116
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	1.566.313	55.259.993	817.746	24.072.967
Financial Investments	5	44.960	1.586.209	59.033	1.737.825
Trade Receivables		750.105	26.463.914	691.386	20.353.161
Due From Related Parties	34	17.116	603.847	23.390	688.565
Other Trade Receivables from Third Parties	8	732.989	25.860.067	667.996	19.664.596
Other Receivables		5.546	195.675	4.342	127.846
Due From Related Parties	34	532	18.767	393	11.582
Other Receivables from Third Parties	9	5.014	176.908	3.949	116.264
Financial Derivative Instruments	6	7.061	249.118	387	11.396
Inventories	10	2.232.475	78.762.398	2.285.354	67.276.704
Prepaid Expenses		88.128	3.109.169	69.601	2.048.925
Prepaid Expenses to Related Parties	34	706	24.900	434	12.782
Other Prepaid Expenses to Third Parties	11	87.422	3.084.269	69.167	2.036.143
Other Current Assets	22	488.369	17.229.808	641.660	18.889.292
NON CURRENT ASSETS		6.867.932	242.302.690	5.962.156	175.515.133
Financial Investments	5	5.048	178.085	5.502	161.973
Other Receivables		3.748	132.211	2.940	86.537
Due From Related Parties	34	3.430	121.006	2.551	75.091
Other Receivables from Third Parties	9	318	11.205	389	11.446
Investments Accounted for Using Equity Method	12	36.283	1.280.062	30.039	884.293
Investment Properties	13	166.318	5.867.749	149.725	4.407.645
Property, Plant and Equipment	14	5.864.827	206.912.853	5.007.614	147.415.137
Right of Use Assets	16	27.302	963.217	15.134	445.527
Intangible Assets		264.823	9.343.042	275.362	8.106.172
Goodwill	17	18.781	662.608	18.781	552.886
Other Intangible Assets	15	246.042	8.680.434	256.581	7.553.286
Prepaid Expenses		456.080	16.090.669	432.920	12.744.353
Prepaid Expenses to Related Parties	34	5.015	176.923	6.214	182.922
Other Prepaid Expenses to Third Parties	11	451.065	15.913.746	426.706	12.561.431
Deferred Tax Assets	32	7.248	255.704	8.639	254.324
Other Non Current Assets	22	36.255	1.279.098	34.281	1.009.172
TOTAL ASSETS	- -	12.050.889	425.158.974	10.531.665	310.033.249

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

		(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
		Current Period 31 December	31 December	Previous Period I 31 December	revious Period 31 December
		2024	2024	2023	2023
LIABILITIES	Note	USD'000	TRY'000	USD'000	TRY'000
CURRENT LIABILITIES		2.158.479	76.288.847	3.027.730	89.291.663
Short Term Borrowings	7	743.215	26.268.031	1.560.968	46.034.968
Short Term Portion of Long Term Borrowings	7	295.470	10.443.033	363.704	10.726.115
Trade Payables		849.469	30.023.470	794.372	23.427.066
Due to Related Parties	34	51.989	1.837.483	38.328	1.130.333
Other Trade Payables to Third Parties	8	797.480	28.185.987	756.044	22.296.733
Payables for Employee Benefits	19	139.388	4.926.492	60.898	1.795.959
Other Payables	9	27.964	988.348	39.428	1.162.795
Financial Derivative Instruments	6	-	_	4.120	121.502
Deferred Revenue	23	32.855	1.161.228	44.553	1.313.940
Current Tax Liabilities	32	8.987	317.625	109.607	3.232.450
Short Term Provisions	20	30.770	1.087.544	23.689	698.605
Other Current Liabilities	22	30.361	1.073.076	26.391	778.263
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		2.955.135	104.445.716	990.553	29.212.704
Long Term Borrowings	7	2.392.984	84.577.132	372.300	10.979.619
Financial Derivative Instruments	6	-	-	39	1.148
Long Term Provisions		174.610	6.171.382	189.292	5.582.475
Long term provisions for employee benefits	19	174.610	6.171.382	189.292	5.582.475
Deferred Tax Liabilities	32	386.901	13.674.548	428.353	12.632.683
Other Non Current Liabilities	22	640	22.654	569	16.779
EQUITY		6.937.275	244.424.411	6.513.382	191.528.882
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent		6.721.145	236.947.401	6.327.990	186.191.490
Share Capital	24	1.918.505	7.000.000	1.818.371	3.500.000
Inflation Adjustment to Capital	24	-	-	81.366	156.613
Treasury Shares (-)	24	(108.569)	(1.315.022)	(87.182)	(640.504)
Share Issue Premium (Discounts)		55.303	106.447	55.303	106.447
Other Comprehensive Income (Expenses) Not to be		(199.521)	95.552.077	(184.238)	80.508.477
Reclassified to Profit (Loss)		(1)).321)		(101.230)	00.500.177
Actuarial (Loss) Gain funds		(183.836)	(2.961.205)	(168.553)	(2.455.521)
Foreign Currency Translation Reserves		(15.685)	98.513.282	(15.685)	82.963.998
Other Comprehensive Income (Expense) to be		(275.142)	(9.724.549)	(287.653)	(8.483.263)
Reclassified to Profit (Loss)					
Foreign Currency Translation Reserves		(276.487)	(9.772.072)	(285.380)	(8.416.227)
Cash Flow Hedging Gain (Loss)		1.345	47.523	(2.273)	(67.036)
Restricted Reserves Assorted from Profit	24	1.499.365	10.973.470	1.448.797	9.302.588
Retained Earnings	24	3.419.939	120.873.630	3.313.114	97.708.043
Net Profit (Loss) for the Period		411.265	13.481.348	170.112	4.033.089
Non-Controlling Interests	_	216.130	7.477.010	185.392	5.337.392
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	=	12.050.889	425.158.974	10.531.665	310.033.249

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

		(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
		<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Previous Period</b>	Previous Period
		1 January -	1 January -	1 January -	1 January -
		<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
	Note	USD'000	TRY'000	USD'000	TRY'000
Revenue	25	6.225.097	204.059.940	6.238.260	147.899.792
Cost of Sales	25	(5.614.833)	(184.055.336)	(5.577.870)	(132.242.934)
GROSS PROFIT		610.264	20.004.604	660.390	15.656.858
Marketing Expenses	27	(62.763)	(2.057.384)	(49.687)	(1.177.995)
General Administrative Expenses	27	(163.408)	(5.356.542)	(112.736)	(2.672.791)
Research and Development Expenses	27	(10.238)	(335.591)	(8.024)	(190.227)
Other Operating Income	28	298.504	9.785.016	193.666	4.591.521
Other Operating Expenses	28	(30.015)	(983.883)	(61.486)	(1.457.738)
OPERATING PROFIT		642.344	21.056.220	622.123	14.749.628
Income from Investing Activities	29	15.924	521.994	15.154	359.280
Expenses from Investing Activities	29	(8.437)	(276.571)	(22.975)	(544.735)
Share of Investments' Profit (Loss) Accounted by Using The Equity Method	12	6.244	204.668	3.305	78.356
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES)		656.075	21.506.311	617.607	14.642.529
Finance Income	30	153.110	5.018.986	139.046	3.296.577
Finance Expense	31	(380.504)	(12.473.048)	(353.421)	(8.379.073)
Monetary Gain/(Loss)	35	(16.166)	(529.928)	(30.491)	(722.904)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		412.515	13.522.321	372.741	8.837.129
Tax (Expense) Income	32	20.461	670.725	(190.145)	(4.508.065)
Current Corporate Tax (Expense) Income		(16.908)	(554.233)	(200.828)	(4.761.341)
Deferred Tax (Expense) Income		37.369	1.224.958	10.683	253.276
NET PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		432.976	14.193.046	182.596	4.329.064
Non-Controlling Interests		21.711	711.698	12.484	295.975
Equity Holders of the Parent		411.265	13.481.348	170.112	4.033.089
EARNINGS PER SHARE (LOSS)	33		2,0040		0,5974
(TRY 1 Nominal value per share)			*****		-4-27

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

		(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
		<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Previous Period</b>	<b>Previous Period</b>
		1 January -	1 January -	1 January -	1 January -
		<b>31 December 2024</b>	31 December 2024	<b>31 December 2023</b>	31 December 2023
	Note	USD'000	TRY'000	USD'000	TRY'000
PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		432.976	14.193.046	182.596	4.329.064
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)					
Not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Actuarial Gain (Loss) of Defined Benefit Plans	19	(20.940)	(693.104)	(49.243)	(1.396.695)
Tax Effect of Actuarial Gain (Loss) of Defined Benefit Plans	32	5.235	173.276	12.310	349.174
Foreign Currency Translation Gain (Loss)		-	40.367.505	-	72.009.332
To be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Gain (Loss) in Cash Flow Hedging Reserves		4.892	154.817	(3.490)	(99.129)
Tax Effect of Gain (Loss) in Cash Flow Hedging Reserves	32	(1.223)	(38.704)	849	25.037
Foreign Currency Translation Gain (Loss)		6.596	(1.355.845)	(1.570)	(3.176.868)
OTHER COMPRHENSIVE INCOME (EXPENSE)		(5.440)	38.607.945	(41.144)	67.710.851
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (EXPENSE)		427.536	52.800.991	141.452	72.039.915
Distribution of Total Comprehensive Income					
Non-controlling Interests		26.087	1.969.317	15.976	2.191.103
Equity Holders of the Parent		401.449	50.831.674	125.476	69.848.812

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

	г	,	T			Other comprehe reclassified s	nsive income (exp ubsequently to p		Other compreh (expense) to b subsequently to	e reclassified		Retained I	Earnings	Ī		
					Share	Revaluation	Foreign			Foreign	Restricted					ı
			Inflation		Issue	Reserve of	Currency		Cash Flow	Currency	Reserves			Equity	Non-	Total
			Adjustment	Treasury	Premium	Tangible	Translation	Actuarial Gain	Hedging	Translation	Assorted	Retained		Attributable to	controlling	Shareholders'
(Audited)	Note	Share Capital	to Capital	Shares (-)	(Discounts)	Assets	Reserves	(Loss) Funds	Gain (Loss)	Reserves	from Profit	Earnings	The Period	the Parent	Interests	Equity
1 January 2024		3.500.000	156.613	(640.504)	106.447	373.251	70.267.050	(2.455.521)	(67.036)	4.243.700	9.302.588	97.371.813	4.033.089	186.191.490	5.337.392	191.528.882
Reclassification effect	2.4	-	-	-	-	(373.251)	12.696.948	-	-	(12.659.927)	-	336.230	-	-	-	-
1 January 2024		3.500.000	156.613	(640.504)	106.447	-	82.963.998	(2.455.521)	(67.036)	(8.416.227)	9.302.588	97.708.043	4.033.089	186.191.490	5.337.392	191.528.882
Inflation effect (**)	2.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	646.823	1.632.401	-	2.279.224	244.638	2.523.862
Net profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.481.348	13.481.348	711.698	14.193.046
Other comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	-	39.097.296	(505.684)	114.559	(1.355.845)	-	-	-	37.350.326	1.257.619	38.607.945
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	-	39.097.296	(505.684)	114.559	(1.355.845)	-	-	13.481.348	50.831.674	1.969.317	52.800.991
Dividends (*)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1.680.469)	-	(1.680.469)	(74.337)	(1.754.806)
Increase (Decrease) through Treasury		_	_	(674.518)		_	_	_		_	674.518	(674.518)	_	(674.518)	_	(674.518)
Share Transactions (***)				(074.510)							074.510	(074.516)		(074.510)		(074.510)
Transfers		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	349.541	3.683.548	(4.033.089)	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) due to other changes (****)	2.1	-	-	-	-	-	(23.548.012)	-	-	-	-	23.548.012	-	-	-	-
Capital increase	24	3.500.000	(156.613)	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	(3.343.387)	-	-	-	-
31 December 2024		7.000.000	-	(1.315.022)	106.447	-	98.513.282	(2.961.205)	47.523	(9.772.072)	10.973.470	120.873.630	13.481.348	236.947.401	7.477.010	244.424.411
(Audited)																
1 January 2023 (Previously reported)		3.500.000	156.613	(116.232)	106.447	208.674	44.642.146	(1.407.323)	6.044	2.029.402	7.547.778	40.966.648	18.005.034	115.645.231	3.016.956	118.662.187
Reclassification effect	2.4	_	_	_	-	(208.674)	7.286.968		-	(7.268.761)	-	190.467	-	-	-	-
1 January 2023		3.500.000	156.613	(116.232)	106.447	-	51.929.114	(1.407.323)	6.044	(5.239.359)	7.547.778	41.157.115	18.005.034	115.645.231	3.016.956	118.662.187
Inflation effect (**)	2.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20.333)	-	-	1.167.326	74.726	-	1.221.719	129.333	1.351.052
Net profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.033.089	4.033.089	295.975	4.329.064
Other comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	-	70.093.536	(1.027.865)	(73.080)	(3.176.868)	-	-	-	65.815.723	1.895.128	67.710.851
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	-	70.093.536	(1.027.865)	(73.080)	(3.176.868)	-	-	4.033.089	69.848.812	2.191.103	72.039.915
Increase (Decrease) through Treasury				(524.272)		•			•		524.272	(524.272)	•	(524,272)		(524.272)
Share Transactions (***)		-	-	(324.272)	-	-	-	-	-	-	324.212	(324.272)	-	(324.272)	-	(324.272)
Transfers		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63.212	17.941.822	(18.005.034)	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) due to other	2.1						(20.059.652)					20.059.652				
changes (****)	2.1	-	-	-	-	-	(39.058.652)	-	-	-	-	39.058.652	-	-	-	
31 December 2023		3.500.000	156.613	(640.504)	106.447	-	82.963.998	(2.455.521)	(67.036)	(8.416.227)	9.302.588	97.708.043	4.033.089	186.191.490	5.337.392	191.528.882

<sup>(\*)</sup> At the Annual General Assembly dated 28 March 2024, dividend distribution (gross dividend per share: TRY 0,50) amounting to TRY 1.750.000 thousand from 2023 net profit was approved by majority of votes. As of 28 March 2024, which is the dividend distribution decision date of the Company, dividend pertaining to the shares owned by the Company due to the ownership of 3,97% of its own shares with a nominal value of 1 TRY, is shown by netting off the amount of dividends to be distributed. Dividend distribution started on 16 April 2024. The Group approved TRY 74.337 thousand dividend to non-controlling shares on Isdemir, which is subsidiary of the Group.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Inflation adjustments were made in accordance with TMS 29 in the financial statements of subsidiaries that were subject to consolidation and whose functional currency was Turkish Lira.

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Within the scope of the "Share Buy-back Program", which was approved at the Company's Ordinary General Assembly Meeting on 31 March 2023, 14.820.000 shares were repurchased in exchange for TRY 674.518 thousand. As of the reporting date, the repurchased shares have been classified under equity as restricted reserves, with a reserve set aside equal to the repurchase price, in accordance with the Repurchased Shares Communiqué (II-22.1) (31 December 2023: TRY 524.272 thousand).

<sup>(\*\*\*\*)</sup> Retained earnings; in the consolidated financial statements, in accordance with TAS 21, the details of conversion of retained earnings to the presentation currency, Turkish Lira, in the consolidated statement of financial position dated 31 December 2024 by converting to US Dollars at historical rates, are explained in Note 2.1.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

Cash Outflow from Loan Repayments		<u>Note</u>	(Audited) Current Period 1 January - 31 December 2024 USD'000	(Audited) Current Period 1 January - 31 December 2024 TRY'000	(Audited) Previous Period 1 January- 31 December 2023 USD'000	(Audited) Previous Period 1 January - 31 December 2023 TRY 000
Adjustments for Execution Transition Dependent (Lan) Adjustments for Execution and Americanian Dependent (Lan) Adjustments for Execution (Lan) Adjustments for Execution (Lan) Adjustments for Provisions Recent of Impairment (Lan) Adjustments for Provisions Recent of Transitions (19 d. 177 (2023) (1235)	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		947.604	31.257.701	557.746	
Adjustments for Pepersiation and Annotation Exposess   252/28   20.909   887.234   22.6616   537.278   Adjustments for Imperiment Loss (Secretaria of Imperiment Loss)   60.0091   60.0091   60.0091   60.0091   Adjustments for Provision (Revented of Provisions)   60.0091   60.0091   60.0091   60.0091   60.0091   Adjustments for Provision (Revented of Provisions)   60.0091   6						
Adjanement for Permissinal Record and Paraclement Loss)  Adjanement for Permissinal Record Permissions in Protection 18 (1976)  Adjanement for Permission Record Permissions in Protection 19 (1976)  Adjanement for Permission Record of Protection International Permission International Permission International I		25/27/28				
Adjanement for Proxision Recental of Proxision for Recentals 4 (4009) (114405) (20304 Adjanement for Proxision Recental of Proxision Recental Of Proxision Recental of Proxision Recental Of Proxision		23/21/20				
Adjustment for Provision Recental of Provision Provisions Provisio	Adjustments for Provision (Reversal of Provision) for Receivables		(72)	(2.355)	(14.212)	
Adjastments for Provision Server Invited (Percent) of Employee Termination Benefit 19 50.00 16.04.275 60.129 1.423.37						
Adjaments for Provision (Reveral of Provision) for Employee Terminations Benefits  Adjaments for Investigate (Reveral of Provision) for Employee Claims and/or Leanus  30 (131,179) (4,545,355,35) (133,173) (133,147)  Adjaments for Interest Experts  11 (131,179) (152,253) (153,173) (143,173) (152,		14				
Adjustments for Interest Records and Processors (1990)  Adjustments for Interest Records and Expense (1990)  Adjustments for Interest Records and Expense (1990)  Adjustments for Interest Records and Expense (1992)  Adjustments for Interest Records and Expense (1992)  Adjustments for Unrelated Protein Exchange Refleeness (1992)  Adjustments for Unrelated Protein Exchange Refleeness (1992)  Adjustments for Unrelated Protein Exchange Refleeness (1992)  Adjustments for Unrelated Protein Exchange Refleeness (1992)  Adjustments for Unrelated Protein Exchange Refleeness (1992)  Adjustments for Unrelated Protein Exchange Refleeness (1992)  Adjustments for Unstabled Protein Carlos and Extraordinal Instruments (1992)  Adjustments for Unstabled Protein Carlos and Extraordinal Instruments (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) on Diposal of Protein Spring Method (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) on Diposal of Protein Spring Records (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) on Diposal of Protein Spring Records (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) on Diposal of Protein Spring Records (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) on Diposal of Protein Spring Records (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) on Diposal of Protein Spring Records (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) and Diposal of Protein Spring Records (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) and Diposal of Protein Spring Records (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) and Diposal of Protein Spring Records (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) and Diposal of Protein Spring Records (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) and Diposal of Protein Spring Records (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) and Losses (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) and Losses (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) and Losses (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Raiss) and Losses (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Losses) and Losses (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Losses) and Losses (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Losses) and Losses (1992)  Adjustments for Losses (Losses) and Losses (1992)  Adjust		19				
Adjanements for heterent Reports Adjanements for heterent Reports Herminal Reports From Confil Stafe (1921) 1921 8 10-256 121-522 3 100-277 (Deserted Francial Recompt from Confil Stafe (2210) (90-90) (90-90) (77-675) (2029-200		20				
Adjanement per Internet Experies		30				
17.00   17.0						
Adjastments for Furnalisoch Freigne Eschange Differences Adjastments for Fur Vales (Ginst) Jesus on Derivative Financial Intranscents Adjastments for Fur Vales (Ginst) Jesus on Derivative Financial Intranscents Adjastments for Take (Cinst) Jesus on Derivative Financial Intranscents Adjastments for Take (Cinst) Jesus on Derivative Financial Intranscents The Company of Take (Cinst) Jesus on Derivative Financial Intranscents The Company of Take (Cinst) Jesus on Derivative Financial Intranscents The Company of Take (Cinst) Jesus on Derivative Financial Intranscents The Company of Take (Cinst) Company of Take Company of Take On Take (Cinst) Company of Take (Cinst) The Company of Take (Cinst) Company of Take (Cinst) The Company of Take (Cinst) Company of Take (Cinst) The Company of						
Adjustments for Fair Viden (Calons) Losses on Derivative Financial Instruments  Adjustments for Tax (Geome) Expenses  22 (0.046) (0.07)  23 (0.046) (0.07)  24 (0.046) (0.07)  25 (0.046) (0.07)  26 (0.047)  Adjustments for Tax (Geome) Expenses  27 (0.046) (0.07)  28 (0.046) (0.07)  29 (0.046) (0.07)  29 (0.046) (0.07)  20 (0.047) (0.046) (0.07)  20 (0.047) (0.046) (0.07)  20 (0.046) (0.07)  20 (0.047) (0.046) (0.07)  20 (0.046) (0.07)  20 (0.047) (0.046) (0.07)  20 (0.047) (0.046) (0.07)  20 (0.047) (0.046) (0.047)  20 (0.047) (0.047) (0.046) (0.047)  20 (0.047) (0.047) (0.047) (0.047)  20 (0.047) (0.047) (0.047) (0.047)  20 (0.047) (0.047) (0.047) (0.047)  20 (0.047) (0.047) (0.047) (0.047)  20 (0.047) (0.047) (0.047) (0.047) (0.047)  20 (0.047) (0.047) (0.047) (0.047) (0.047) (0.047) (0.047)  20 (0.047) (0.			(29.210)	(959.501)	(77.475)	(2.069.308)
Adjustments for Undistributed Profits of Investments Accounted for Union Equity Method  22 (2014b) (2017c) (1015c) (10						( /
Adjistments for Tax (Incomo Eppenses   22   20.046)   670.725)   190.145   458.066						
Column   C						
Adjastments for Losses (Gains) on Disposal of Non-Current Assets Adjastments for Losses (Gains) on Disposal of Non-Current Assets Adjastments for Losses (Gains) on Disposal of Propuers, Plant and Equipment 25 5.356 Adjastments for Reconcilation of Profit Class) Cherk Adjastments for Decrease (Losses) in Tude Receivables from Related Forties 24 (24.98) Decrease (Increase) in Tude Receivables from Related Forties Decrease (Increase) in Tude Receivables from Related Forties Decrease (Increase) in Tude Receivables from Related Parties Decrease (Increase) in Tude Receivables from Related Parties Decrease (Increase) in Tude Receivables from Related Parties Decrease (Increase) in Tude Receivables from Related Parties Decrease (Increase) in Tude Receivables from Related Parties Decrease (Increase) in Tude Receivables from Tude Parties Decrease (Increase) in Tude Receivables from Tude Parties (6,674) Decrease (Increase) in Conference (Increase) Decrease (Increase) in Other Receivables from Operations from Tude Parties (6,674) Decrease (Increase) in Increase (Increase) in Inventories (6,674) Decrease (Increase) in Conference (Increase) in Inventories (6,674) Decrease (Increase) in Inventories (6,674) Decrease (Increase) in Inventories (7,675) Decrease (Increase) in Inventories (7,675) Decrease (Increase) in Tude Parties Decrease (Increase) in Inventories (7,675) Decrease (Increase) in Inventories (7,675) Decrease (Increase) in Inventories Related from Operations (7,675) Decrease (Increase) in Other Pepalses Related from Operations (7,675) Decrease (Increase) in Other Pepalses Related from Operations (7,675) Decrease (Increase) in Other Pepalses Related from Operations (7,675) Decrease (Increase) in Other Pepalses Related from Operations (7,675) Decrease (Increase) in Other Pepalses Related from Operations (7,675) Decrease (Increase) in Other Pepalses Related from Operations (7,675) Decrease (Increase) in Other Pepalses Related from Operations (7,675) Decrease (Increase) in Other Pepalses Related from Operations (7,675) D						
Change in Working Capital   183.702   185.005   185.00						
Compact in Working Capital		29				
Adjustments for Decrease (Increase) in Trade Receivables on Electronal for the Internation   (24.439)   (1.497.200)   (3.55.221)   (1.797.200)   (3.55.221)   (1.797.200)   (3.55.221)   (1.797.200)   (3.55.221)   (1.797.200)   (3.55.221)   (1.797.200)   (3.55.221)   (1.797.200)   (3.55.221)   (1.797.200)   (3.55.221)   (1.797.200)   (3.55.2						
Decrease (Increase) in Trade Receivables from Include Parties						
Agistments for Decrease (Increase) in Other Receivables Related from Operations   (94) (35.06) (85.0) (25.19)	Decrease (Increase) in Trade Receivables from Related Parties					
Decrease (Increase) in Other Receivables from Operations from Third Parties						
Decrease (Increase) in Derivative Financial Instruments						
Decrease (Increases in Inventories   53.319   1.881.110   116.155   3.419.394						, ,
Adjustments for increase (Decrease) in Trade Payables of Relief Derivations   15.097   1347.338   194.957   15.789.556				1.881.110	116.155	
Increase (Decrease) in Trade Pawahle to Related Parties   13.661   482.832   4.616   136.132     Increase (Decrease) in Trade Pawahle to Related Parties   4.4165   14.645.06   190.341   5.613.404     Adjustments for Increase (Decrease) in Other Pawahless Related from Operations   670.26   2.368.954   25.531   752.942     Increase (Decrease) in Derivative Liabilities   2.045   72.278   32.844   996.497     Increase (Decrease) in Derivative Liabilities   8.6413   3.048.181   374.059   (11.010.906)     Decrease (Increase) in Other Pawahles to Third Parties Related from Operations   94.070   3.318.809   385.204   (11.377.786)     Increase (Decrease) in Other Pawahles Related from Operations   94.070   3.318.809   385.204   (11.377.786)     Increase (Decrease) in Other Pawahles Related from Operations   94.070   3.318.809   385.204   (11.377.786)     Increase (Decrease) in Other Pawahles Related from Operations   94.070   3.318.809   385.204   (11.377.786)     Increase (Decrease) in Other Pawahles Related from Operations   94.070   3.318.809   385.204   (11.377.786)     Increase (Decrease) in Other Pawahles Related from Operations   94.070   3.318.809   385.204   (11.377.786)     Increase (Decrease) in Other Pawahles Related from Operations   94.070   3.318.809   385.209   (13.505.800)     Increase (Decrease) in Other Pawahles Related from Operations   94.070   3.318.809   3.066.842   (13.905.800)     Increase (Decrease) in Other Pawahles Related from Operations   94.070   3.318.809   (13.056.800)   (13.056.800)     Increase (Decrease) in Other Pawahles Related from Operations   94.070   (13.000)   (13.0						
Increase (Decrease) in Trade Pawable to Third Parties						
Adastments for Increase (Decrease) in Other Payables Related from Operations   670.26   2368.954   25.511   75.2942     Increase (Decrease) in Derivative Liabilities   2045   72.278   32.874   999.497     Adjustments for Other Increase (Decrease) in Derivative Liabilities   24.070   3.318.800   380.818   376.959     Adjustments for Other Increase (Decrease) in Working Capital   49.070   3.318.800   380.818   374.059   11.010.0590     Decrease (Increase) in Other Asserts Related from Operations   94.070   3.318.800   380.204   11.717.760     Anterese (Decrease) in Other Payables Related from Operations   94.070   3.318.800   380.204   11.717.760     Anterese (Decrease) in Other Payables Related from Operations   94.070   3.318.800   30.205   12.235   360.826     Dayments Related to Divisions for Employee Temination Benefits   20   (8.419   0.275.980   100.650   0.28478)     Payments Related to Divisions for Employee Temination Benefits   20   (8.419   0.275.980   107.650   0.291.880     Decrease (Increase) (Index Payables Related Related Payables Related Payables Related Payables Related Related Payables Relat						
Increase (Decrease) in Other Parables to Third Parties Related from Operations   2.2065   2.2086, 954   2.53.31   752.942     Increase (Decrease) in Working Capital   8.6413   3.048.181   3.048.18						
Majustments for Other Increase (Decrease) in Working Capital   \$8.413   \$3.4818   \$3.4059   \$1.1010.959   \$1.0010.950   \$1.001	Increase (Decrease) in Other Payables to Third Parties Related from Operations					
Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets Related from Operations						
Increase (Decenses) in Other Provided No Cast Born Provided No Decreating Activities   796.16   26.54.004   63.55.004   63.5					, ,	
Payments Related to Provisions for Employee Temination Benefits						
Payments Related to Provisions for Employee Termination Benefits   19   (50.283)   (1.648.262)   (28.193)   (668.425)						
Income Taxes Refund (Paid)   439,898   (107,615)   2.24.180     Other Cash Inflows (Outflows)   224.300   7.096.846   71.500   1.531.861     CASH FLOWINS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES   1.079.361   1.059.07.8255   1.14.65.11   1.27.330.1649     Cash Inflows Arising From Purchase of Third Parties' Debt Instruments or Funds   94.712   3.104.6688   5.379   122.290     Cash Inflows Arising From Purchase of Third Parties' Debt Instruments or Funds   1.004.054   3.332.076   (38.532.04   10.079.056     Cash Inflow from Sales of Property, Plant, Equipment and Intangible Assets   0.011   0.29.854   16.895   400.563     Cash Outflow from Purchase of Property, Plant, Equipment and Intangible Assets   1.070.239   3.508.667)   0.971.104   22.166.840     Cash Outflow from Purchase of Property, Plant, Equipment and Intangible Assets   1.070.239   3.508.667)   0.971.104   22.166.840     Cash Outflow from Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment   1.070.239   3.508.667)   0.971.104   22.166.840     Cash Outflow from Purchase of Intangible Assets   1.070.239   3.30.200   0.793   0.18.001     Cash Outflow from Purchase of Intangible Assets   1.070.239   3.30.200   0.793   0.18.001     Cash Outflow from Purchase of Intangible Assets   1.070.239   0.18.001     Cash Outflow from Purchase of Intangible Assets   1.070.239   0.18.001     Cash Outflow from Purchase of Intangible Assets   1.070.239   0.18.001     Cash Outflow from Purchase of Intangible Assets   1.070.239   0.18.001     Cash Outflow from Purchase of Intangible Assets   1.070.239   0.18.001     Other Cash Advances to Related Parties   1.070.239   0.18.001     Other Cash Advances to Related Parties   1.070.239   0.18.001     Other Cash Advances to Related Parties   1.070.239   0.18.001     Other Cash Advances to Related Parties   1.070.239   0.18.001     Other Cash Advances to Related Parties   1.070.239   0.18.001     Other Cash Advances to Related Parties   1.070.239   0.18.001     Other Cash Outflows From Advances and Other Equity Instruments of the Entity   2.18.000.000		19	(50.283)	(1.648.262)	(28.193)	
Cash Inflows (Outflows)	Payments Related to Other Provisions		(8.419)	(275.989)	(10.536)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES   1.070.3611   (35.007.825)   (1.146.511   C7.330.164)   C3.50.1608   C3.510   C3.510.1608   C3.510   C3.510.1608   C3.510   C3.510.1608   C3.510   C3.510.1608   C3.510   C3.510.1608   C3.510   C3.510.1608   C3.510   C3.510.1608   C3.510   C3.510.1608   C3.510   C3.510.1608   C3.510.1		32				
Cash Inflows Arising From Purchase of Third Parties' Debt Instruments or Funds						
Cash Outflows Anising From Purchase of Third Parties' Debt Instruments or Funds						
Cash Inflow from Sakes of Property, Plant and Equipment         (911)         (29.854)         16.895         400.563           Cash Dutflow from Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets         (1070.239)         (35.082.667)         (977.104)         (23.165.641)           Cash Outflow from Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment         14         (1.009.207)         (35.048.847)         (976.311)         (23.146.840)           Cash Outflow from Purchase of Investment Property         15         (1.032)         (33.820)         (793)         (18.801)           Cash Outflow from Purchase of Investment Property         15         (1.032)         (33.820)         (793)         (18.801)           Cash Advances of Related Parties         15         (1.032)         (43.788)         (14.548)         (34.75.287)           Other Cash Advances to Related Parties         1.199         5.999         2.951         (11.559)           Other Cash Advances of Related Parties         2.188         (64.948)         (44.779)         (44.95)         (4.95.789)         (12.589)           Other Cash Inflow Courtlows         2.24.66         802.00         2.2.14         84.945           Cash Inflow Courtlows         2.24.68         802.00         2.2.14         84.945           Cash Dufflows Related to Acquisition of Own Sh			(104.054)			
Cash Outflow from Purchase of Property, Plant, Equipment and Intangible Assets         (1.070.239)         (35.088.267)         (977.104)         (23.165.641)           Cash Outflow from Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment         14         (1.069.207)         (35.048.847)         (976.311)         (23.146.864)           Cash Outflow from Purchase of Intensing Leads assets         15         (1.032)         (33.820)         (793)         (1.801)           Cash Advances         (1.041)         (34.125)         (1.278)         (302.007)           Cash Advances to Related Parties         (1.199)         5.999         2.951         (11.559)           Other Cash Advances to Related Parties         (1.1493)         (44.1779)         (14.9535)         (3.465.287)           Other Cash Advances         (1.1493)         (44.1779)         (1.95.35)         (3.467.287)           Other Cash Inflow Guttlows         24.466         802.009         2.1314         84.845           Other Cash Inflow (Outflows)         24.466         802.009         2.1314         84.845           Cash Outflow from Princhase of the Entity         24.213.88         (674.518)         (26.795)         (524.272)           Cash Untflow from Borrowines         7         2.092.548         68.411.028         8.850.892         43.879.170	Cash Inflow from Sales of Property, Plant, Equipment and Intangible Assets					
Cash Outflow from Purchase of Property. Plant and Equipment   14		14/15/29				
Cash Outflow from Purchase of Intangible Assets   15   (1.032)   (33.820)   (793)   (18.801)   (21.738)   (302.007)   (21.748)   (302.007)   (21.748)   (302.007)   (21.748)   (302.007)   (21.748)   (302.007)   (21.748)   (302.007)   (21.748)   (302.007)   (21.748)   (302.007)   (21.748)   (302.007)   (21.748)   (302.007)   (31.748)   (31.758)   (31.748)   (31.758)   (31.748)   (31.758)   (31.748)   (31.758)   (31.748)   (31.758)   (31.748)   (31.758)   (31.748)   (31.748)   (31.758)   (31.748)   (31		14				
Cash Advances   13,294   (435,780)   (146,584)   (3,475,287)   Other Cash Advances to Related Parties   1,199   5,999   2,951   (11,559)   Other Cash Advances   (14,493)   (441,779)   (149,535)   (3,463,728)   (14,493)   (144,779)   (149,535)   (3,463,728)   (14,493)   (144,779)   (149,535)   (3,463,728)   (14,493)   (14,4779)   (149,535)   (3,463,728)   (12,584)   (12,	Cash Outflow from Purchase of Intangible Assets	15				
Other Cash Advances to Related Parties         1.199         5.999         2.951         (1.1559)           Other Cash Advances         (14.493)         (441.779)         (149.535)         (3.463.728)           Dividends Received         2-         -         4.899         112.769           Other Cash Inflow (Outflows)         24.466         802.009         21.314         84.845           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         864.455         28.376.935         628.768         15.009.427           Cash Outflows from Inflow from Financing of Own Shares and Other Equity Instruments of the Entity         21.388)         (674.518)         (26.795)         (524.272)           Cash Outflows from Acquisition of Own Shares of the Entity         24         (21.388)         (674.518)         (26.795)         (524.272)           Cash Inflow from Brownings         3.042.548         99.735.343         1.850.892         43.879.170           Cash Inflow from Loans         7         2.092.548         68.411.628         1.850.892         43.879.170           Cash Outflow from Repayments of Borrowings         1.1986.438)         (65.115.807)         (1.105.496)         (26.209.649)           Cash Outflow from Loan Repayments         7         (1.986.438)         (65.115.807)         (1.105.496)         (26.209.649)		13				
Other Cash Advances         (14.493)         (441.779)         (149.535)         (3.463.728)           Dividends Received Other Cash Inflow (Outflows)         24.466         802.009         21.314         84.899         112.769           Other Cash Inflow (Outflows)         24.466         802.009         21.314         84.845           Cash Inflow From FrANCING ACTIVITIES         864.455         28.376.935         628.768         15.009.427           Cash Outflows From Acquisition of Own Shares and Other Equity Instruments of the Entity         24         (21.388)         (674.518)         (26.795)         (524.272)           Cash Outflows from Acquisition of Own Shares of the Entity         24         (21.388)         (674.518)         (26.795)         (524.272)           Cash Inflow from Borrowines         7         2.092.548         49.735.343         1.850.892         43.879.170           Cash Inflow from Loans         7         9.50.000         31.323.715						
Cash Inflow (Outflows)				(441.779)	(149.535)	(3.463.728)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			24.466	902.000		
Cash Outflows Related to Acquisition of Own Shares and Other Equity Instruments of the Entity   24 (21.388) (674.518) (26.795) (524.272)   Cash Inflow from Acquisition of Own Shares of the Entity   24 (21.388) (674.518) (26.795) (524.272)   Cash Inflow from Macquisition of Own Shares of the Entity   3.042.548 (99.735.343 1.850.892 43.879.170   Cash Inflow from Loans   7 (2.092.548 68.411.628 1.850.892 43.879.170   Cash Inflow from Loans   7 (950.000 31.323.715						
Cash Outflows from Acquisition of Own Shares of the Entity						
Cash Inflow from Loans         7         2.092.548         68.411.628         1.850.892         43.879.170           Cash Inflow from Loans         7         950.000         31.323.715             Cash Outflow from Reparaments of Borrowings         (1.986.438)         (65.115.807)         (1.105.496)         (26.209.649)           Cash Outflow from Loan Reparaments         7         (1.986.438)         (65.115.807)         (1.106.609)         (24.209.649)           Cash Outflow from Dean Reparaments of Issued Debt Instruments         7         (6.830)         (223.884)         (3.576)         (84.789)           Cash Outflow from Debt Payments for Leasing Contracts         7         (6.830)         (223.884)         (3.576)         (84.789)           Dividends Paid Interest Paid Interest Paid Interest Received         7         (252.461)         (8.275.722)         (177.287)         (4.200.514)           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEFORE EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES         741.698         24.626.811         40.003         747.402           Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents         5.649         6.512.678         (3.4348)         8.132.559           Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         747.347         31.139.489         5.655         8.879.961 <td>Cash Outflows from Acquisition of Own Shares of the Entity</td> <td>24</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cash Outflows from Acquisition of Own Shares of the Entity	24				
Cash Inflow from Issued Debt Instruments   7   950,000   31,323,715   1,086,438   (65,115,807)   (1,105,496)   (26,209,649)   (26,209,649)   (1,986,438)   (65,115,807)   (1,016,609)   (24,209,649)   (26,209,649)	Cash Inflow from Borrowings	7				
Cash Outflow from Repayments of Borrowings         (1.986.438)         (65.115.807)         (1.105.496)         (26.209.649)           Cash Outflow from Loan Repayments         7         (1.986.438)         (65.115.807)         (1.016.690)         (24.209.649)           Cash Outflow from Loan Repayments of Issued Debt Instruments         7         (6.830)         (223.884)         (3.576)         (84.789)           Dividends Paid         (54.159)         (1.754.519)         -         -           Dividends Paid         7         (252.461)         (8.275.722)         (177.287)         (4.200.514)           Interest Paid         1         (3.218.81)         (4.800.514)         (4.200.514					1.030.092	43.879.170
Cash Outflows from Repayments of Issued Debt Instruments   7			(1.986.438)	(65.115.807)		(26.209.649)
Cash Outflow from Debt Payments for Leasing Contracts         7         (6.830)         (223.884)         (3.576)         (84.789)           Dividends Paid Interest Paid Interest Received         7         (252.461)         (8.275.722)         (177.287)         (4.200.514)           Interest Received         143.183         4.686.042         91.030         2.149.481           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEFORE EFFECT OF EXCHANGERATE CHANGES         741.698         24.626.811         40.003         747.402           Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents         5.649         6.512.678         (34.348)         8.132.559           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         747.347         31.139.489         5.655         8.879.961           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD         4         816.975         24.050.259         811.320         15.170.298	Cash Outflow from Loan Repayments		(1.986.438)	(65.115.807)		
Dividends Paid   (54,159)   (1,754,519)			(6.830)	(223.884)		
143.183   4.686.042   91.030   2.149.481     NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEFORE EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES   741.698   24.626.811   40.003   747.402     Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents   5.649   6.512.678   (34.348)   8.132.559     NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS   747.347   31.139.489   5.655   8.879.961     CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD   4   816.975   24.050.259   811.320   15.170.298		•			_	-
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEFORE EFFECT OF EXCHANGES         741.698         24.626.811         40.003         747.402           Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents         5.649         6.512.678         (34.348)         8.132.559           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         747.347         31.139.489         5.655         8.879.961           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD         4         816.975         24.050.259         811.320         15.170.298		7				
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents         5.649         6.512.678         (34.348)         8.132.559           NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         747.347         31.139.489         5.655         8.879.961           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD         4         816.975         24.050.259         811.320         15.170.298	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEFORE EFFECT OF					
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         747.347         31.139.489         5.655         8.879.961           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD         4         816.975         24.050.259         811.320         15.170.298			5 6/10			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD 4 816.975 24.050.259 811.320 15.170.298					()	
		4				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD 4 1:304:324 55:105:746 810.975 24:050.259	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	4	1.564.322	55.189.748	816.975	24.050.259

- As of 31 December 2024, the Group's total amount of time deposit interest accrual is TRY 70.245 thousand (USD 1.991 thousand) (31 December 2023: TRY 22.708 thousand (USD 771 thousand)).
- Currency protected time deposits with maturities of more than 3 months in financial investments in the consolidated statement of cash flow are reported in "Other Cash Inflows (Outflows)" under Cash Flows from Investing Activities.
- As of the reporting date, insurance compensation income of TRY 8.522.852 thousand (USD 260.000 thousand) (31 December 2023: TRY 2.370.850 thousand (USD 100.000 thousand)) has been reported under "Other Adjustments from Non-Cash Items" in the consolidated cash flow statements, while insurance compensations received in cash amounting to TRY 7.096.846 thousand (USD 224.300 thousand) have been reported under "Other Cash Inflows (Outflows)" in the consolidated cash flow statements.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 1 – GROUP'S ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Erdemir Group ("Group"), is composed of Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş. ("Erdemir" or "the Company"), and its subsidiaries which it owns the majority of their shares or has a significant influence on their management structure.

The main parent and ultimate controlling party of the Group are ATAER Holding A.Ş. and Ordu Yardımlaşma Kurumu, respectively.

Ordu Yardımlaşma Kurumu ("OYAK") was incorporated on 1 March 1961 under the Act No. 205 as a private entity under its own law subject to Turkish civil and commercial codes and autonomous in financial and administrative matters. OYAK, being an "aid and retirement fund" for Turkish Armed Forces' members, provides various services and benefits within the framework of social security concept anticipated by Turkish Constitution. OYAK has direct and indirect subsidiaries in industry, finance and service sectors. The detailed information about OYAK can be found on its official website (www.oyak.com.tr).

Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş. was incorporated in Türkiye as a joint stock company in 1960. The principal activities of the Company are production of iron and steel rolled products, alloyed and non-alloyed iron, cast and pressed steel, coke and their by-products.

The Company's shares have been traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange since the establishment of the Istanbul Stock Exchange (year 1986).

The main operations of the companies included in the consolidation and the share percentage of the Group for these companies are as follows:

			2024	2023
			Effective	Effective
	Country of	•	Share	Share
Name of the Company	Operation	Operation	Rate %	Rate %
İskenderun Demir ve Çelik A.Ş.	Türkiye	Integrated Steel Production	94,87	94,87
Erdemir Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	Türkiye	Iron Ore and Pellet	90	90
Erdemir Çelik Servis Merkezi San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	Türkiye	Steel Service Center	100	100
Erdemir Mühendislik Yön. ve Dan. Hiz. A.Ş.	Türkiye	Management and Consultancy	100	100
Erdemir Romania S.R.L.	Romania	Electrical Steel Production	100	100
Erdemir Asia Pacific Private Limited	Singapore	Trading	100	100
Erdemir Enerji Üretim A.Ş.	Türkiye	Renewable Energy Production	100	100
İsdemir Linde Gaz Ortaklığı A.Ş.	Türkiye	Industrial Gas Production and Sales	47	47
Kümaş Manyezit Sanayi A.Ş.	Türkiye	Magnesite Ore, Refractor	100	100
Yenilikçi Yapı Malz. ve Üretim San. Tic. A.Ş.	Türkiye	Recycling, Special Purpose Entity	100	100

The joint venture of the Group, İsdemir Linde Gaz Ortaklığı A.Ş., is accounted for using the equity method in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The registered address of the Company is Barbaros Mahallesi Ardıç Sokak No:6 Ataşehir / İstanbul.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 1 – GROUP'S ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (cont'd)

The number of the personnel employed by the Group as of reporting date are as follows:

	Paid Hourly Personnel	Paid Monthly Personnel	31 December 2024 Personnel
Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fab. T.A.Ş.	3.516	1.758	5.274
İskenderun Demir ve Çelik A.Ş.	3.711	1.437	5.148
Erdemir Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	178	169	347
Erdemir Çelik Servis Merkezi San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	240	74	314
Erdemir Mühendislik Yön. ve Dan. Hiz. A.Ş.	-	325	325
Erdemir Romania S.R.L.	194	41	235
Erdemir Asia Pacific Private Limited	-	1	1
Kümaş Manyezit Sanayi A.Ş.	553	146	699
Yenilikçi Yapı Malzemeleri ve Üretim San. Tic. A.Ş.	15	3	18
Erdemir Enerji Üretim A.Ş.		5	5
	8.407	3.959	12.366
	Paid Hourly	Paid Monthly	31 December 2023
	Personnel	Personnel	Personnel
Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fab. T.A.Ş.	4.232	1.820	6.052
İskenderun Demir ve Çelik A.Ş.	3.069	1.463	4.532
Erdemir Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	184	168	352
Erdemir Çelik Servis Merkezi San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	234	79	313
Erdemir Mühendislik Yön. ve Dan. Hiz. A.Ş.	-	305	305
Erdemir Romania S.R.L.	208	42	250
Erdemir Asia Pacific Private Limited	-	1	1
Kümaş Manyezit Sanayi A.Ş.	522	141	663
Yenilikçi Yapı Malzemeleri ve Üretim San. Tic. A.Ş.	11	3	14
Erdemir Enerji Üretim A.Ş.		5	5

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8.460

4.027

12.487

#### 2.1 Basis of Presentation

The Group's subsidiaries incorporated in Türkiye maintain their legal books of account and prepare their statutory financial statements in accordance with accounting principles issued by the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") and tax legislation.

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of Capital Markets Board ("CMB") Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1 "Basis of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets", which was published in the Official Gazette No:28676 on 13 June 2013. The accompanying financial statements are prepared based on the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and interpretations ("TFRS") that have been put into effect by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") under Article 5 of the Communiqué.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.1 Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

In addition, the consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with "Announcement regarding with TFRS Taxonomy" which was published on 3 July 2024 by POA and the format and mandatory information recommended by CMB.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of historical cost, with the exception of derivative financial instruments carried at fair value. In determining the historical cost, generally the fair value of the amount paid for the assets is taken as basis.

## Functional and reporting presentation currency

Although the currency of the country in which is the Company is domiciled is Turkish Lira (TRY), the Company's functional currency is determined as US Dollar. US Dollar is used to a significant extent in, and has a significant impact on the operations of the Company and reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to the Company. Therefore, the Company uses the US Dollar in measuring items in its financial statements and as the functional currency.

The financial statements of each entity of the Group are presented in the currency (functional currency) valid in the basic economic environment in which they operate. The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries' İskenderun Demir ve Çelik A.Ş. "İsdemir" and Erdemir Çelik Servis Merkezi San. ve Tic. A.Ş "Ersem" and Kümaş Manyezit Sanayi A.Ş. "Kümaş" are US Dollar while the functional currency of Erdemir Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş. "Ermaden" and Erdemir Mühendislik Yönetim ve Danışmanlık Hizmetleri A.Ş., Erdemir Enerji Üretim A.Ş. and Yenilikçi Yapı Malzemeleri ve Üretim San. Tic. A.Ş. are Turkish Lira.

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in Turkish Lira (TRY) in accordance with the requirements of Capital Markets Board ("CMB") Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1 "Basis of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets", which was published in the Official Gazette No:28676 on 13 June 2013.

Functional currency for the foreign subsidiaries

The functional currency of the foreign subsidiaries Erdemir Asia Pacific Private Limited "EAPPL" is US Dollar; Erdemir Romania S.R.L is EURO.

Functional currency of the joint venture

The functional currency of the Group's joint venture İsdemir Linde Gaz Ortaklığı A.Ş. is US Dollars.

### Adjustment of financial statements during periods of hyper inflation

The Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") made a statement regarding the scope and application of TAS 29 on 23 November 2023. It has been stated that the financial statements of businesses applying Turkish Financial Reporting Standards for the annual reporting period ending on or after 31 December 2023 should be presented by adjusting for the effect of inflation in accordance with the relevant accounting principles in TAS 29.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.1 Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

Adjustment of financial statements during periods of hyper inflation (cont'd)

In accordance with CMB's decision dated 28 December 2023 and numbered 81/1820, issuers and capital market institutions subject to financial reporting regulations applying Turkish Accounting/Financial Reporting Standards, starting from the annual financial reports for the accounting period ending as of 31 December 2024, has been decided to apply inflation accounting by applying articles of TAS 29.

TAS 29 applies to the financial statements of any entity whose functional currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy, including consolidated financial statements. If hyperinflation exists in an economy, TAS 29 requires that the financial statements of an entity whose functional currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy be expressed in the measurement unit valid at the end of the reporting period.

The company and its subsidiaries, İskenderun Demir ve Çelik A.Ş., Erdemir Çelik Servis Merkezi San. ve Tic. A.Ş. and Kümaş Manyezit Sanayi A.Ş., operating in Türkiye and whose functional currency is the US Dollar, do not need to make any adjustments within the scope of TAS 29 since their functional currencies are US Dollars in their financial statements to be prepared in accordance with TFRS.

Accordingly, inflation adjustments were made in accordance with TAS 29 in the financial statements of Erdemir Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş., Erdemir Mühendislik Yönetim ve Danışmanlık Hizmetleri A.Ş., Erdemir Enerji Üretim A.Ş. and Yenilikçi Yapı Malzemeleri ve Üretim San. Tic. A.Ş., which were subject to consolidation and whose functional currency is Turkish Lira.

All non-monetary assets and liabilities and profit or loss statements of subsidiaries whose functional currency of the Group is Turkish Lira have been adjusted using the Consumer Price Index. As a result of the correction made according to the inflation effect; The effect of TAS 29 indexation until 1 January 2023 is accounted under equity, and the effect of TAS 29 indexation from 1 January 2023 is accounted for in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Since the Company's functional currency is a non-inflationary currency; no adjustments made within the scope of inflation accounting for the amounts for the comparative periods presented in the attached consolidated financial statements in accordance with TAS 29.

## Translation to presentation currency

In accordance with the Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority's ("POA") announcement "On the Next Measurement of Foreign Currency Monetary Items According to Turkish Accounting Standards" dated 15 March 2021, the Group carried out a valuation for the assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements based on the current buying and selling rates effective as of the end of the reporting period, and translated them into the presentation currency at the same exchange rates.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.2 Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

## <u>Translation to presentation currency (cont'd)</u>

Presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements is Turkish Lira. According to TMS 21 ("The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates") financial statements, that are prepared in US Dollars for the Company, İsdemir, Ersem, Kümaş and EAPPL; in EURO for Erdemir Romania, have been translated in Turkish Lira as the with following method:

- a) The assets in the consolidated statement of financial position as of 31 December 2024, has been translated into TRY using the foreign exchange buying rates effective as of 31 December 2024 announced by the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye, TRY 35,2803 = US \$ 1 and TRY 36,7362 = EUR 1 and the liabilities has been translated into TRY using the foreign exchange selling rates effective as of 31 December 2024, which is also announced by the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye, TRY 35,3438 = US \$ 1 and TRY 36,8024 = EUR 1 (31 December 2023: for asset balances: TRY 29,4382 = US \$ 1, TRY 32,5739 = EUR 1, for liability balances: TRY 29,4913 = US \$ 1, TRY 32,6326 = EUR 1).
- b) For the year ended 31 December 2024, consolidated statements of profit or loss are translated from for twelve month period of year 2024 January to December average TRY 32,7802 = US \$ 1 and TRY 35,4737 = EUR 1 (31 December 2023: TRY 23,7085 = US \$ 1 TRY 25,6260 = 1 EUR).
- c) Retained earnings and foreign currency translation reported under other comprehensive income (loss) to be reclassified subsequently to be profit or loss are carried in US Dollar in the consolidated financial statements after being translated into US Dollar at the historical currency rates as per TAS 21, in the statement of consolidated financial position as of 31 December 2024 are presented by being translated at the TRY 35,3438 = US \$ 1 rate, which is the effective foreign currency selling rate as of 31 December 2024 as announced by the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye (31 December 2023: TRY 29,4913 = US \$ 1).
- d) Exchange differences arising from translation to TRY presentation currency are shown in other comprehensive income as of foreign currency translation reserve.
- e) Share capital and restricted legal reserves are presented in the accompanying financial statements at their values in the statutory records and other equity items at their historical cost values. The differences between the values arising from translation of the historical values of these items into the presentation currency and their carrying values from statutory records are recognized as foreign currency translation differences in the statement of other comprehensive income.

#### USD amounts presented in the financial statements

The figures in USD amounts presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements comprising the statements of financial position as of 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2024 represent the consolidated financial statements within the frame of functional currency change that the Company has made, which is effective as of 1 July 2013, prepared in accordance with the TAS 21- Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates.

## Going concern

The Group prepared its consolidated financial statements in accordance with the going concern assumption.

### Approval of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been approved and authorized to be published on 12 February 2025 by the Board of Directors. The General Assembly has the authority to revise the financial statements.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.2 Restatement and Errors In The Accounting Policies and Estimates

Any change in the accounting policies resulted from the first time adoption of a new standards, if any, is made either retrospectively or prospectively. Changes without any transition requirement, material changes in accounting policies or material errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the prior period consolidated financial statements. If changes in accounting estimates are related to only one period, they are recognized in the period applied; if changes in estimates are related to future periods, they are recognized both in the period where the change is applied and future periods prospectively.

## 2.3 Consolidation Principles

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the parent company, Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş., and its subsidiaries on the basis set out in sections below. The financial statements of the companies included in the consolidation have been prepared as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and are based on the statutory records with adjustments and reclassifications for the purpose of presentation in conformity TAS/TFRS promulgated by the POA as set out in the communiqué numbered II-14.1, and Group accounting and disclosure policies.

Subsidiaries are the Companies controlled by Erdemir when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Subsidiaries are included in the scope of consolidation from the date on which control over their activities is transferred to the Group, and are excluded from the scope of consolidation on the date when control disappears.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company;

(i) has power over the investee, (ii) is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; (iii) has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

The statement of financial position and statements profit or loss of the subsidiaries are consolidated on a line-by-line basis and the carrying value of the investment held by Erdemir and its subsidiaries is eliminated against the related shareholders' equity. Intercompany transactions and balances between Erdemir and its subsidiaries are eliminated on consolidation.

The carrying value of, and the dividends arising from, shares held by the Company in its subsidiaries are eliminated from shareholders' equity and income for the year, respectively.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.3 Consolidation Principles (cont'd)

The table below sets out all subsidiaries included in the scope of consolidation and discloses their direct and indirect ownership, which are identical to their economic interests, (%) and their functional currencies as of reporting date.

	31	December 20	024	31 December 2023			
	Functional Currency	Ownership Interest	Effective Shareholding	Functional Currency	Ownership Interest	Effective Shareholding	
İsdemir	US Dollars	94,87	94,87	US Dollars	94,87	94,87	
Ersem	<b>US</b> Dollars	100	100	<b>US</b> Dollars	100	100	
Ermaden	Turkish Lira	90	90	Turkish Lira	90	90	
Erdemir Mühendislik	Turkish Lira	100	100	Turkish Lira	100	100	
Erdemir Romania S.R.L.	Euro	100	100	Euro	100	100	
Erdemir Asia Pasific	<b>US</b> Dollars	100	100	<b>US</b> Dollars	100	100	
Erdemir Enerji	Turkish Lira	100	100	Turkish Lira	100	100	
İsdemir Linde Gaz	<b>US</b> Dollars	50	47	<b>US</b> Dollars	50	47	
Kümaş Manyezit	<b>US</b> Dollars	100	100	<b>US</b> Dollars	100	100	
Yenilikçi	Turkish Lira	100	100	Turkish Lira	100	100	

## 2.4 Comparative Information and Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements with Prior Periods

The Group's consolidated financial statements are prepared in comparison with the previous period in order to allow for the determination of the financial position and performance trends in accordance with a new illustrative financial statement. Comparative information is reclassified when necessary and important differences are explained in order to ensure compliance with the presentation of the current period consolidated financial statements.

As of the reporting period, the reclassifications made in the comparative prior period consolidated profit or loss statements are as follows:

	(Previously		
	Reported)	(Restated)	(Change)
	1 January -	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2023	31 December 2023	31 December 2023
Cost of Sales	(133.658.002)	(132.242.934)	1.415.068
Monetary Gain/(Loss)	692.164	(722.904)	(1.415.068)

The inflation adjustment effect arising from differences during the elimination phase of intra-group transactions, amounting to TRY 1.415.068 thousand, reported under "Monetary Gain/(Loss)" in the consolidated profit or loss statement for the year ended 31 December 2023, has been reclassified to the "Cost of Sales" account as of the reporting date.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 2.4 Comparative Information and Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements with Prior Periods (cont'd)

As of the reporting period, the reclassifications made in the comparative prior period consolidated financial statements are as follows:

	(Previously		
	Reported)	(Restated)	(Change)
	31 December 2023	31 December 2023	31 December 2023
Other Comprehensive Income (Expenses) Not to be	70.640.301	92.062.009	12 222 607
Reclassified to Profit (Loss)	/0.040.301	82.963.998	12.323.697
Increase (Decrease) in Revaluation Reserve of Tangible	373.251	-	(373.251)
Foreign Currency Translation Reserves	70.267.050	82.963.998	12.696.948
Other Comprehensive Income (Expenses) to be	4 242 700	(9.416.227)	(12 (50 027)
Reclassified to Profit (Loss)	4.243.700	(8.416.227)	(12.659.927)
Foreign Currency Translation Reserves	4.243.700	(8.416.227)	(12.659.927)
Retained Earnings	97.371.813	97.708.043	336.230
	(Previously		
	Reported)	(Restated)	(Change)
	1 January 2023	1 January 2023	1 January 2023
Other Comprehensive Income (Expenses) Not to be	44.850.820	51.929.114	7.078.294
Reclassified to Profit (Loss)	44.030.020	31.929.114	7.076.294
Increase (Decrease) in Revaluation Reserve of Tangible	208.674	-	(208.674)
Foreign Currency Translation Reserves	44.642.146	51.929.114	7.286.968
Other Comprehensive Income (Expenses) to be	2.029.402	(5.239.359)	(7.268.761)
Reclassified to Profit (Loss)	2.029.402	(3.239.339)	(7.206.701)
Foreign Currency Translation Reserves	2.029.402	(5.239.359)	(7.268.761)
Retained Earnings	40.966.648	41.157.115	190.467

As part of the consolidation of the Group's subsidiaries whose functional currency is other than the US Dollar, foreign currency translation differences arising are recorded in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with TMS 21 at historical exchange rates to the US Dollar and presented under "Other Comprehensive Income (Expense) to be Reclassified to Profit (Loss)" within "Foreign Currency Translation Reserves". As of the reporting periods, as stated in Note 2.1, the exchange rates used for the translation of the relevant item in the consolidated statement of financial position into the presentation currency, Turkish Lira, are disclosed.

Within the framework of the above explanations, as a result of the conversion to the presentation currency, a reclassification has been made to the "Foreign Currency Translation Reserves" account within the item "Other Comprehensive Income (Expenses) Not to be Reclassified to Profit (Loss)" in the consolidated statement of financial position for the year ended 31 December 2023, amounting to TRY 12.659.927 thousand, and in the opening consolidated statement of financial position as of 1 January 2023, amounting to TRY 7.268.761 thousand.

The tangible assets of the Group's subsidiaries operating in iron ore and high-silica flat steel production have been accounted for under "Revaluation Reserve of Tangible Assets" in the consolidated financial statements at the date of initial acquisition, based on the differences between their fair values as deemed cost determined at the initial acquisition date and their book values. The amounts of TRY 373.251 thousand in the consolidated statement of financial position for the year ended 31 December 2023, and TRY 208.674 thousand in the opening consolidated statement of financial position as of 1 January 2023, reported under the item "Revaluation Reserve of Tangible Assets" have been reclassified to the "Retained Earnings" account as of the reporting date.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# 2.4 Comparative Information and Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements with Prior Periods (cont'd)

As of the reporting period, the reclassifications made in the comparative prior period consolidated statements of other comprehensive income are as follows:

	(Previously		
	Reported)	(Restated)	(Change)
	31 December	31 December	31 December
Other Comprehensive Income (Expenses) Not to be Reclassified to			
Increase (Decrease) in Revaluation Reserve of Tangible Assets	168.416	-	(168.416)
Foreign Currency Translation Reserves	52.023.347	72.009.332	19.985.985
Other Comprehensive Income (Expenses) to be Reclassified to Profit			
Foreign Currency Translation Reserves	16.640.701	(3.176.868)	(19.817.569)
			-

The mentioned changes do not have any impact on the consolidated financial position statements prepared according to the Group's functional currency, US Dollar. However, they include reclassifications among the equity items of the consolidated financial position statement prepared in accordance with the provisions of TAS 21, which arise during the conversion of the presentation currency to Turkish Lira.

The classifications carried out within the scope of the conversion of the presentation currency to Turkish Lira (TAS 21) have no impact on the Group's total equity.

### 2.5 Significant Judgments and Estimates of the Group on Application of Accounting Policies

The Group, according to TFRS makes estimates and assumptions prospectively while preparing its consolidated financial statements. These accounting estimates are rarely identical to the actual results. The estimates and assumptions that may cause significant adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities in the following reporting periods are listed below.

## 2.5.1 Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The Group calculates depreciation for the property, plant and equipment by taking into account their production amounts on the basis of cash flow unit set by independent valuation firm and useful lives that are stated in Note 2.8.3 and 2.8.4 (Note 14, Note 15).

#### 2.5.2 Deferred tax

The Group recognizes deferred tax on the temporary timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements prepared in accordance with TFRS and statutory financial statements which is used in the computation of taxable profit. The related differences are generally due to the timing difference of the tax base of some income and expense items between statutory and TFRS financial statements.

The Group has deferred tax assets resulting from tax loss carry-forwards and deductible temporary differences, which could reduce taxable income in the future periods. All or partial amounts of the realizable deferred tax assets are estimated in current circumstances. During the evaluation, the expiry dates of future profit projections, financial losses in the current period, unused carried forward financial losses and other tax assets are taken into consideration (Note 32).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.5 Significant Judgments and Estimates of the Group on Application of Accounting Policies (cont'd)

#### 2.5.3 Fair values of derivative financial instruments

The Group evaluates its derivative financial instruments by using the foreign exchange and interest rate estimations and based on the valuation estimates of the market values as of the reporting date (Note 6).

## 2.5.4 Provision for expected credit losses

Provision for expected credit losses reflect the future loss that the Group anticipates to incur from the trade receivables as of the balance sheet date which is subject to collection risk considering the current economic conditions. During the impairment test for the receivables, the debtors are assessed with their prior year performances, their credibility in the current market, their performance after the reporting date up to the issuing date of the financial statements; and also the renegotiation conditions with these debtors are considered. As of reporting date the provision for expected credit losses is presented in Note 8.

## 2.5.5 Provision for impairment of inventories

During the assessment of the provision for impairment of inventories the following are considered; analyzing the inventories physically and historically, considering the employment and usefulness of the inventories respecting to provision for inventories accounting policy of the Company. Sales prices listed and related data by sales prices of realized sales after reporting date, average discount rates given for sale and expected cost incurred to sell are used to determine the net realizable value of the inventories. As a result of these studies, provision is made for inventories whose net realizable value is below the cost value and for slow moving inventories are presented in Note 10.

## 2.5.6 Provisions for employee benefits

The Group makes various actuarial assumptions such as the discount rate, inflation rate, real salary increase rate, and the voluntarily leave the job in the calculation of its liabilities regarding benefits provided to employees. The details related to employee benefits plans are stated in Note 19.

## 2.5.7 Provision for lawsuits

The Group reliably determines the probability of losing the lawsuits and the liabilities that will arise in case of loss, based on the possible cash outflows based on the best estimation of the Management, taking into account the opinions of the Group Legal Directorate and external expert lawyers for ongoing lawsuits. As of reporting date, provision for lawsuits is stated in Note 20.

### 2.5.8 Impairments on assets

The Group, performs impairment tests for assets that are subject to depreciation and amortization in case of being not possible to prevent recovery of the assets at each reporting period. Assets are grouped at the lowest levels which there are separately identifiable cash flows for evaluation of impairment (cash generating units). As a result of the impairment tests performed by the Group, additional impairment is estimated in the accompanying financial statements for the non-financial assets recognized in expenses from investment activities (Note 29). The Group recognized the amount of provisions released in income from investment activities (Note 29).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.5 Significant Judgments and Estimates of the Group on Application of Accounting Policies (cont'd)

### 2.5.9 Impairment on financial assets

The impairment for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected losses rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

#### 2.5.10 Calculation of loss allowance

When measuring ECL the Group uses reasonable and supportable forward looking information, which is based on assumptions for the future movement of different economic drivers and how these drivers will affect each other.

Loss given default is an estimate of the loss arising on default. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, taking into account cash flows from collateral and integral credit enhancements.

Probability of default constitutes a key input in measuring ECL. Probability of default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon, the calculation of which includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.

## 2.6 Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts are reported with their net values in the financial position statement where either there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts or there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## 2.7 Adoption of New and Revised Financial Reporting Standards

The accounting policies adopted in preparation of the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2024 are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new and amended TFRS and TFRS interpretations effective as of 1 January 2024 summarized below.

## a) Amendments that are mandatorily effective from 2024

Amendments to TAS 1 : Classification of Liabilities as Current and Non-Current

Amendments to TFRS 16 : Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

Amendments to TAS 7 and TFRS 7 : Supplier Finance Arrangements

The effects of these standards and interpretations on the Group's consolidated financial statements and performance are explained in the relevant paragraphs.

## Amendments to TAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current and Non-Current Liabilities

In March 2020 and January 2023, POA issued amendments to TAS 1 to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. According to the amendments made in January 2023 if an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to the entity complying with the required covenants at a date subsequent to the reporting period ("future covenants"), the entity has a right to defer settlement of the liability even if it does not comply with those covenants at the end of the reporting period.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.7 Adoption of New and Revised Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd)

a) Amendments that are mandatorily effective from 2024 (cont'd)

### Amendments to TAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current and Non-Current Liabilities (cont'd)

In addition, January 2023 amendments require an entity to provide disclosure when a liability arising from a loan agreement is classified as non-current and the entity's right to defer settlement is contingent on compliance with future covenants within 12 months. This disclosure must include information about the covenants and the related liabilities. The amendments clarify that the requirement for the right to exist at the end of the reporting period applies to covenants which the entity is required to comply with on or before the reporting date regardless of whether the lender tests for compliance at that date or at a later date. The amendments also clarified that the classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. The amendments must be applied retrospectively in accordance with TAS 8.

## Amendments to TFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

In January 2023, POA issued amendments to TFRS 16. The amendments specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction, to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. In applying requirements of TFRS 16 under "Subsequent measurement of the lease liability" heading after the commencement date in a sale and leaseback transaction, the seller lessee determines 'lease payments' or 'revised lease payments' in such a way that the seller-lessee would not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained by the seller-lessee. The amendments do not prescribe specific measurement requirements for lease liabilities arising from a leaseback. The initial measurement of the lease liability arising from a leaseback may result in a seller-lessee determining 'lease payments' that are different from the general definition of lease payments in TFRS 16. The seller-lessee will need to develop and apply an accounting policy that results in information that is relevant and reliable in accordance with TAS 8. A seller-lessee applies the amendments retrospectively in accordance with TAS 8 to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of TFRS 16.

#### Amendments to TAS 7 and TFRS 7 Supplier Finance Arrangements

The amendments issued by POA in September 2023 specify disclosure requirements to enhance the current requirements, which are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. Supplier finance arrangements are characterized by one or more finance providers offering to pay amounts an entity owes its suppliers and the entity agreeing to pay according to the terms and conditions of the arrangements at the same date as, or a date later than, suppliers are paid. The amendments require an entity to provide information about terms and conditions of those arrangements, quantitative information on liabilities related to those arrangements as at the beginning and end of the reporting period and the type and effect of non-cash changes in the carrying amounts of those liabilities. In the context of quantitative liquidity risk disclosures required by TFRS 7, supplier finance arrangements are also included as an example of other factors that might be relevant to disclose.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.7 Adoption of New and Revised Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd)

## a) Amendments that are mandatorily effective from 2024 (cont'd)

The Group Management has evaluated that these amendments and interpretations, effective from 2024, have no impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

### b) New and revised TFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not yet adopted the following standards and amendments and interpretations to the existing standards:

Amendments to TFRS 10 and TAS 28 : Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor

and its Associate or Joint Venture

TFRS 17 :Insurance Contracts
Amendments to TAS 21 :Lack of exchangeability

# Amendments to TFRS 10 and TAS 28: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

In December 2017, POA postponed the effective date of these amendments to TFRS 10 and TAS 28 indefinitely pending the outcome of its research project on the equity method of accounting. Early application of the amendments is still permitted.

## **TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts**

POA issued TFRS 17 in February 2019, a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. TFRS 17 model combines a current balance sheet measurement of insurance contract liabilities with the recognition of profit over the period that services are provided. The mandatory effective date of the Standard postponed to accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026 with the announcement made by the POA.

## Amendments to TAS 21 Lack of Exchangeability

In May 2024, POA issued amendments to TAS 21. The amendments specify how an entity should assess whether a currency is exchangeable and how it should determine a spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking. When an entity estimates a spot exchange rate because a currency is not exchangeable into another currency, it discloses information that enables users of its financial statements to understand how the currency not being exchangeable into the other currency affects, or is expected to affect, the entity's financial performance, financial position and cash flows. The amendments will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025. Early adoption is permitted but will need to be disclosed. When applying the amendments, an entity cannot restate comparative information.

The Group evaluates the effects of these standards, amendments and improvements on the consolidated financial statements.

#### c) The amendments which are effective immediately upon issuance

Amendments to TAS 12 - International Tax Reform - Pillar Two Model Rules

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.7 Adoption of New and Revised Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd)

# d) The new amendments that are issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not issued by Public Oversight Authority (POA)

Amendments to TFRS 9 and TFRS 7 – Classification and measurement of financial instruments Amendments to TFRS 9 and TFRS 7 - Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity TFRS 18 – The new Standard for Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements TFRS 19 – Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures Annual Improvements to TFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11

The Group evaluates the effects of these standards, amendments and improvements on the consolidated financial statements.

## 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied

Accounting policies implemented during preparation of financial statements as follows:

### 2.8.1 Revenue recognition

Group recognizes revenue when the goods or services are transferred to the customer and when performance obligation is fulfilled. Goods are counted to be transferred when the control belongs to the customer. The principal activities of the Company are production of iron and steel rolled products, alloyed and non-alloyed iron, steel and pig iron castings, cast and pressed products and their by-products.

Group recognizes revenue based on the following main principles:

- a) Identification of customer contracts,
- b) Identification of performance obligations,
- c) Determination of transaction price in the contract,
- d) Allocation of price to performance obligations,
- e) Recognition of revenue when the performance obligations are fulfilled.

Group recognized revenue from its customers only when all of the following criteria are met:

- a) The parties to the contract have approved the contract (in writing, orally or in accordance with other customary business practices) and are committed to perform their respective obligations,
- b) Group can identify each party's rights regarding the goods or services to be transferred,
- c) Group can identify the payment terms for the goods or services to be transferred;
- d) The contract has commercial substance,
- e) It is probable that Group will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer. In evaluating whether collectability of an amount of consideration is probable, an entity shall consider only the customer's ability and intention to pay that amount of consideration when it is due.

Interest income is accrued in the relevant period in proportion to the remaining principal balance and the effective interest rate that reduces the estimated cash inflows to be obtained from the relevant financial asset to the book value of the asset. Interest income from the Group's time deposit investments are recognized under finance income, maturities sales interest income from trade receivables are recognized in revenue.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

#### 2.8.2 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The costs, including an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses, are assigned to inventories held by the method most appropriate to the particular class of inventory, with the majority valued by using the monthly weighted average method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### 2.8.3 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment stated through the value of determined by using the historical cost approach that reflects the cost of the assets in purchase date adjusted for impairment and accumulated depreciation. Lands are not subject to depreciation and are shown over the amount after accumulated impairment is deducted from their cost values.

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amounts. The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment is the higher of net selling price and value in use.

In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present values using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Provision for impairment are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets, other than freehold land and properties under construction, less their residual values over their estimated useful lives or production amount, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The rates that are used to depreciate the property, plant and equipment are as follows:

	Rates
Buildings	2-16%
Land improvements	2-33% and units of production level
Machinery and equipment	3-50% and units of production level
Vehicles	5-25% and units of production level
Furniture and fixtures	5-33%
Exploration costs and other fixed assets with special useful	5-10% and units of production level
lifes	
Other tangible fixed assets	5-25%

Expenses after the capitalization are added to the cost of related asset and reflected in financial statements as a separate asset if they shall mostly provide an economic benefit and their cost is measured in a trustable manner. Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment if there are conditions showing that the securities are more than amount recoverable. Assets are grouped at the lowest level which is cashgenerating unit in order to determine impairment (cash-generating unit).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

## 2.8.3 Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

Carrying amount of a tangible asset and recoverable value is the one which is higher than the net sales price following the deduction of commensurable value for the sale of the asset. Useful life of assets are reviewed as of date of balance sheet and adjusted, if required.

Maintenance and repair expenses are recorded as expense to the consolidated statement of profit or loss of the related period. The Group omits the carrying values of the changed pieces occurred with respect to renovations from the balance sheet without considering whether they are subject to depreciation in an independent manner from other sections. Main renovations are subject to deprecation based on the shortest of residual life of the related tangible asset or useful life of the renovation itself.

Advances paid related to purchasing of tangible assets are monitored in prepaid expenses under fixed assets until the related asset is capitalized or recognized under construction in progress.

#### Research and valuation costs

Research and valuation assets should be reflected at cost. When a legal right for research is obtained, if Management concludes that it will not provide future economic benefits, exploration and evaluation expenditures are recognized in the income statement as incurred.

Mining research and development expenses

If the current results and circumstances indicate that the recoverable amount of the net book value of research and valuation assets may exceed their carrying amount, an impairment assessment is performed on the research and valuation assets. In this case, the Group measures and discloses the amount of the impairment loss in accordance with TMS 36.

## 2.8.4 Intangible assets

Out of the purchased intangible fixed assets, those with a finite life are presented at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets are amortized principally on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives and production amounts. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, and any changes in the estimate are accounted for on a prospective basis.

The customer relationships acquired as a part of the business combinations are reflected in the financial statements at fair value at the acquisition date. The customer relationships have finite useful lives and are measured at cost less accumulated amortization. The amortization of the customer relationships is calculated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

The amortization rates of the intangible assets are stated below:

	Amortization Rates
Rights	2-33%
Other intangible fixed assets	20-33%
Customer relationship	6,6%

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

## 2.8.5 Investment properties

Investment properties, which are held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation are measured initially at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Investment properties are derecognized when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss under income (expense) from investment activities.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property, the Company accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use.

	Amortization Rates
Buildings	2%

#### **2.8.6 Leases**

The Group as lessee

The Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of the contract. The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets. For these leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise:

- fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date:
- the amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

#### 2.8.6 Leases (cont'd)

The Group as lessee (cont'd)

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position. The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The Group remeasures the lease liability (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset) whenever:

- The lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate.
- The lease payments change due to changes in an index or rate or a change in expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate (unless the lease payments change is due to a change in a floating interest rate, in which case a revised discount rate is used).
- A lease contract is modified and the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group has disclosed the changes made in the consolidated financial statements during the periods presented in Note 16 with details.

Right-of-use assets include the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments incurred on or before the lease actually commences, and other direct initial costs. These assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The Group applies TAS 36 to determine whether a right-of-use asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss as described in the 'Property, Plant and Equipment' policy. Variable rents that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and the right-of-use asset. The related payments are recognized as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs and are included in 'Other expenses' in profit or loss.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. If a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group expects to exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position. (Note 16).

The Group as lessor

The Group enters into lease agreements as a lessor with respect to some of its investment properties.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

## 2.8.6 Leases (cont'd)

The Group as lessor(cont'd)

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases. If the Group is in the position of sublease, the main lease and sub-lease are recognized as two separate contracts. Sub-lease is classified as financial lease or operating lease regarding the right to use arising from the main lease.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recognised as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases.

#### 2.8.7 Impairment on assets

Assets subject to depreciation and amortization are tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of net selling price and value in use. Recoverable amounts are estimated at the lowest level for individual assets (for the cash-generating unit). Non-financial assets that are impaired are evaluated for reversal of impairment amount at each reporting date.

## 2.8.8 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, one that takes a substantial period of time to get ready for use or sale, are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset in the period in which the asset is prepared for its intended use or sale. Investment revenues arising from the temporary utilization of the unused portion of facility loans are netted off from the costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized directly in the consolidated statement of profit or loss of the period in which they are incurred.

#### 2.8.9 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Group's statement of financial position when the Group becomes a part of the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

## 2.8.9 Financial instruments(cont'd)

#### Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis.

The Group classifies its financial assets as (a) Business model used for managing financial assets, (b) financial assets subsequently measured at amortised cost, at fair value through other comprehensive income or at fair value through profit or loss based on the characteristics of contractual cash flows. The Company reclassifies all financial assets effected from the change in the business model it uses for the management of financial assets. The reclassification of financial assets is applied prospectively from the reclassification date. In such cases, no adjustment is made to gains, losses (including any gains or losses of impairment) or interest previously recognized in the financial statements.

## Classification of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured subsequently at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured subsequently at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

By default, all other financial assets are measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

Despite the foregoing, the Group may make the following irrevocable election/designation at initial recognition of a financial asset; the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if certain criteria are met.

### (i) Amortised cost and effective interest method

Interest income on financial assets carried at amortized cost is calculated using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. This income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset:

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

## 2.8.9 Financial instruments (cont'd)

### Financial assets (cont'd)

## Classification of financial assets (cont'd)

- (i) Amortised cost and effective interest method (cont'd)
  - a) Credit-impaired financial assets when purchased or generated. For such financial assets, the Company applies the effective interest rate on the amortized cost of a financial asset based on the loan from the date of the recognition in the financial statements.
  - b) Non-financial assets that are impaired at the time of acquisition or generation but subsequently become a financial asset that has been impaired. For such financial assets, the Company applies the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the asset in the subsequent reporting periods.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost and at FVTOCI.

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "finance income – interest income" line item (Note 30).

#### (ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognized in profit or loss to the extent they are not part of a designated hedging relationship.

#### Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination.

### A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

## 2.8.9 Financial instruments (cont'd)

## Financial assets (cont'd)

## Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI (cont'd)

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, instead, it is transferred to retained earnings.

## Foreign exchange gains and losses

The carrying amount of financial assets that are denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of each reporting period. Specifically,

- for financial assets measured at amortized cost that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss;
- for debt instruments measured at FVTOCI that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences on the amortized cost of the debt instrument are recognized in profit or loss. Other exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income in the investments revaluation reserve;
- for financial assets measured at FVTPL that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss and
- for equity instruments measured at FVTOCI, exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income in the investments revaluation reserve.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortized cost or at FVTOCI, lease receivables, trade receivables and contract assets, as well as financial guarantee contracts. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group utilizes a simplified approach for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables that does not have significant financing component and calculates the allowance for impairment against the lifetime ECL of the related financial assets.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12 months ECL.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

## 2.8.9 Financial instruments (cont'd)

## Financial assets (cont'd)

## Measurement and recognition of expected credit losses

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

For financial assets, the expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows (all cash-deficiencies) that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate (or credit-based adjusted effective interest rate for financial assets with credit-value impairment when purchased or incurred).

#### Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss. In contrast, on derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to retained earnings.

### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL on initial recognition. On initial recognition of liabilities other than those that are recognised at FVTPL, transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance thereof are also recognised in the fair value.

A financial liability is subsequently classified at amortized cost except:

a) Financial liabilities at FVTPL: These liabilities including derivative instruments are subsequently measured at fair value.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

#### 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

#### 2.8.9 Financial instruments (cont'd)

#### Financial liabilities (cont'd)

- b) Financial liabilities arising if the transfer of the financial asset does not meet the conditions of derecognition from the financial statements or if the ongoing relationship approach is applied: When the Group continues to present an asset based on the ongoing relationship approach, a liability in relation to this is also recognised in the financial statements. The transferred asset and the related liability are measured to reflect the rights and liabilities that the Company continues to hold. The transferred liability is measured in the same manner as the net book value of the transferred asset.
- c) A contingent consideration recognized in the financial statements by the entity acquired in a business combination where TFRS 3 is applied: After initial recognition, the related contingent consideration is measured as at FVTPL.

The Entity does not reclassify any financial liability.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

#### **Derivative financial instruments**

The Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including foreign exchange forward contracts, options and interest rate swaps. Further details of derivative financial instruments are disclosed in Note 6.

Derivatives are recognized initially at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each reporting date. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognized as a financial asset whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognized as a financial liability. Derivatives are not offset in the financial statements unless the Group has both legal right and intention to offset. A derivative is presented as a non-current asset or a non-current liability if the remaining maturity of the instrument is more than 12 months and it is not expected to be realized or settled within 12 months. Other derivatives are presented as current assets or current liabilities.

#### **Hedge accounting**

The Group designates certain derivatives as hedging instruments in respect of foreign currency risk and interest rate risk in fair value hedges, cash flow hedges, or hedges of net investments in foreign operations as appropriate. Hedges of foreign exchange risk on firm commitments are accounted for as cash flow hedges.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

### 2.8.9 Financial instruments (cont'd)

Financial liabilities (cont'd)

## Hedge accounting (cont'd)

At the inception of the hedge relationship, the Group documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, along with its risk management objectives and its strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Furthermore, at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, the Group documents whether the hedging instrument is effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk, which is when the hedging relationships meet all of the following hedge effectiveness requirements:

- there is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument;
- the effect of credit risk does not dominate the value changes that result from that economic relationship; and
- the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the Group actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the entity actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

If a hedging relationship ceases to meet the hedge effectiveness requirement relating to the hedge ratio but the risk management objective for that designated hedging relationship remains the same, the Group adjusts the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship (i.e. rebalances the hedge).

The Group designates the full change in the fair value of a forward contract (i.e. including the forward elements) as the hedging instrument for all of its hedging relationships involving forward contracts.

Note 6 sets out details of the fair values of the derivative instruments used for hedging purposes.

Movements in the hedging reserve in equity are detailed in Note 6.

#### 2.8.10 The effects of foreign exchange rate changes

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Each subsidiaries' financial conditions and performance results stated as Turkish Lira in presentation currency in consolidated financial statements.

The Group records foreign currency (currencies other than the functional currency of the related company) transactions using exchange rates of the date the transaction is completed. Foreign currency monetary items are evaluated with exchange rates as of reporting date and arising foreign exchange income/expenses are recorded in consolidated statement of profit or loss. All monetary assets and liabilities are evaluated with exchange rates of the reporting date and related foreign currency translation differences are transferred to consolidated statement of profit or loss.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

### 2.8.10 The effects of foreign exchange rate changes (cont'd)

Non-monetary foreign currency items that are recognized at cost are evaluated with historic exchange rates. Non-monetary foreign currency items that are recognized at fair value are evaluated with exchange rates of the dates their fair values are determined.

#### 2.8.11 Earnings per share

Earnings/loss per share, disclosed in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, are determined by dividing the net income attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period concerned.

In Türkiye, companies can increase their share capital by distributing "bonus shares" to shareholders from retained earnings. In computing earnings per share, such "bonus share" distributions are assessed as issued shares.

#### 2.8.12 Subsequent events

Subsequent events include all events that take place between the balance sheet date and the date of authorization for the release of the balance sheet, although the events occurred after the announcements related to the net profit/loss or even after the public disclosure of other selective financial information.

In the case that events occur requiring an adjustment, the Group adjusts the amounts recognized in its financial statements to reflect the adjustments after the balance sheet date. Post period end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes when material.

## 2.8.13 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past legal or subtle event, where it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Contingent liabilities are assessed continuously to determine the probability of outflow of the economically beneficial assets. For contingent liabilities, when an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits are probable, provision is recognized for this contingent liability in the period when the probability has changed, except for the cases where a reliable estimate cannot be made.

When the Group's contingent liabilities' availability is possible but the amount of resources containing the economic benefits cannot be measured reliably, then the Group discloses this fact in the notes.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

### 2.8.14 Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to (reporting entity), the entity that is preparing its financial statements.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- (b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

## 2.8.15 Taxation and deferred income taxes

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiary to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in the consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis. Income tax expense represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

### 2.8.15 Taxation and deferred income taxes (cont'd)

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in future and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is determined by calculating the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets/liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases, used in the computation of the taxable profit, using currently enacted tax rates.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences where deferred tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Such assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized if it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

### 2.8.15 Taxation and deferred income taxes (cont'd)

#### Deferred tax (cont'd)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

## Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax are recognized as an expense or income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, except when they relate to the items credited or debited directly to the equity (in this case the deferred tax related to these items is also recognized directly in the equity), or where they arise from the initial accounting of a business combination. In the case of a business combination, the tax effect is taken into account in calculating goodwill or determining the excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost.

## 2.8.16 Employee benefits

According to the Turkish and Romanian law and union agreements, employee termination payments are made to employees in the case of retiring or involuntarily leaving. Such payments are considered as a part of defined retirement benefit plan in accordance with TAS 19 (revised) *Employee Benefits* (TAS 19).

The termination indemnities accounted in the balance sheet and seniority incentive premium in accordance with the union agreements in force represent the present value of the residual obligation. Actuarial gains and losses of termination indemnities are recognized in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income. Actuarial gains and losses of seniority incentive premium are recognized in the profit or loss.

The Group makes certain assumptions about discount rates, inflation rates, future salary increases and employee turnover rates in calculation of provisions for employee benefits. The present value of employee benefits is calculated by an independent actuary and some changes are done in accounting assumptions used in calculations. The impact of the changes in assumptions is recognized in the statement of profit or loss. The details related with the defined benefit plans are stated in Note 19.

Liabilities due to unused vacations classified as provisions due to employee benefits are accrued and discounted if the discount effect is material.

The Group companies operating in Türkiye are required to pay social insurance premiums to the Social Security Institution. As long as it pays these insurance premiums, the Group does not have any further obligation. These premiums are reflected in the payroll expenses incurred in the period.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

#### 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

#### 2.8.17 Government grants and incentives

Government grants and incentives are recognized at fair value when there is assurance that these grants and incentives will be received and the Group has met all conditions required. Government grants and incentives related to costs are recognized as revenue during the periods they are matched with the costs they will cover.

#### 2.8.18 Statement of cash flows

Cash flows during the period are classified and reported as operating, investing and financing activities in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

Cash flows arising from operating activities represent the cash flows that are used in or provided by the Group's steel products and metal sales activities.

Cash flows arising from investment activities represent the cash flows that are used in or provided by the investing activities (direct investments and financial investments) of the Group.

Cash flows arising from financing activities represent the cash proceeds from the financing activities of the Group and the repayments of these funds.

Cash and cash equivalents comprises of the cash on hand, the demand deposits and highly liquid other short-term investments which their maturities are three months or less from the date of acquisition, are readily convertible to cash and are not subject to a significant risk of changes in value.

The translation difference that occurs due to translation from functional currency to presentation currency is shown as translation difference on cash flow statement.

#### 2.8.19 Share capital and dividends

Common shares are classified as equity. Dividends on common shares are recognized in equity in the period in which they are approved and declared.

#### 2.8.20 Treasury shares (Erdemir shares)

When share capital recognized as equity is reacquired, the amount of the consideration paid which includes directly attributable costs, is net of any tax effects, and is recognized as a deduction from equity. Reacquired shares are classified as treasury shares and are presented as a deduction from total equity. When treasury shares are sold or reissued subsequently, the amount received is recognized as an increase in equity, and the resulting surplus or deficit on the transaction is transferred to/from retained earnings or accumulated losses.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

#### 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

#### **2.8.21 Goodwill**

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss in the consolidated. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the consolidated profit or loss on disposal.

#### 2.8.22 Business Combinations

The acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognized at their fair value, except that:

- Deferred tax assets or liabilities and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognized and measured in accordance with TAS 12 Income Taxes and TAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- Liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with TFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date; and
- Assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with TFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.8 Valuation Principles / Significant Accounting Policies Applied (cont'd)

## 2.8.22 Business Combinations (cont'd)

If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another TFRS. When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination.

Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed 1 year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date. The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Other contingent consideration is measured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control) and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognized in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognized, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognized at that date.

## **NOTE 3 – SEGMENT REPORTING**

The operations of the Group in İskenderun and Ereğli have been defined as geographical segments. However, the segments with similar economic characteristics have been combined into a single operating segment considering the nature of the products and the production processes, methods to allocate the products and the type of customers or to provide services.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 4 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of reporting date the detail of cash and cash equivalents as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Cash	58	60
Banks – demand deposits	761.365	892.064
Banks – time deposits	53.386.165	23.180.843
Other liquid assets	1.112.405	
	55.259.993	24.072.967
Time deposit interest accruals (-)	(70.245)	(22.708)
Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows	55.189.748	24.050.259
The details of demand deposits are presented below:		
	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
US Dollars	416.508	203.262
Turkish Lira	274.357	637.374
EURO	56.818	35.745
Romanian Lei	4.871	8.486
Other	8.811	7.197
	761.365	892.064
The details of time deposits in banks as follows:		
The details of time deposits in banks as follows.	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
US Dollars	41.246.829	19.789.210
Turkish Lira	11.343.125	3.255.433
EURO	794.731	134.888
Romanian Lei	1.480	1.312
	53.386.165	23.180.843

Group's bank deposits consist of deposits with maturity from 1 day to 3 months depending on immediate cash needs. Interest is received based on current short-term rates on the market.

Liquid funds recorded in the financial statements at fair value are reported under other liquid assets as of the reporting period due to their high liquidity and insignificant risk of change in value in the short term.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 5 – FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS**

As of reporting date the detail of financial investments as follows:

Financial assets shown at amortized value and fair value fair value through profit or loss:

	31 December	31 December 2023
Financial securities	1.586.209	-
Currency protected time deposits	-	619.393
Investment funds		1.118.432
	1.586.209	1.737.825

Group, has made securities investment in order to obtain the return fixed income issued by the private sector in Türkiye. These fixed income securities held by the Group under the business model for collection of contractual cash flows that includes principal and interest payments related with principal amount.

As of reporting period long term financial investments as follows:

31 December	31 December
2024	2023
1.304	1.089
176.781	160.884
178.085	161.973
	2024 1.304 176.781

As of reporting date, financial investments, investment ratios and amounts as follows:

	Ratio	31 December	Ratio	31 December
Company	%	2024	%	2023
Financial investments without an active market				
Teknopark Hatay A.Ş.	5	956	5	798
Seramik Araştırma Merkezi A.Ş.	4	348	4	291
	_	1.304	_	1.089

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 6 – DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

As of reporting date the detail of financial derivative instruments as follows:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability
Fair value hedging derivative financial assets				
Forward contracts for fair value hedges of currency risk				
of sales	155.454	-	1.462	29.898
Forward contracts	_	-	2.142	1.601
	155.454	-	3.604	31.499
Cash flow hedging derivative financial assets				
Forward contracts for cash flow hedges of currency risk				
of sales	63.613	-	154	91.151
Commodity swap contracts for cash flow hedges of				
price fluctuations of raw material purchases	30.051	_	7.638	-
_	93.664	-	7.792	91.151
	249.118		11.396	122.650

## Derivative instruments for fair value hedge

As of reporting date, the details of forward, swap and cross currency swap transactions for fair value hedge are as follows:

Nominal value   Pair Value   Nominal value   Pair Value   Nominal value   Pair V			Assets		Liabilities	
hedges of currency risk of sales           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Less than 3 months         2.151.675         155.183         -         -           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         6.528         271         -         -           Assets         Liabilities           Nominal value         Fair Value         Nominal value         Fair Value           Forward contracts for fair value hedges of currency risk of sales           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Less than 3 months         231.256         1.462         954.872         27.460           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         -         -         -         74.270         2.438           Forward contracts         Buy EUR/Sell USD         Between 3 - 6 months         73.844         2.142         -         -         -           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         73.844         2.142         -         -         -           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         73.844         2.142         -         -         -           Buy EUR/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         -         -         -         72.955         1.601	31 December 2024			Fair Value		Fair Value
Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         6.528         271         -         -           Assets         Liabilities           Nominal value         Fair Value         Nominal value         Fair Value           Forward contracts for fair value hedges of currency risk of sales           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Less than 3 months         231.256         1.462         954.872         27.460           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         -         -         -         74.270         2.438           Forward contracts         Every Europe and Contracts         Between 3 - 6 months         73.844         2.142         -         -           Buy EUR/Sell USD         Between 3 - 6 months         -         -         -         72.955         1.601           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         -         -         -         72.955         1.601		_				
Setween 3 - 6 months   Setween 3 - 6 months	Buy USD/Sell EUR	Less than 3 months	2.151.675	155.183	-	-
Assert	Buy USD/Sell EUR	Between 3 - 6 months	6.528	271	-	-
Nominal value   Fair Value   Nominal value   Fair Value   Pair Value   Fair Value   Pair Value			2.158.203	155.454	_	
Forward contracts for fair value hedges of currency risk of sales  Buy USD/Sell EUR Buy USD/Sell EUR Between 3 - 6 months  Forward contracts  Buy EUR/Sell USD  Between 3 - 6 months  Between 3 - 6 months  Forward contracts  Buy USD/Sell EUR  Between 3 - 6 months  Forward contracts  Buy EUR/Sell USD  Between 3 - 6 months  Fair Value value  Fair Value  Value  Fair Value  Value  Fair Value  Value  Fair Value  Value  Fair Value  Value  Forward contracts  Between 3 - 6 months  74.270  2.438  231.256  1.462  1.029.142  29.898  Forward contracts  Buy EUR/Sell USD  Between 3 - 6 months  73.844  2.142  72.955  1.601			Ass	sets	Liab	oilities
hedges of currency risk of sales           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Less than 3 months         231.256         1.462         954.872         27.460           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         -         -         74.270         2.438           Forward contracts           Buy EUR/Sell USD         Between 3 - 6 months         73.844         2.142         -         -           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         -         -         72.955         1.601           73.844         2.142         72.955         1.601	31 December 2023			Fair Value		Fair Value
Buy USD/Sell EUR         Less than 3 months         231.256         1.462         954.872         27.460           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         -         -         -         74.270         2.438           231.256         1.462         1.029.142         29.898           Forward contracts           Buy EUR/Sell USD         Between 3 - 6 months         73.844         2.142         -         -           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         -         -         72.955         1.601           73.844         2.142         72.955         1.601	Forward contracts for fair value	•				
Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         -         -         74.270         2.438           231.256         1.462         1.029.142         29.898           Forward contracts           Buy EUR/Sell USD         Between 3 - 6 months         73.844         2.142         -         -           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         -         -         72.955         1.601           73.844         2.142         72.955         1.601	hedges of currency risk of sales	_				
Service	Buy USD/Sell EUR	Less than 3 months	231.256	1.462	954.872	27.460
Forward contracts           Buy EUR/Sell USD         Between 3 - 6 months         73.844         2.142         -         -           Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         -         -         -         72.955         1.601           73.844         2.142         72.955         1.601	Buy USD/Sell EUR	Between 3 - 6 months			74.270	2.438
Buy EUR/Sell USD       Between 3 - 6 months       73.844       2.142       -       -         Buy USD/Sell EUR       Between 3 - 6 months       -       -       -       72.955       1.601         73.844       2.142       72.955       1.601			231.256	1.462	1.029.142	29.898
Buy USD/Sell EUR         Between 3 - 6 months         -         -         72.955         1.601           73.844         2.142         72.955         1.601	Forward contracts					
73.844 2.142 72.955 1.601	Buy EUR/Sell USD	Between 3 - 6 months	73.844	2.142	-	-
	Buy USD/Sell EUR	Between 3 - 6 months	_		72.955	1.601
305.100 3.604 1.102.097 31.499			73.844	2.142	72.955	1.601
			305.100	3.604	1.102.097	31.499

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 6 – DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### Derivative instruments for cash flow hedge

Forward contracts for cash flow hedges of currency risk of sales:

Buy USD – Sell EUR forward contracts measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges of forecast sales in EUR. These forecast transactions are highly probable and their maturities vary between January 2025 and December 2025.

In respect of these contracts which has a nominal value of TRY 4.201.542 thousand for the purpose of hedging cash flow risk, with related deferred tax effect TRY 154.610 thousand was included in consolidated other comprehensive income (31 December 2023: TRY 98.118 thousand).

In the current period, TRY 141.116 thousand resulting from the sales related forward contracts was accounted under the revenue account of the consolidated the profit or loss statement (31 December 2023: TRY 87.176 thousand).

The terms and conditions of the forward contracts match the terms and conditions of the expected highly probable forecast sales in EUR. As a result, no hedge ineffectiveness arises requiring recognition and is tracked under other comprehensive income accounts since the aforementioned derivative transaction is a cash flow hedge derivative transaction until the sales is realized in accordance with hedge accounting. After the revenue is recognized, those derivative transactions are recognized in the profit or loss table as fair value hedges until the receivable amounts are collected.

Commodity swap contracts for hedges of price risk of raw material purchases:

The Group purchases iron ore and coal on an ongoing basis as its operating activities. The Group has concluded iron ore swap contracts in order to be protected from price risk of iron ore which shall be supplied in future and shall be used in the production of related sales in line with its contracted sales. Group's iron ore forward contracts measured at fair value through other comprehensive income/expense match iron ore price risk associated with future long term sales contracts. The terms and conditions of the iron ore swap contracts made for these sales transactions match the terms and conditions of the sales transactions. Therefore, it is not possible to record any income or expense arising from the ineffectiveness of the protection process.

As of 31 December 2024, reflected TRY 22.209 thousand from consolidated other comprehensive income to inventory cost thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 25.921 thousand).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 7 – BORROWINGS**

As of reporting date details of borrowings disclosed at amortized are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Short term bank borrowings	26.268.031	46.034.968
Short term portion of long term bank borrowings	7.333.542	10.617.843
Long term bank borrowings	51.957.630	10.747.946
Total bank borrowings	85.559.203	67.400.757
Short term portion of short term corporate bonds issued	2.779.280	-
Long term corporate bonds issued	32.036.796	
Total corporate bonds issued	34.816.076	
Short term portion of long term lease payables	360.781	113.262
Cost of short term portion of long term lease payables (-)	(30.570)	(4.990)
Long term lease payables	1.945.026	795.883
Cost of long term lease payables (-)	(1.362.320)	(564.210)
Total lease payables	912.917	339.945
Total borrowings	121.288.196	67.740.702

The bond issued abroad, with a nominal value of USD 750 million, a maturity of 5 years, a redemption date of 23 July 2029, priced over a resale yield of 8,625%, and a coupon rate of 8,375%, was completed as of 23 July 2024. In addition to aforementioned bond, another bond issued abroad, with a nominal value of USD 200 million, a maturity of 5 years, a redemption date of 23 July 2029, an annual yield rate of 8,125%, and an annual coupon rate of 8,375% with payment per 6 month, was completed as of 30 July 2024. As of the reporting date, the Group has fulfilled its financial ratio obligations related to the bond.

As of 31 December 2024, the breakdown of the Group's loans with their original currency and their weighted average interest rates is presented as follows:

Interest Type	Type of Currency	Weighted Average Rate of Effective Interest (%)	Short Term Portion	Long Term Portion	31 December 2024
Fixed	TRY	49,13	7.977.158	-	7.977.158
Fixed	<b>US</b> Dollars	7,92	22.856.911	62.580.718	85.437.629
Floating	<b>US</b> Dollars	TERM SOFR+2,79	5.060.543	19.076.389	24.136.932
Floating	EURO	Euribor+0,47	486.241	2.337.319	2.823.560
			36.380.853	83.994.426	120.375.279

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 7 – BORROWINGS (cont'd)

As of 31 December 2023, the breakdown of the Group's loans and issued bonds with their original currency and their weighted average interest rates is presented as follows:

	Type of	Weighted Average	Short Term	Long Term	
Interest Type	Currency	Rate of Interest (%)	Portion	Portion	31 December 2023
Fixed	TRY	30,67	4.095.704	-	4.095.704
Fixed	<b>US</b> Dollars	9,94	42.350.022	-	42.350.022
Floating	TRY	TLREF+3,79	1.977.262	-	1.977.262
Floating	<b>US</b> Dollars	TERM SOFR+3,15	7.748.082	8.307.410	16.055.492
Floating	EURO	Euribor+0,48	481.741	2.440.536	2.922.277
			56.652.811	10.747.946	67.400.757

Maturity distribution of financial borrowings is as follows:

## 31 December 2024

	Bank Borrowings	Corporate Bonds Issued	Lease Payables	Total Borrowings
Within 1 year	33.601.573	2.779.280	330.211	36.711.064
Between 1-2 years	6.808.039	2.557.212	158.593	9.523.844
Between 2-3 years	34.525.580	2.352.887	90.503	36.968.970
Between 3-4 years	5.115.597	2.170.455	31.971	7.318.023
Between 4-5 years	2.133.901	24.956.242	18.115	27.108.258
Five years or more	3.374.513	-	283.524	3.658.037
	85.559.203	34.816.076	912.917	121.288.196

## 31 December 2023

	Bank	Corporate	Lease	Total
	Borrowings	Bonds Issued	Payables	Borrowings
Within 1 year	56.652.811	-	108.272	56.761.083
Between 1-2 years	2.432.144	-	55.364	2.487.508
Between 2-3 years	2.510.568	-	24.623	2.535.191
Between 3-4 years	1.572.208	-	14.260	1.586.468
Between 4-5 years	1.118.965	-	12.516	1.131.481
Five years or more	3.114.061	-	124.910	3.238.971
	67.400.757	-	339.945	67.740.702

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 7 – BORROWINGS (cont'd)

Movement of net financial borrowings of bank loans and issued bonds as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Opening balance	67.400.757	29.373.457
Interest expenses	10.410.853	5.074.609
Interest paid	(8.275.722)	(4.200.514)
Unrealised foreign exchange differences	(958.112)	(1.777.234)
Capitalized financing expense	930.159	241.045
Cash inflow from loans	68.411.628	43.879.170
Bonds issued	31.323.715	-
Cash outflow from loan repayments	(65.115.807)	(24.209.649)
Cash outflow for bonds	-	(2.000.000)
Translation difference	16.247.808	21.019.873
Closing balance	120.375.279	67.400.757

Reconciliation of net financial borrowings of financial leases as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Opening balance	339.945	207.282
The effect of the increase (decrease) in the lease contract	589.520	180.339
Cash outflow effect	(223.884)	(84.789)
Increase in interest expenses	117.433	34.920
Foreign exchange effect	89.903	2.193
Closing balance	912.917	339.945

## NOTE 8 – TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of the reporting date, the details of the Group's trade receivables are as follows:

31 December	31 December
2024	2023
25.998.098	19.784.768
603.847	688.565
-	3.290
(138.031)	(123.462)
26.463.914	20.353.161
	25.998.098 603.847 (138.031)

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 8 – TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (cont'd)

Movement of short term receivables credit loss provision as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2022
Opening balance	123.462	353.462
Provision for the period	1.673	8.873
Doubtful receivables collected (-)	(96)	-
Provision released (-)	(3.932)	(345.807)
Translation difference	16.924	106.934
Closing balance	138.031	123.462

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due for settlement within 40-45 days and therefore are all classified as current. The group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

According to the market conditions and product types, a certain interest charge is applied for deferred trade receivables and overdue interest is applied for overdue trade receivables.

As the Group provides services and products to a large number of customers, collection risk is widely distributed amongst these customers and there is no significant credit risk exposure. Therefore, the Group does not provide for any further provision beyond the expected credit losses provisions that the Group has already provided for in the consolidated financial statements. The detail of overdue receivables included in trade receivables as of the reporting date is disclosed in the management of credit risk management. Other disclosures as to the Group's credit risk are given in Note 36. The Group provides provision according to the balances of all unsecured receivables under legal follow up.

Group's past due but not impaired receivable amount is TRY 233.953 thousand and the maturities of them are between 0 and 90 days (31 December 2023: TRY 59.468 thousand) (Note 36).

As of the balance sheet date, the details of the Group's trade payables are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
Short term trade payables	2024	2023
Trade payables	28.145.294	22.279.410
Due to related parties (Note 34)	1.837.483	1.130.333
Expense accruals	40.693	17.323
	30.023.470	23.427.066

Trade payables consist of payables to sellers for products, services purchased and tangible asset investments in the ordinary course of business. The average credit period on purchases of certain goods is between 35-45 days.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of the reporting date, the details of the Group's short and long term other receivables are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
Short term other receivables	2024	2023
Due From Related Parties (Note 34)	18.767	11.582
Receivables from water system construction	1.364	1.426
Deposits and guarantees given	25.426	19.786
Receivables from Privatization Authority	150.118	95.052
	195.675	127.846
	31 December	31 December
Long term other receivables	2024	2023
Due From Related Parties (Note 34)	121.006	75.091
Receivables from water system construction	4.902	5.356
Deposits and guarantees given	6.303	6.090
	132.211	86.537

As of the reporting date, the details of the Group's short term other payables are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
Short term other payables	2024	2023
Taxes payable	922.399	1.102.862
Deposits and guarantees received	55.745	49.989
Dividend payables to shareholders (*)	10.204	9.944
	988.348	1.162.795

<sup>(\*)</sup> Dividend payable represents the uncollected balances by shareholders related to the prior years.

## **NOTE 10 – INVENTORIES**

As of the reporting date, the details of the Group's inventories are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Raw materials	20.511.938	15.238.693
Work in progress	15.716.887	13.601.334
Finished goods	13.830.828	12.224.831
Spare parts	13.719.314	9.926.059
Goods in transit	11.025.208	13.439.537
Other inventories	6.853.416	5.081.116
Allowance for impairment on inventories (-)	(2.895.193)	(2.234.866)
	78.762.398	67.276.704

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## **NOTE 10 – INVENTORIES (cont'd)**

The movement of the provision for impairment on inventories:

1 January -	1 January -
31 December 2024	31 December 2023
2.234.866	2.051.756
466.262	132.263
(263.984)	(934.408)
458.049	985.255
2.895.193	2.234.866
	31 December 2024 2.234.866 466.262 (263.984) 458.049

The Group has provided the provision for the impairment on the inventories of finished goods and work in progress within the scope of aging reports in the cases when their net realizable values are lower than their costs or for slow moving inventories. The provision released has been recognized under cost of sales (Note 25). There is no stock impairment provision in the financial statements of subsidiaries whose functional currency is Turkish Lira subject to consolidation as of the reporting date.

## **NOTE 11 – PREPAID EXPENSES**

As of the reporting date, the details of the Group's short term prepaid expenses are as follows:

31 December	31 December
2024	2023
2.161.669	1.104.461
622.613	653.761
24.900	12.782
126.461	107.462
116.641	130.606
56.885	39.853
3.109.169	2.048.925
	2024 2.161.669 622.613 24.900 126.461 116.641 56.885

As of the reporting date, the details of the Group's long term prepaid expenses are as follows:

31 December	31 December
2024	2023
14.885.114	11.993.644
176.923	182.922
683.890	389.948
302.096	172.237
42.646	5.602
16.090.669	12.744.353
	2024 14.885.114 176.923 683.890 302.096 42.646

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 12 – INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

The details of the Group's financial investments accounted for using equity method are as follows:

	Right to		Right to		
	vote ratio	31 December	vote ratio	31 December	Business
	%	2024	%	2023	segment
Joint Venture					Industrial Gas
İsdemir Linde Gaz Ortaklığı A.Ş.	50	1.280.062	50	884.293	Production and Sale

The Group's investments accounted for using equity method movement is as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Opening balance as of 1 January	884.293	606.053
Profit (loss) for the period	204.668	78.356
Dividend	-	(112.769)
Translation difference	191.101	312.654
Closing balance as of 31 December	1.280.062	884.293

The Group's shares on assets of investments accounted for using equity method are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Total assets	2.869.854	1.913.261
Total liabilities	309.731	144.675
Net assets	2.560.123	1.768.586
Group's share on net assets	1.280.062	884.293
	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Share capital	140.000	140.000

Isdemir Linde Gaz Ortaklığı A.Ş, as an affiliate of the Group under joint management, has the right of to deduct TRY 221.977 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 228.207 thousand) from corporate tax of the investment deduction where profit will occur in the upcoming years pursuant to the Resolution No 2012/3305 on Government Aids in Investments and the Cabinet Decision issued in the Official gazette on 22 February 2017. The deferred tax asset of TRY (6.230) thousand of additional investment deduction (its effect in the profit or loss statement of Group is TRY (3.115) thousand) is included in the financial statements prepared as of reporting date.

Group's share on profit of investments accounted for using equity method as follows:

	1 January –	1 January –
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Revenue	791.089	636.746
Operating profit	217.256	212.611
Net profit (loss) for the period	409.336	156.712
Group's share on net profit (loss)	204.668	78.356

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 13 – INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

The details of the Group's investments properties are as follows:

	Land	Buildings	Total
Cost			
Opening balance as of 1 January	858.113	3.630.778	4.488.891
Translation difference	198.931	749.768	948.699
Addition	-	34.125	34.125
Transfers (*)	375.458	349.108	724.566
Closing balance as of 31 December 2024	1.432.502	4.763.779	6.196.281
Accumulated Depreciation			
Opening balance as of 1 January	-	(81.246)	(81.246)
Translation difference	-	(32.505)	(32.505)
Charge for the period	-	(158.492)	(158.492)
Transfers (*)		(56.289)	(56.289)
Closing balance as of 31 December 2024		(328.532)	(328.532)
Net book value as of 31 December 2023	858.113	3.549.532	4.407.645
Net book value as of 31 December 2024	1.432.502	4.435.247	5.867.749

(\*) As of the reporting period, TRY 375.458 thousand was transferred from buildings to land within investment properties, a net amount of TRY 668.277 thousand was transferred from property, plant and equipments to investment properties.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties is TRY 11.137.146 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 6.974.198 thousand) according to the most recent valuation reports. The fair values of the investment properties have been determined in reference to the valuations of independent valuation firms authorized by the CMB. The valuations are undertaken predominantly by using the precedent values of similar properties as references under market approach.

All investment properties of the Group consist of land and buildings. The fair value level of these real estates is evaluated as level 2.

The Group does not have contractual obligations regarding the purchase, construction or development of investment properties or maintenance, repair or improvement. For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group generated rent income amounting to TRY 233.862 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 91.435 thousand) from rented investment properties under operating leases (Note 29). The Group also has investment properties that do not generate rental income.

The Group has recognized TRY (29.835) thousand (31 December 2023: TRY (3.178) thousand) of estate tax expenses related to investment properties for the year ended 31 December 2024 under investment expenses (Note 29).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 13 – INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (cont'd)

	Land	Buildings	Total
Cost		·	
Opening balance as of 1 January	545.048	436.696	981.744
Translation difference	313.065	823.688	1.136.753
Addition	-	302.007	302.007
Transfers (*)		2.068.387	2.068.387
Closing balance as of 31 December 2023	858.113	3.630.778	4.488.891
Accumulated Depreciation			
Opening balance as of 1 January	-	(77.153)	(77.153)
Translation difference	-	(36.487)	(36.487)
Charge for the period	-	(56.335)	(56.335)
Transfers (*)	-	88.729	88.729
Closing balance as of 31 December 2023		(81.246)	(81.246)
Net book value as of 31 December 2022	545.048	359.543	904.591
Net book value as of 31 December 2023	858.113	3.549.532	4.407.645

(\*) At the prior period, TRY 2.513.561 thousand was transferred from property, plant and equipments to investment properties, and TRY (356.445) thousand was transferred from investment properties to property, plant and equipments.

Amortization distribution of investment properties is as follows:

	1 January –	1 January –
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Associated with cost of production	3.752	2.713
General administrative expenses	154.740	53.622
	158.492	56.335

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

							Other Property,	Construction	
		Land		Machinery and		Furniture and	Plant and	in Progress	
	Land	Improvements	Buildings	equipment	Vehicles	Fixtures	Equipment	(CIP)	Total
Cost									
Opening balance as of 1 January	2.844.441	28.147.071	43.431.128	194.400.023	11.929.140	6.289.454	2.395.164	44.476.013	333.912.434
Inflation Effect	118.672	387.840	207.374	890.520	1.045.407	660.783	533.919	1.367.916	5.212.431
Translation difference	503.890	5.517.101	8.591.067	38.633.841	1.919.718	946.572	245.859	9.879.620	66.237.668
Additions (*)	-	4.018	50.103	1.399.791	295.732	186.710	116.019	33.926.633	35.979.006
Transfers from CIP (**)	-	1.382.831	1.600.386	5.437.592	15.616	74.697	4.031	(8.592.533)	(77.380)
Transfers to investment properties (****)	-	(7.898)	-	(609.086)	-	(107.348)	(234)	-	(724.566)
Disposals	(2.432)	(13.086)	(674.585)	(496.095)	(7.163)	(226.631)	(8.073)	<u>-</u> _	(1.428.065)
Closing balance as of 31 December 2024	3.464.571	35.417.877	53.205.473	239.656.586	15.198.450	7.824.237	3.286.685	81.057.649	439.111.528
Accumulated Depreciation									
Opening balance as of 1 January	-	(20.976.313)	(33.262.550)	(118.073.583)	(8.526.351)	(4.245.542)	(1.040.748)	(372.210)	(186.497.297)
Inflation Effect	-	(247.179)	(167.161)	(500.623)	(1.045.130)	(639.685)	(63.448)	-	(2.663.226)
Translation difference	-	(4.096.931)	(6.543.002)	(23.637.485)	(1.251.714)	(564.827)	(187.079)	(8.022)	(36.289.060)
Charge for the period	-	(657.429)	(978.166)	(5.736.319)	(376.912)	(322.781)	(149.170)	-	(8.220.777)
Impairment released (losses) (***)	-	23.548	86.613	(56.898)	1.761	320	-	78.682	134.026
Disposals	-	12.549	597.329	444.353	6.668	213.317	7.154	-	1.281.370
Transfers to investment properties (****)	<u> </u>	266	<u> </u>	42.536	<u> </u>	13.253	234		56.289
Closing balance as of 31 December 2024		(25.941.489)	(40.266.937)	(147.518.019)	(11.191.678)	(5.545.945)	(1.433.057)	(301.550)	(232.198.675)
Net book value as of 31 December 2023	2.844.441	7.170.758	10.168.578	76.326.440	3.402.789	2.043.912	1.354.416	44.103.803	147.415.137
Net book value as of 31 December 2024	3.464.571	9.476.388	12.938.536	92.138.567	4.006.772	2.278.292	1.853.628	80.756.099	206.912.853

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amount of capitalized borrowing cost is TRY 930.159 thousand for the current period, average borrowing rate is 7,6%.

As of 31 December 2024, the Group has no collaterals or pledges upon its property, plant and equipment.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> TRY 77.380 thousand is transferred to intangible assets (Note 15).

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Group has reviewed the recoverable amounts of tangible fixed assets that will be decommissioned and will not generate independent cash flows during the period. Following the review, the impairment released of TRY 134.026 thousand has been accounted for in the profit or loss statement under other income from investment activities (Note 29).

<sup>(\*\*\*\*)</sup> A net book value of TRY 668.277 thousand was transferred to investment properties (Note 13).

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (cont'd)

							Other Property,	Construction	
		Land		Machinery and		Furniture and	Plant and	in Progress	
Cost	Land	Improvements	Buildings	equipment	Vehicles	Fixtures	Equipment	(CIP)	Total
Opening balance as of 1 January	1.599.301	16.880.927	26.971.279	118.198.399	6.089.864	3.079.308	1.227.271	20.048.876	194.095.225
Inflation Effect	205.275	572.711	395.724	1.398.527	2.211.009	1.364.714	718.581	1.139.483	8.006.024
Translation difference	929.170	9.817.190	15.600.127	69.216.251	3.458.265	1.737.550	418.504	13.218.521	114.395.578
Additions (*)	50.960	226.808	33.284	1.449.293	207.078	154.268	56.814	21.209.380	23.387.885
Transfers from CIP (**)	59.735	1.195.955	75.421	6.972.405	23.743	80.887	107.276	(8.625.816)	(110.394)
Transfers to investment properties (**)	-	-	445.174	-	-	-	-	(2.513.561)	(2.068.387)
Disposals	-	(546.520)	(89.881)	(2.834.852)	(60.819)	(127.273)	(133.282)	(870)	(3.793.497)
Closing balance as of 31 December 2023	2.844.441	28.147.071	43.431.128	194.400.023	11.929.140	6.289.454	2.395.164	44.476.013	333.912.434
Accumulated Depreciation									
Opening balance as of 1 January	-	(13.064.331)	(20.307.001)	(73.318.684)	(3.908.808)	(1.811.423)	(667.874)	(301.550)	(113.379.671)
Inflation Effect	-	(481.395)	(338.907)	(966.230)	(2.210.624)	(1.338.321)	(83.350)	-	(5.418.827)
Translation difference	-	(7.469.150)	(11.855.923)	(42.544.324)	(2.211.618)	(1.013.889)	(332.710)	(13.753)	(65.441.367)
Charge for the period	-	(347.488)	(673.136)	(3.477.632)	(240.513)	(203.658)	(90.062)	-	(5.032.489)
Impairment released (losses) (***)	-	(160.409)	(85.122)	(167.151)	(9.448)	(1.028)	-	(56.907)	(480.065)
Disposals	-	546.460	86.268	2.400.438	54.660	122.777	133.248	-	3.343.851
Transfers to investment properties (**)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(88.729)	-	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(88.729)
Closing balance as of 31 December 2023		(20.976.313)	(33.262.550)	(118.073.583)	(8.526.351)	(4.245.542)	(1.040.748)	(372.210)	(186.497.297)
Net book value as of 31 December 2022	1.599.301	3.816.596	6.664.278	44.879.715	2.181.056	1.267.885	559.397	19.747.326	80.715.554
Net book value as of 31 December 2023	2.844.441	7.170.758	10.168.578	76.326.440	3.402.789	2.043.912	1.354.416	44.103.803	147.415.137

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amount of capitalized borrowing cost is TRY 241.045 thousand for the current period.

As of 31 December 2023, the Group has no collaterals or pledges upon its tangible assets.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> TRY 110.394 thousand is transferred to intangible assets (Note 15), and TRY 2.157.116 thousand of net book value was transferred to investment properties (Note 13).

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Due to the earthquake on 6 February 2023; Production activities of Isdemir, one of the subsidiaries of the Group, have been suspended until the due diligence studies are completed. As a result of the due diligence studies carried out by the Group as of the reporting period, an impairment of TRY (480.065) thousand has been calculated for the assets that will be out of use. As of the reporting date, the impairment provision, recalculated in the functional currency and reported by converting it into the presentation currency, is recorded in the "Expenses from Investing Activities" account of the consolidated statement of profit or loss (Note 29).

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (cont'd)

The breakdown of depreciation expenses related to property, plant and equipment is as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Associated with cost of production	7.633.708	4.660.441
General administrative expenses	245.256	137.211
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses	281.084	192.030
Research and development expenses	60.729	42.807
	8.220.777	5.032.489

#### **NOTE 15 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

The details of the Group's intangible assets as of the reporting period are as follows:

			Other	
			Intangible	
	Rights	Customer Relationships	Assets	Total
Cost				
Opening balance as of 1 January	8.241.406	3.145.255	297.589	11.684.250
Inflation Effect	18.863	-	7.825	26.688
Translation difference	1.639.379	624.185	55.564	2.319.128
Additions	32.502	-	1.318	33.820
Transfers from CIP	77.297	-	83	77.380
Disposals	(7.435)	<u>-</u> _	(28)	(7.463)
Closing balance as of 31 December 2024	10.002.012	3.769.440	362.351	14.133.803
Accumulated amortization				
Opening balance as of 1 January	(3.228.491)	(611.577)	(290.896)	(4.130.964)
Inflation Effect	(12.106)	-	(7.654)	(19.760)
Translation difference	(655.685)	(139.177)	(54.858)	(849.720)
Charge for the period	(215.943)	(233.488)	(4.409)	(453.840)
Disposals	887	<u></u>	28	915
Closing balance as of 31 December 2024	(4.111.338)	(984.242)	(357.789)	(5.453.369)
Net book value as of 31 December 2023	5.012.915	2.533.678	6.693	7.553.286
Net book value as of 31 December 2024	5.890.674	2.785.198	4.562	8.680.434

As of 31 December 2024, the Group has no collaterals or pledges upon its intangible assets.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 15 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS (cont'd)

			Other Intangible	
	Rights	Customer Relationships	Assets	Total
Cost			_	_
Opening balance as of 1 January	5.110.997	1.994.097	175.452	7.280.546
Inflation Effect	30.855	-	15.010	45.865
Translation difference	2.972.401	1.151.158	105.085	4.228.644
Additions	17.554	-	1.247	18.801
Transfers from CIP	109.599	<u>-</u> _	795	110.394
Closing balance as of 31 December 2023	8.241.406	3.145.255	297.589	11.684.250
Accumulated amortization				
Opening balance as of 1 January	(1.911.405)	(255.271)	(160.453)	(2.327.129)
Inflation Effect	(21.230)	-	(14.809)	(36.039)
Translation difference	(1.148.735)	(187.542)	(100.621)	(1.436.898)
Charge for the period	(147.121)	(168.764)	(15.013)	(330.898)
Closing balance as of 31 December 2023	(3.228.491)	(611.577)	(290.896)	(4.130.964)
Net book value as of 31 December 2022	3.199.592	1.738.826	14.999	4.953.417
Net book value as of 31 December 2023	5.012.915	2.533.678	6.693	7.553.286

As of 31 December 2023, the Group has no collaterals or pledges upon its intangible assets.

Customer relationships acquired as a part of business combinations are reflected in the consolidated financial statements over their fair values as of the acquisition date. Amortization of customer relationships is accounted for using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives.

The breakdown of amortization expenses related to intangible assets is as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Associated with cost of production	426.901	299.254
General administrative expenses	24.394	29.876
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses	-	6
Research and development expenses	2.545	1.762
	453.840	330.898

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## **NOTE 16 – RIGHT OF USE ASSETS**

As of the reporting date the movement of right of use assets are as follows:

	Right to Use	Vehicle	
	Land	Leases	Total
Cost			
Opening balance as of 1 January	313.101	390.147	703.248
Inflation effect	-	21.382	21.382
Additions to assets of operating lease	137.319	533.690	671.009
Disposals (-)	(50.144)	(235.572)	(285.716)
Translation difference	68.785	91.503	160.288
Closing balance as of 31 December 2024	469.061	801.150	1.270.211
Accumulated Amortization			
Opening balance as of 1 January	40.137	217.584	257.721
Inflation effect	-	8.606	8.606
Charge for the period	22.805	197.207	220.012
Disposals (-)	(13.870)	(212.640)	(226.510)
Translation difference	8.647	38.518	47.165
Closing balance as of 31 December 2024	57.719	249.275	306.994
Net book value as of 31 December 2023	272.964	172.563	445.527
Net book value as of 31 December 2024	411.342	551.875	963.217
	Right to Use	Vehicle	
	Right to Use  Land	Vehicle Leases	Total
Cost	Land		Total
Cost Opening balance as of 1 January	-		Total 342.251
	Land	Leases	
Opening balance as of 1 January	Land	Leases	342.251
Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect	Land	Leases 194.902 14.245	342.251 14.245
Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Additions to assets of operating lease	Land	194.902 14.245 93.674	342.251 14.245 159.003
Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Additions to assets of operating lease Disposals (-)	Land	194.902 14.245 93.674 (27.086)	342.251 14.245 159.003 (27.086)
Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Additions to assets of operating lease Disposals (-) Translation difference	Land  147.349  - 65.329  - 100.423	194.902 14.245 93.674 (27.086) 114.412	342.251 14.245 159.003 (27.086) 214.835
Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Additions to assets of operating lease Disposals (-) Translation difference Closing balance as of 31 December 2023 Accumulated Amortization	Land  147.349  - 65.329  - 100.423  313.101	194.902 14.245 93.674 (27.086) 114.412	342.251 14.245 159.003 (27.086) 214.835 703.248
Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Additions to assets of operating lease Disposals (-) Translation difference Closing balance as of 31 December 2023 <u>Accumulated Amortization</u> Opening balance as of 1 January	Land  147.349  - 65.329  - 100.423	194.902 14.245 93.674 (27.086) 114.412 390.147	342.251 14.245 159.003 (27.086) 214.835 703.248
Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Additions to assets of operating lease Disposals (-) Translation difference Closing balance as of 31 December 2023 <u>Accumulated Amortization</u> Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect	Land  147.349  - 65.329  - 100.423  313.101  18.875	194.902 14.245 93.674 (27.086) 114.412 390.147 81.254 5.649	342.251 14.245 159.003 (27.086) 214.835 703.248 100.129 5.649
Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Additions to assets of operating lease Disposals (-) Translation difference Closing balance as of 31 December 2023  Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Charge for the period	Land  147.349  - 65.329  - 100.423  313.101	194.902 14.245 93.674 (27.086) 114.412 390.147 81.254 5.649 96.107	342.251 14.245 159.003 (27.086) 214.835 703.248 100.129 5.649 104.500
Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Additions to assets of operating lease Disposals (-) Translation difference Closing balance as of 31 December 2023  Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Charge for the period Disposals (-)	Land  147.349  - 65.329  - 100.423  313.101  18.875  - 8.393	194.902 14.245 93.674 (27.086) 114.412 390.147 81.254 5.649 96.107 (24.600)	342.251 14.245 159.003 (27.086) 214.835 703.248 100.129 5.649 104.500 (24.600)
Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Additions to assets of operating lease Disposals (-) Translation difference Closing balance as of 31 December 2023  Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Charge for the period Disposals (-) Translation difference	Land  147.349  - 65.329  - 100.423  313.101  18.875	194.902 14.245 93.674 (27.086) 114.412 390.147 81.254 5.649 96.107	342.251 14.245 159.003 (27.086) 214.835 703.248 100.129 5.649 104.500
Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Additions to assets of operating lease Disposals (-) Translation difference Closing balance as of 31 December 2023  Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Charge for the period Disposals (-) Translation difference Closing balance as of 31 December 2023	Land  147.349  - 65.329  - 100.423  313.101  18.875  - 8.393  - 12.869  40.137	194.902 14.245 93.674 (27.086) 114.412 390.147 81.254 5.649 96.107 (24.600) 59.174 217.584	342.251 14.245 159.003 (27.086) 214.835 703.248 100.129 5.649 104.500 (24.600) 72.043 257.721
Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Additions to assets of operating lease Disposals (-) Translation difference Closing balance as of 31 December 2023  Accumulated Amortization Opening balance as of 1 January Inflation effect Charge for the period Disposals (-) Translation difference	Land  147.349  - 65.329  - 100.423  313.101  18.875  - 8.393  - 12.869	194.902 14.245 93.674 (27.086) 114.412 390.147 81.254 5.649 96.107 (24.600) 59.174	342.251 14.245 159.003 (27.086) 214.835 703.248 100.129 5.649 104.500 (24.600) 72.043

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 16 - RIGHT OF USE ASSETS (cont'd)

The items right of use assets recognized in profit or loss is as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Amortization of assets to operating lease	220.012	104.500
Interest expense from lease transactions (Note 31)	117.433	35.098

The Group has usage permit agreements regarding the port areas of the General Directorate of National Real Estate. The values of tangibles with usage permit periods expiring in 2048 and 2073 are measured at their present value by reducing the borrowing rate by 11% - 27% at the initial calculation.

The area where Erdemir's location and port facilities are located has been declared as the "Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş. Zonguldak Özel Endüstri Bölgesi" pursuant to the Presidential Decree No. 8861 dated 28 August 2024, within the scope of Law No. 4737. According to Article 34 of the Industrial Zones Regulation and Article 12 of the Regulation on the Management of Treasury Immovables, the port usage permits within the boundaries of Erdemir Zonguldak ÖEB, which are under the jurisdiction and control of the state, have been revised for a period of 49 years in terms of duration and cost. The usage permits for the remaining reclaimed areas and registered Treasury lands under the jurisdiction and control of the state have been established for 49 years as of 26 December 2024.

The area where İsdemir's location and port facilities are located; Within the scope of Law No. 4737, İskenderun Demir ve Çelik A.Ş. Hatay Özel Endüstri Bölgesi has been declared as "İsdemir ÖEB". In 2022, according to the 34th article of the Industrial Zones Regulation and the 12th article of the Regulation on the Administration of Treasury Immovables, the usage permits of the ports and filling areas within the borders of İsdemir ÖEB, which are under the jurisdiction and disposal of the state, have been revised in terms of time and cost for 49 years from contract revision date.

The Group has a usage permit agreement of regarding the forest land and energy transmission line of the General Directorate of Forestry. Forest land use permit will expire in 2039 - 2072, and the energy transmission line use permit will expire in 2064. The values of the immovable assets were measured at present value by reducing the borrowing rate in the first calculation with 10%-27%.

In addition, car lease contracts with useful lives between 2024 - 2028 and with borrowing rate reduced by 4% - 51% are measured at their present value.

Lease agreements are accounted for in the consolidated statement of financial position in the notes of right of use assets and borrowing in accordance with the above explanations (Note 7).

The distribution of amortization expenses related to right of use assets is as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Associated with cost of production	61.521	16.836
General administration expenses	145.809	77.259
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses	4.620	2.585
Other operating expenses	8.062	7.820
	220.012	104.500

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 17 – GOODWILL**

The purchase of the all shares of Kümaş Manyezit Sanayi A.Ş and its subsidiaries was completed on 3 February 2021. The share price dated 3 February 2021 has been subject to ultimate adjustment in accordance with the financial statements prepared as of the transfer date, and as a result of the adjustment, the ultimate share price has amounted to USD 295.943 thousand (TRY 2.112.206 thousand). As a result of the purchase; the part of the fair value of the acquired assets and liabilities amounting to USD 277.162 thousand (TRY 1.978.161 thousand) below the purchase price is recognized as goodwill amounting to USD 18.781 thousand (TRY 134.045 thousand)

As of the reporting date the movement of goodwill is as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Goodwill	662.608	552.886
	662.608	552.886
	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Opening balance	552.886	351.177
Translation difference	109.722	201.709
Closing balance	662.608	552.886

Goodwill is subject to impairment test every year. The recoverable amounts of cash generating units are determined on value in use basis. Value in use is determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to be generated by the cashgenerating unit.

The below key assumptions are used in the calculation of the value in use as of 31 December 2024:

The projection period for the purposes of goodwill impairment testing is approved by the management as 6 years between 1 January 2025 and 31 December 2030. Cash flows for further periods (perpetuity) were extrapolated using long term bond rate of 2,4% in US dollars. Weighted average cost of capital rate of 9,27% - 11,27% is used as after-tax discount rate in order to calculate the recoverable amount of the unit. As of the reporting period, no impairment has been determined in the amount of goodwill associated with the Group's activities.

## NOTE 18 – GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND INCENTIVES

These grants and incentives can be used by all companies, which meet the related legislative requirements and those grants have no sectoral differences:

- ✓ Incentives under the jurisdiction of the research and development law (100% corporate tax exemption etc.)
- ✓ Support in cash from Tubitak Teydeb, in return for research and devolopment expenditures,
- ✓ Inward processing permission certificates,
- ✓ Social Security Institution incentives
- ✓ Insurance premium employer share incentive.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 18 - GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND INCENTIVES (cont'd)

Research and development incentive premiums received amounts to TRY 92.716 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 53.218 thousand) which are considered as a deduction subject in the calculation of corporate tax calculation.

#### **NOTE 19 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

The Group's short term payables for employee benefits are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Due to personnel	2.256.354	671.398
Social security premiums payable	2.670.138	1.124.561
	4.926.492	1.795.959

As of the reporting date long term provisions of the employee benefits of the Group are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Provisions for employee termination benefits	5.121.104	4.761.820
Provisions for seniority incentive premium	361.262	296.149
Provision for unpaid vacations	689.016	524.506
	6.171.382	5.582.475

According to the articles of Turkish Labor Law in force, the Group have obligation to pay the legal employee termination benefits to each employee whose are 25 years of working life by completing at least one year of service, leaving for military services and deceased.

As of 31 December 2024, the amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TRY 41.828,42 (31 December 2023: TRY 23.489,83) for each year of service. As of the reporting date, the employment termination benefit, which has been taken into account in the calculation of provision and will be applicable as of 1 January 2025, has been updated to TRY 46.655,43 per month.

The employment termination benefit legally is not subject to any funding requirement.

The employment termination benefit has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of employees TMS 19 ("Employee Benefits") requires the Group's obligations to be developed using actuarial valuation methods within the scope of defined benefit plans.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 19 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (cont'd)

The obligation as of 31 December 2024 has been calculated by an independent actuary and projected unit credit method is used in the calculation. The actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of the present value of the future probable obligation are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Interest rate	25,88%	24,27%
Inflation rate	21.81%	21 02%

Discount rates are determined considering the expected duration of the retirement obligations and the currency in which the obligations will be paid. In calculations as of 31 December 2024, a fixed discount rate is used. Long term inflation estimates are made using an approach consistent with discount rate estimates and long term inflation rate fixed over years is used.

The anticipated rate of resignation which do not result in the payment of employee benefits is also considered in the calculation. The anticipated rate of resignation is assumed to be related with the past experience, therefore past experiences of employees are analyzed and considered in the calculation. In the actuarial calculation as of 31 December 2024, the anticipated rate of resignation is considered to be inversely proportional to the past experience. The anticipated rate of resignation is between 2%-0% for the employees with past experience between 0-15 years or over.

The movement of the provision for employee termination benefits is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January		January - 1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023		
Opening balance	4.761.820	2.922.934		
Service cost	378.705	511.408		
Interest cost	788.176	433.718		
Actuarial loss/(gain)	693.104	1.396.695		
Termination benefits paid	(1.420.056)	(526.577)		
Translation difference	(80.645)	23.642		
Closing balance	5.121.104	4.761.820		

The principal assumptions used in the calculation of retirement pay liability are discount rate and anticipated turnover rate. All other variables were held constant, the sensitivity analysis of the assumptions which was used for the calculation of provision for employment termination benefits as of 31 December 2024 as follows:

Interest rote

	Interest ra	Interest rate			
Change in rate	1% increase	1% decrease			
Change in employee benefits liability	(207.629)	244.890			
	Inflation ra	ate			
Change in rate	1% increase	1% decrease			
Change in employee benefits liability	251.606	(215.677)			

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 19 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (cont'd)

According to the current collective labor agreement, employees completing their 5th, 10th, 15th and 20th service years receive seniority incentive premium payments.

The movement of the provision for seniority incentive premium is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Opening balance	296.149	225.046
Service cost	51.464	30.182
Interest cost	66.959	36.929
Actuarial loss/(gain)	32.603	105.908
Termination benefits paid	(83.331)	(89.875)
Translation difference	(2.582)	(12.041)
Closing balance	361.262	296.149

The movement of the provision for unused vacation is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Opening balance	524.506	289.925
Provision for the period	754.103	591.157
Vacation paid during the period (-)	(144.875)	(51.973)
Provisions released (-)	(429.553)	(283.745)
Translation difference	(15.165)	(20.858)
Closing balance	689.016	524.506

## **NOTE 20 – PROVISIONS**

The Group's short term provisions are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Provision for lawsuits	880.160	534.502
Penalty provision for employment shortage of disabled	9.505	6.637
Provision for state right on mining activities	149.949	129.992
Provision for land occupation	47.930	27.474
	1.087.544	698.605

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 20 – PROVISIONS (cont'd)

The movement of the short term provisions is as follows:

1 January	Change		Provision	Translation	31 December
2024	for the period	Payments	released	difference	2024
534.502	417.392	(63.273)	(45.094)	36.633	880.160
6.637	4.157	-	(1.499)	210	9.505
129.992	157.825	(76.197)	(66.958)	5.287	149.949
27.474	160.433	(136.519)	(277)	(3.181)	47.930
698.605	739.807	(275.989)	(113.828)	38.949	1.087.544
	2024 534.502 6.637 129.992 27.474	2024     for the period       534.502     417.392       6.637     4.157       129.992     157.825       27.474     160.433	2024     for the period     Payments       534.502     417.392     (63.273)       6.637     4.157     -       129.992     157.825     (76.197)       27.474     160.433     (136.519)	2024         for the period         Payments         released           534.502         417.392         (63.273)         (45.094)           6.637         4.157         -         (1.499)           129.992         157.825         (76.197)         (66.958)           27.474         160.433         (136.519)         (277)	2024         for the period         Payments         released         difference           534.502         417.392         (63.273)         (45.094)         36.633           6.637         4.157         -         (1.499)         210           129.992         157.825         (76.197)         (66.958)         5.287           27.474         160.433         (136.519)         (277)         (3.181)

	1 January	Change		Provision	Translation	31 December
	2023	for the period	Payments	released	difference	2023
Provision for lawsuits	368.664	161.832	(45.039)	(18.238)	67.283	534.502
Penalty provision for employment shortage of disabled personnel	9.291	11	(713)	(2.180)	228	6.637
Provision for state right on mining activities	94.172	130.564	(80.729)	(19.728)	5.713	129.992
Provision for land occupation	47.305	102.297	(123.297)	(87)	1.256	27.474
	519.432	394.704	(249.778)	(40.233)	74.480	698.605

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 20 – PROVISIONS (cont'd)

#### **Provision for lawsuits**

As of reporting period lawsuits filed by and against the Group are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Lawsuits filed by the Group	1.469.097	1.080.796
	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
I avaguita filed a gainst the Crown		
Lawsuits filed against the Group	587.297	393.968
Provision for lawsuits filed against the Group	880.160	534.502

The Company, prepared its consolidated financial statements as of 31 March 2005, 30 June 2005 and 30 September 2005 according to CMB's Communiqué Serial XI No 25 on "Accounting Standards to be implemented in Capital Markets" which is not in effect today, whereas its consolidated financial statements of 31 December 2005 was prepared according to International Financial Reporting Standards by virtue of the Article 726 and Temporary Article 1 of the aforementioned Communiqué, and CMB's letter no. SPK.017/83-3483 dated 7 March 2006, sent to the Group Management. The aforementioned Communiqué (Serial XI No. 25 on the "Accounting Standards to be implemented in Capital Markets"), and Communiqués inserting some provisions thereto together with the Communiqués amending it, became effective starting with the consolidated financial statements of the first interim period ending after 1 January 2005.

CMB asked the Company to prepare its consolidated financial statements of 31 December 2005 all over again according to the same accounting standards set used during the period, to publish those statements, and to submit them to the General Assembly Approval as soon as possible, by stating on its decision no. 21/526 dated 5 May 2006 that the Company's changing the accounting standards set used during the term (Serial XI, No 25) at the end of the same term (IFRS) caused a decrease amounting to TRY 152.330 thousand on the period due to negative goodwill income.

The Company challenged the aforementioned decision before the 11th Administrative Court of Ankara (E. 2006/1396). This lawsuit was rejected on 29 March 2007, but the Company appealed this rejection on 11 October 2007. 13th Chamber of the Council of State rejected the appeal on 12 May 2010; however the Company also appealed this rejection on 2 September 2010. However, 13th Chamber of the Council of State also dismissed this appeal against rejection on 6 June 2012 with its decision No. E. 2010/4196, K.2012/1499. This decision was notified to the Company's lawyers on 16 July 2012.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 20 – PROVISIONS (cont'd)

#### Provision for lawsuits (cont'd)

CMB, prepared the Company's consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2005, which had been prepared according to the IFRS, by adding the negative goodwill of TRY 152.330 thousand, that had previously been added to the accumulated earnings, to the profit of 2005 on its own motion and account, and published them on Istanbul Stock Exchange Bulletin on 15 August 2006; with the rationale that the Company had not fulfilled its due demand on grounds that "Article 726 and Temporary Provision 1 of CMB's Communiqué Serial XI, No. 25 authorize the use of IFRS on consolidated financial statements of 2005, although CMB had given the Company a 'permission' No. SPK.0.17/83-3483 of 7 March 2006, and the lawsuits regarding this issue are still pending". Company challenged CMB's aforementioned decision by a separate lawsuit on 10 October 2006. 11th Administrative Court of Ankara rejected this case on 25 June 2007. The Company appealed this rejection 11 October 2007; 13th Chamber of the Council of State, accepted the appeal request and abolished the rejection judgement. CMB appealed the Chamber's decision on 6 September 2010. 13th Chamber of the Council of State accepted CMB's appeal and reverted its previous abolishment decision, and ratified 11th Administrative Court of Ankara's judgment by the majority of the votes on 30 May 2012 with its decision no. E. 2010/4405; K. 2012/1352. This decision was notified to the Company's lawyers on 20 July 2012.

Had the Company started to prepare its consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS after 31 December 2005, it would also have to present the comparative consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS based on "IFRS 1: First-time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" and the previously recognized negative goodwill would be transferred directly to retained earnings on 1 January 2005 instead of recognizing in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in accordance with "IFRS 3: Business Combinations". Therefore, the net profit for the periods ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 will not be affected from the above mentioned disputes.

Company's Shareholders' General Assembly, which was held at 30 March 2006, decided dividend distribution according to the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2005, which was prepared according to IFRS. Privatization Administration, who has a usufruct right over 1 (one) equity share among the Company shares it transferred to Ataer Holding A.Ş., filed a lawsuit at 1 May 2006 the 3th Commercial Court of Ankara against the aforementioned General Assembly decision, and claimed that, dividend distribution decision must be abolished and TRY 35.673 thousand allegedly unpaid dividend must be paid to itself (E. 2006/218). The Court rejected the case on 23 October 2008; Privatization Administration appealed this rejection on 7 January 2009. Court of Appeals' 11th Chamber reversed this rejection judgement on 30 November 2010; this time the Company appealed the Chamber's decision on 18 February 2011. However, the Chamber rejected the Company's appeal on 14 July 2011. The case file, sent back to 3th Commercial Court of Ankara once again. The case was dismissed at the hearing held on 26 June 2015. Decision of the local court has been reversed by the Supreme Court 11th Civil Chamber with the decision dated 24 May 2017 and 2015/15771 Docket; 2017/3040 Decision number. The decision of reversal has been notified to the Company on 2 August 2017. Erdemir has applied for revision of the decision against the Supreme Court 11th Civil Chamber's decision dated 24 May 2017 and 2015/15771 Docket; 2017/3040 Decision number. By the decision of the Supreme Court 11th Civil Chamber dated 27 June 2019 and 2017/4580 Docket; 2019/4955 Decision number which was served to Company on 28 August 2019, it was notified that Company's request for revision of the decision has been rejected. In the file No. 2019/418 E. of the 3rd Commercial Court of First Instance of Ankara, the court accepted the case subject to appeal, on 30 December 2021, the Company has appealed on 3 March 2022. Upon the rejection of the Company's appeal, the Company has applied for the revision of the decision. The decision given upon the request for correction of the decision has not been notified to the Company as of the reporting date.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 20 – PROVISIONS (cont'd)

#### Provision for lawsuits (cont'd)

The Company, based on the above mentioned reasons, does not expect for the possible effects of changes in the net profit for the year ended 31 December 2005 due to the lawsuits mentioned above to have any impact in the accompanying consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023.

Corus International Trading Ltd. Co. (new trading title: Tata Steel International (North America) Ltd.). located at Illinois state of United States of America and the Company executed a contract in 2008. The company fulfilled all its performances arisen from this contract in January and February in 2009. Corus International Trading Ltd. Co. sold to third parties the products supplied from company but thereafter alleged that they directed claim to some compensation and that these claims must be covered by Erdemir. Parties could not reach an exact agreement about this matter and then Corus International Trading Ltd. Co filed an action for compensation at amount of USD 4.800 thousand together with accessory against the Company in Illinois State District Court of USA. It is learnt through a notification made to the Company on 21 July 2010. After the subject case is dismissed by the court from jurisdiction aspect; this time a lawsuit is re-filed by Tata Steel International (North America) Ltd.) in Texas State District Court. This case is also dismissed by the court from jurisdiction aspect.

It is learnt through a notification made to the Company on 31 October 2012 that Corus International Trading Ltd. Co. (new trading title: Tata Steel International (North America) Ltd.) filed an action for compensation at amount of USD 4.800 thousand together with accessory against the Company before Ankara 14. Commercial Court of First Instance. As a result of adjudication made; the court adjudged to dismiss the case on procedural grounds because of non-competence and to send the file to commissioned and competent Karadeniz Ereğli Commercial Court of First Instance in Duty when the judgement becomes definite and in case of request. The case continued on file no. 2013/63 in Karadeniz Ereğli 2nd Civil Court of First Instance. At the hearing of the ongoing case dated 28 November 2017, Kdz. Ereğli 2. Civil Court of First Instance has decided to partially accept the case against Company. Company has applied for the appeal against the decision. With the decision of the 22nd Civil Chamber of the Ankara Regional Court of Justice, the decision of the Karadeniz. Ereğli 2nd Civil Court of First Instance has been annulled. The file was sent to the Karadeniz. Ereğli 2nd Civil Court of First Instance to be send back to the Regional Court of Justice after the reasoned decision was written. At the hearing dated February 22, 2022, it was decided that the case was partially accepted and partially rejected, subject to appeal. Our company has appealed against this decision on April 13, 2022. 22nd Civil Chamber of the Ankara Regional Court of Justice has decided to revoke the court's decision without consideration of merits and to send the file back to the court in order to be written appropriate grounds in the judgment part. On 27 March 2023 Kdz. Ereğli 2nd Civil Court of First Instance has partially accepted the case subject to appeal. Our company has applied for the appeal against the decision on 27 April 2023. 22. Civil Chamber of the Ankara Regional Court of Justice has sent the file back to the Kdz Ereğli 2. Civil Court of First Instance and requested from the court to send the file back to itself for re-examination after the court's evaluation of the Company's petition of correction. Therefore, Kdz. Ereğli 2. Civil Court of First Instance decided to make the hearing on 11 July 2023. At the hearing dated 11 July 2023, Kdz. Ereğli 2. Civil Court of First Instance has decided to correct the decision. The file was sent to Regional Court of Justice fort he appeal. On 14 June 2024 22. Civil Chamber of the Ankara Regional Court of Justice has partially accepted the case subject to appeal. The Company appealed against the decision on 5 September 2024. A provision amounting to TRY 346.445 thousand recognized on consolidated financial statements for the related lawsuit.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 20 – PROVISIONS (cont'd)

#### Resolution of Constitutional Court on Electric and Coal Gas Tax

The claims filed every month for refunding of taxes paid and deduction thereof from Electric and Coal Gas Consumption Tax collected by the Municipality on the Electric and Coal Gas consumption quantity produced by the Company in the facilities and used for industrial production of the Company were concluded in the court of first instance and the Council of State against the company. Thereafter, the Company used its right to individual application at the Constitutional Court on 16 March 2015. In the General Assembly Resolution of Constitutional Court notified to the Company on 27 December 2018, it is decided that the property rights of the Company were violated, and retrial should be held in order to eliminate the consequences of the violation of the property rights for 15 cases which were brought together within the scope of Company's individual application.

Similarly, the Constitutional Court that the Company's property right was violated, and retrial should be held in order to eliminate the consequences of the violation of the property rights for 21 cases which were brought together within the scope of the Company's individual application.

There are 3 applications for which the decisions are awaited from the Constitutional Court.

The cases which the Constitutional Court has sent to Zonguldak Tax Court to be retrialed, have been retrialed by Zonguldak Tax Court and the Court has resolved in favor of the Company. 69 cases have been finalized in favor of the Company.

#### Lawsuit against The Municipality of Kdz. Ereğli's Tax Penalty Notifications

A real estate tax review was carried out by the Municipality of Kdz Ereğli under the name of "Real Estate Tax Determination Field Study" at Company's Ereğli facilities in August 2019. As a result of this tax inspection, 1.924 tax penalty notifications were notified to the company on 23 December 2019. With the 1.924 tax penalty notices, the building tax and related cultural assets contribution share has been levied for 2014 to 2019, as well as the tax loss penalty for the same periods. The amount of tax and related cultural assets contribution assessment is TRY 25.586 thousand and TRY 23.888 thousand tax loss penalty has been imposed.

6 lawsuits were filed against the notifications for penalty in the Zonguldak Tax Court by the Company on 20 January 2020. Zonguldak Tax Court has accepted the lawsuits and decided to cancel such notifications. Karadeniz Ereğli Municipality appealed against the decisions. Ankara Regional Administrative Court rejected the appeal of Kdz. Ereğli Municipality subject to appeal. Kdz. Ereğli Municipality appealed to the Council of State. The Council of State rejected the appeal of Kdz. Ereğli Municipality. The cases have been finalized in favor of the Company.

## Lawsuits against Cease and Desist Orders and Zoning Administrative Fines of The Municipality of Kdz. Ereğli

The Municipality of Kdz. Ereğli has sealed 15 buildings in Company factory site with cease and desist orders. Subsequently, with Municipal Committee's decisions, administrative fines amounting to TRY 258.683 thousand have been notified to Company. 15 lawsuits with suspension of execution request have filed against aforementioned cease and desist orders and administrative fines at the Zonguldak Administrative Court.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 20 – PROVISIONS (cont'd)

## Lawsuits against Cease and Desist Orders and Zoning Administrative Fines of The Municipality of Kdz. Ereğli (cont'd)

In all cases, the court decided to cancel the proceedings that were the subject of the lawsuit. The Municipality has appealed against these decisions. In one of this case, the Regional Administrative Court has definitely decided to annul the decision and partially accepted the case. In 14 of the cases, the Regional Administrative Court decided to reject the appeal of Karadeniz Ereğli Municipality.

In 11 cases the Municipality has appealed to the Council of State against these decisions. 3 cases were finalized in favor of the Company without appeal. Council of State has decided to approve definitely the 7 cases out of 11 cases in favor of the Company. In 4 cases The Council of State accepted the appeal request and reversed the judgement and decided to send the cases to the Regional Administrative Court to be redecided. Regional Administrative Court has decided to accept the appeals in 4 cases and has sent them back to the local court for a new decision to be given after a merits review. In three of these cases the local court has partially accepted the cases. The Company has appealed to the Regional Administrative Court against these decisions. In one of these cases the local court has accepted the case.

No provision has been made in the consolidated financial statements due to the fact that no significant cash outflow is expected in line with the Group Management's assessments.

### Provision for state right on mining activities

According to "Mining Law" numbered 3213 and regulation on "Mining Law Enforcement" published in the Official Gazette, numbered 25716 on 3 February 2005, the Group is calculated state right on mining activities based on the sales and recognized provision on financial statements.

#### Land occupation

The Group have land property within the Erdemir factory area being within the provision and possession of the state. General Communique of National Estate with the series number 336 lays down the methods and principles of designation, estimation and collection of land occupation to be undertaken by the administration in respect of the land properties within the private possession of the treasury. In accordance with the communique, the land occupation is going to be designated and estimated by the relevant value designation commission with the condition of not being less than 3% of the minimum value which is the basis for the property tax of the land property.

In current period, land occupation provision recognized on balance sheet, considering property fair values presented land occupation notifications and yearly probable increases.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 21 – COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The guarantees received by the Group are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
-	2024	2023
Letters of guarantees received	23.234.769	17.058.993
	23.234.769	17.058.993
The Collaterals, pledges and mortgages (CPM) given by the Gro	oup are as follows:	
	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
A. Total CPM given for the Company's own legal entity	29.342.141	5.329.066
B. Total CPM given in favour of subsidiaries consolidated on		
line-by-line basis	3.999.371	3.672.538
C. Total CPM given in favour of other 3rd parties for ordinary		
trading operations	-	-
D. Other CPM given	-	-
i. Total CPM given in favour of parent entity	-	-
ii. Total CPM given in favour of other Group companies out		
of the scope of clause B and C	-	-
iii. Total CPM given in favour of other 3rd parties out of the		
scope of clause C	-	-
	33.341.512	9.001.604

Total CPM given by the Group in favor of subsidiaries consolidated on line-by-line basis amounting to TRY 3.999.371 thousand has been given as collateral for financial liabilities explained in Note 7, tax receivables and for raw material procurements. As of 31 December 2024, the ratio of the other CPM given by the Group to shareholders equity is 0% (31 December 2023: 0%).

The foreign currency distribution of the collaterals given by the Group is as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
US Dollars	11.575.520	6.706.689
Turkish Lira	19.990.720	531.917
EURO	1.775.272	1.762.998
	33.341.512	9.001.604

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 22 - OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

As of the reporting date, the details of the Group's other assets and liabilities are as follows: Other current assets

31 December	31 December
2024	2023
2.264.995	838.989
8.989.807	16.612.894
4.804.529	1.284.784
944.183	67.246
226.294	85.379
17.229.808	18.889.292
	2024 2.264.995 8.989.807 4.804.529 944.183 226.294

Insurance income accruals; It consists of the amount of receivables for which an agreement was made within the scope of insurance of İsdemir, one of the subsidiaries of the Company, due to the earthquake that occurred on 6 February 2023.

#### Other non-current assets

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Other VAT receivable	1.279.098	1.009.172
	1.279.098	1.009.172
Other current liabilities		
	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
VAT payable	1.050.821	723.755
Other current liabilities	22.255	54.508
	1.073.076	778.263
Other non-current liabilities		
	31 December	31 December
_	2024	2023
Other non-current liabilities	22.654	16.779
	22.654	16.779

### **NOTE 23 – DEFERRED INCOME**

As of the reporting date, the details of the Group's short term deferred income are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Advances received	1.057.726	1.230.613
Deferred income	103.502	83.327
	1.161.228	1.313.940

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 24 – EQUITY**

As of the Group's reporting date the capital structure is as follows:

	31 December		31 December
(%)	2024	(%)	2023
49,29	3.449.965	49,29	1.724.982
46,74	3.271.911	47,17	1.650.776
3,97	278.124	3,55	124.242
100,00	7.000.000	100,00	3.500.000
		-	156.613
	7.000.000		3.656.613
_	(1.315.022)		(640.504)
-	5.684.978		3.016.109
	49,29 46,74 3,97	(%)         2024           49,29         3.449.965           46,74         3.271.911           3,97         278.124           100,00         7.000.000           -         7.000.000           (1.315.022)	(%)         2024         (%)           49,29         3.449.965         49,29           46,74         3.271.911         47,17           3,97         278.124         3,55           100,00         7.000.000         100,00           -         7.000.000           (1.315.022)

The capital of Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş. is subject to the registered capital limit. The board of directors may, at any time it may think necessary, increase the capital by means of issuing bearer shares each with a nominal value of 1 Kr (one Kurus) up to the amount of the registered capital, which is TRY 7.000.000.000.

With the decision of the Board of Directors of Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş., it has been decided to increase the issued capital of TRY 3.500.000.000 by TRY 3.500.000.000, which is 100% of the current issued capital, to TRY 7.000.000.000, with TRY 156.613.220,99 from capital adjustment differences and TRY 3.343.386.779,01 from extraordinary reserves within the previous year's profits. The issuance document was approved by the Capital Markets Board with the decision dated 21 November 2024 and numbered 60/1650, and the registration and announcement were completed with its publication in the Türkiye Trade Registry Gazette dated 20 December 2024 and numbered 11233.

The issued capital of the Company consists of 700.000.000.000 lots of shares (31 December 2023: 350.000.000.000 lots). The nominal value of each share is 1 Kr (Kurus) (31 December 2023: 1 Kr). This capital is split between A and B group shares. Group A shares consist of 1 share with a share value of 1 Kr and Group B shares consist of 6.999.999.999,999 shares representing TRY 699.999.999.999 of the issued capital.

The Board of Directors consists of 9 members 3 of which are independent. The number and qualifications of independent members are ascertained in compliance with the CMB's Communique numbered II-17,1 on Corporate Governance Principles.

The General Assembly has to choose one member to the Board of Directors from the nominees of the Privatization Administration as the beneficiary owner representing A Group shares. In case, the Board member representing the A Group shares leaves the board within the chosen period, a new board member is obliged to be chosen from the nominees of the Privatization Administration as the beneficiary owner. For decisions to be taken about the rights assigned to A Group shares, the board member representing A Group shares is also obliged to use an affirmative vote.

The decisions to change the Articles of Association of the Company that will have an effect on the board of directors' meeting and decision quorum, rights assigned to A Group shares, rights assigned to A Group shares in relation to investments and employment decisions and any other changes in the Articles of Association of the Company which will directly or indirectly affect the rights of A Group shares, have to receive an affirmative vote of the beneficiary owner representing the A Group shares. Otherwise, the decisions are accepted as invalid.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 24 – EQUITY (cont'd)

Article IV-K of Articles of Association "According to Turkish Commercial Code Article 329, transactions of an entity's own shares" Erdemir, as of 31 December 2024, holds its own shares with a nominal value of TRY 278.124 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 124.242 thousand).

	31 December	31 December
Other Equity Items	2024	2023
Share Premium	106.447	106.447
Cash Flow Hedging Reserves	47.523	(67.036)
Foreign Currency Translation Reserves Not to be Reclassified to Profit	98.513.282	82.963.998
Foreign Currency Translation Reserves to be Reclassified to Profit	(9.772.072)	(8.416.227)
Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain Fund	(2.961.205)	(2.455.521)
Restricted Reserves Assorted from Profit	10.973.470	9.302.588
Retained Earnings	120.873.630	97.708.043
	217.781.075	179.142.292

However, in accordance with the communiqué numbered II-14,1 "Communiqué on the Principles of Financial Reporting In Capital Markets" ("the Communiqué") on 13 June 2013 which is published on Official Gazette numbered 28676, "Paid-in capital", "Restricted profit reserves" and "Share premium" should be presented by using their registered amounts in the statutory records. The restatement differences (e.g. inflation restatement differences) arising from the application of this Communiqué should be associated with the:

- "Capital restatement differences" item following the "paid-in capital" line item in the financial statements, if the differences are caused by "paid-in capital" and have not been added to capital vet:
- "Retained earnings", if the differences are arising from "restricted profit reserves" and "share premium" and have not been associated with either profit distribution or capital increase yet.

Other equity items are carried at the amounts that are valued based on the TFRS. Capital restatement differences may only be considered as part of the paid-up capital.

Listed companies distribute dividend in accordance with the Communiqué No. II-19.1 issued by the CMB which is effective from 1 February 2014.

Companies distribute dividends in accordance with their dividend payment policies settled and dividend payment decision taken in general assembly and also in conformity with relevant legislations. The communiqué does not constitute a minimum dividend rate for the publicly-held subsidiaries. Companies distribute dividend in accordance with the method defined in their dividend policy or articles of incorporation. In addition, dividend can be distributed by fixed or variable installments and advance dividend can be paid in accordance with profit on interim financial statements of the Company.

In accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code (TCC), unless the required reserves and the dividend for shareholders as determined in the article of association or in the dividend distribution policy of the company are set aside, no decision may be made to set aside other reserves, to transfer profits to the subsequent year or to distribute dividends to the holders of usufruct right certificates, to the members of the board of directors or to the employees; and no dividend can be distributed to these persons unless the determined dividend for shareholders is paid in cash.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 24 – EQUITY (cont'd)

Inflation adjustments to issued capital and historical amount of extraordinary reserves can be used as an internal source of capital increase, dividend distribution in cash or the net off from prior period losses. In case of usage of the inflation adjustment differences in dividend distribution in cash, it is subject to corporate tax.

The Company's financial statements prepared in accordance with the Tax Procedure Law have been subject to inflation adjustment as of 31 December 2024, and the inflation differences of equity items (accumulated profits and resources that can be added to capital) have been recorded in the statutory financial statements as of the reporting date.

The legal reserves and the share premium, which is regarded as legal reserve in accordance with TCC Article 466, are presented using their amounts in statutory records. In this context, the difference of inflation restatements in accordance with TFRS framework, that are not subject to profit distribution or capital increase as of the date of financial statements, is associated with the prior periods' profit or loss.

According to the first paragraph of Article 519 numbered 6102 of the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), 5% of the profit shall be allocated as the first legal reserves, up to 20% of the paid/ issued capital. First dividend is appropriated for shareholders after deducting from the profit. Following the deduction of the amounts from the "profit", General Assembly of Shareholders is authorized to decide whether shall be the remaining balance shall be fully or totally placed in extraordinary legal reserves or whether it is distributed, also taking into consideration the Company's profit distribution policy. According to the subclause 3 of the clause 2 of Article 519 of the Turkish Commercial Code, after deducting dividends amounting to 5% of the paid/issued capital from the part decided to be allocated; ten percent of the remaining balance shall be appropriated to second legal reserves. If it is decided to distribute the profit as bonus share, through the method of adding the profit to the capital, second legal reserves is not appropriated.

According to the CMB Communiqué, until the Company's Article of Association was revised on 31 March 2008, an amount equal to the first dividend distributed to shareholders is allocated as status reserves in order to be used in the plant expansion. Also, according to the 13th Article of Association before the revision on 31 March 2008, 5% of the net profit for the period after taxation is estimated to be allocated as legal reserves up until reaching 50% of the paid/issued capital. The reserve amount that exceeds the 20% of the legal reserves, defined by the Article 519 of TCC, is recorded as status reserve. Status reserves could be used for free capital increases and profit distribution.

As of the reporting period, the amount of resources available for profit distribution in the Company's statutory records is TRY 16.515.883 thousand.

The amendment in TAS-19 "Employee Benefits" does not permit the actuarial gain /loss considered in the calculation of provision for employee termination benefits to be accounted for under the statement of profit or loss. The gains and losses arising from the changes in the actuarial assumption have been accounted for by "Actuarial (Loss)/Gain Funds" under the equity. The funds for actuarial gains/ (losses) in the employee termination benefits is not in a position to be reclassified under profit and loss.

As it stated in Note 2.1, foreign currency translation reserve arises from expressing the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations in reporting currency TRY by using exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognized under translation reserve in equity.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 25 – SALES AND COST OF SALES

The Group derives its revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following major product lines. The amount of performance obligations in the ongoing contracts of the Group will be eligible for recognition in the future is TRY 1.057.726 thousand (Note 23). The Company plans to recognize related revenue amount as a revenue in a year.

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Domestic sales	156.718.987	124.640.941
Export sales	36.070.501	15.902.785
Other revenues	9.638.614	6.263.422
Interest income from sales with maturities	1.924.500	1.338.564
Sales returns (-)	(100.619)	(123.089)
Sales discounts (-)	(192.043)	(122.831)
	204.059.940	147.899.792
Cost of sales (-)	(184.055.336)	(132.242.934)
Gross profit	20.004.604	15.656.858

The total amount of product exports in other revenues is TRY 4.416.958 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 2.695.768 thousand). Total interest income from export sales with maturities is TRY 29.745 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 12.714 thousand).

As of Group's reporting date, the detail of cost of sales is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Raw material usage	(132.891.342)	(97.403.804)
Personnel costs	(14.714.827)	(8.227.579)
Energy costs	(11.974.512)	(12.311.205)
Depreciation and amortization expenses	(7.848.474)	(4.810.904)
Manufacturing overheads	(7.657.065)	(4.254.526)
Other cost of goods sold	(4.131.596)	(1.881.498)
Non-operating costs (*)	(760.667)	(2.003.011)
Freight costs for sales delivered to customers	(2.035.567)	(1.072.038)
Allowance expenses for impairment on inventories (Note 10)	(466.262)	(132.263)
Inventory provision released (Note 10)	263.984	934.408
Amortization of right of use assets	(61.521)	(16.836)
Other	(1.777.487)	(1.063.678)
	(184.055.336)	(132.242.934)

<sup>(\*)</sup> Non-operating part costs amounting to TRY (760.667) thousand incurred due to planned and/or unplanned halt production in the Group's production facilities is not associated with the product cost and is directly recognized in the cost of sales. Due to the earthquake that occurred on 6 February 2023, the non-working part expense amounting to TRY (2.003.011) thousand, which occurred as a result of unexpected shutdowns in the production facilities of Isdemir, one of the Company's subsidiaries, andplanned shutdowns in other production facilities of the Group, was not associated with the product cost in the prior period and is accounted directly within the cost of sales.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 26 – RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES, MARKETING, SALES AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES, GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

As of Group's reporting date, the detail of marketing, sales and distribution expenses according to their nature is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Marketing expenses (-)	(2.057.384)	(1.177.995)
General administrative expenses (-)	(5.356.542)	(2.672.791)
Research and development expenses (-)	(335.591)	(190.227)
	(7.749.517)	(4.041.013)

### NOTE 27 – OPERATING EXPENSES ACCORDING TO THEIR NATURE

As of Group's reporting date, the detail of marketing, sales and distribution expenses according to their nature is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Personnel expenses (-)	(779.048)	(456.437)
Depreciation and amortization (-)	(281.084)	(192.036)
Benefits and services from third parties (-)	(992.632)	(526.937)
Amortization of right of use assets (-)	(4.620)	(2.585)
	(2.057.384)	(1.177.995)

As of Group's reporting date, the detail of general administrative expenses is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Personnel expenses (-)	(2.268.969)	(1.161.570)
Depreciation and amortization (-)	(424.390)	(220.709)
Benefits and services from third parties (-)	(2.458.467)	(1.195.761)
Tax, duty and charges (-)	(61.262)	(27.959)
Provision/ Provision released for doubtful receivables (net)	2.355	10.467
Amortization of right of use assets (-)	(145.809)	(77.259)
	(5.356.542)	(2.672.791)

As of Group's reporting date, the detail of research and development expenses is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Personnel expenses (-)	(172.618)	(89.943)
Depreciation and amortization (-)	(63.274)	(44.569)
Benefits and services from third parties (-)	(99.699)	(55.715)
	(335.591)	(190.227)

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 27 - OPERATING EXPENSES ACCORDING TO THEIR NATURE (cont'd)

#### Fees related to services received from the independent audit firm

Group, Based on the Board Decision of the Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority published in the "POA" Official Gazette, the fees related to the services received from the independent auditor/independent audit firm as of the reporting period are as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Independent audit fee for reporting period	(9.258)	(6.516)
Fee for other assurance services	(532)	(235)
	(9.790)	(6.751)

### NOTE 28 – OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSES) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

As of Group's reporting date, the detail of other operating income is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Other operating income		
Prior period fixed asset damage indemnity income	-	727.981
Foreign exchange gain from trade receivables and payables (net)	233.070	536.541
Forfeit advances from customers	4.323	2.055
Discount income	404	-
Provisions released	46.593	20.418
Service income	273.436	155.463
Maintenance repair and rent income	64.917	28.547
Warehouse income	145.731	105.842
Indemnity and penalty detention income	37.466	25.725
Prior period insurance indemnity income	87.400	207.873
Lawsuit income	3.767	25.116
Overdue interest income	93.683	122.926
Current period insurance indemnity income	8.522.852	2.370.850
Other income and gains	271.374	262.184
	9.785.016	4.591.521

Due to the earthquake on 6 February 2023, an agreement has been reached for the collection of advance payments amounting to TRY 8.522.852 thousand (USD 260.000 thousand) related to the insurance compensation for İsdemir, one of the Company's subsidiaries (31 December 2023: TRY 2.370.850 thousand (USD 100.000 thousand)).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 28 - OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSES) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (cont'd)

As of Group's reporting date, the detail of other operating expenses is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Other operating expenses (-)		
Provision expenses	(421.549)	(161.843)
Lawsuit compensation expenses	(25.661)	(74.657)
Right of use assets amortization	(8.062)	(7.820)
Donation expenses	(100.143)	(868.937)
Service expenses	(161.293)	(95.253)
Penalty expenses	(47.820)	(109.604)
Other expenses and losses	(219.355)	(139.624)
	(983.883)	(1.457.738)

### NOTE 29 -INCOME/(EXPENSES) FROM INVESMENT ACTIVITIES

As of Group's reporting date, the detail of income from investment activities is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Net gain/(loss) from financial asset at fair value through		
profit or loss	112.298	255.436
Income from sales on tangible assets	41.808	12.409
Rent income from investment properties	233.862	91.435
Property, plant and equipment provisions released (Note 14)	134.026	
	521.994	359.280

As of Group's reporting date, the detail of expenses from investment activities is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Loss on sales of tangible assets	(1.358)	(29.056)
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	(223.547)	(32.436)
Impairment of property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	-	(480.065)
Expenses from investment properties	(29.835)	(3.178)
Net gain/(loss) from venture capital mutual fund at fair value		
through profit or loss	(21.831)	
	(276.571)	(544.735)
	-	

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 30 – FINANCE INCOME**

As of Group's reporting date, the detail of finance income is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Interest income on bank deposits	4.636.307	2.458.435
Interest income from financial investments	322.651	490
Fair value differences of derivative financial instruments (net)	42.994	826.923
Other financial income	17.034	10.729
	5.018.986	3.296.577

#### **NOTE 31 – FINANCE EXPENSES**

As of Group's reporting date, the breakdown of finance expenses is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Interest expenses on borrowings	(10.410.853)	(5.074.609)
Foreign exchange loss (net)	(984.587)	(2.774.644)
Interest cost of employee benefits	(855.135)	(469.499)
Interest expenses on leasings	(117.433)	(35.098)
Other financial expenses	(105.040)	(25.223)
	(12.473.048)	(8.379.073)

During the period, the interest expenses of TRY 930.159 thousand have been capitalized as part of the Group's property, plant and equipment (31 December 2023: TRY 241.045 thousand).

## NOTE 32 – TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The details of the Group's tax expenses as of the reporting period are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
Corporate tax payable:	2024	2023
Corporation tax for the prior period	1.031	54.494
Current corporate tax provision	596.140	5.715.882
Prepaid taxes and funds (-)	(279.546)	(2.537.926)
	317.625	3.232.450
	1 January -	1 January -
<u>Taxation:</u>	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Current corporate tax expense	554.233	4.761.341
Deferred tax (income) / expense	(1.224.958)	(253.276)
Tax (income) expense reported in the profit or loss	(670.725)	4.508.065

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 32 – TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

#### Corporate tax

The Group, except its subsidiaries in Romania and Singapore, is subject to Turkish corporate taxes in force. The necessary provisions are allocated in the consolidated financial statements for the estimated liabilities based on the Group's results for the year. Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiary to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in the consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Corporate tax is applied on taxable corporate income, which is calculated from the statutory accounting profit by adding non-deductible expenses, and by deducting dividends received from resident companies, other exempt income and investment incentives utilized.

Institutions with the Law No. 7456 published in the Official Gazette dated 15 July 2023 by making changes in the first paragraph of Article 32 of the Tax Law, the year 2023 and the following the corporate tax rate for corporate earnings of taxation periods has been increased to 25%. As of reporting date, the corporate tax rate for the corporate earnings has been determined as 25% (31 December 2023: 25%).

With the Law No. 7456 published in the 32249 numbered Official Gazette dated 15 July 2023, the exemption rate to be applied to the gains arising from the sale of immovables which in companies' assests before 15 July 2023 has been determined as 25%, and the deferred tax rate to be applied based on the temporary differences arising on the revaluation of the related assets are 18,75%.

The current corporate tax rate in Türkiye is 25%, 16% in Romania and 17% in Singapore as of 31 December 2024 (31 December 2023: in Türkiye 25%, in Romania 16%, in Singapore 17%).

The net amount after offsetting of the corporate tax paid by the Group in 2024 is TRY 459.898 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 2.921.880 thousand).

By the Ministry of Treasury and Finance; it has been accepted that the obliged parties in the provinces affected by the earthquake were in force majeure between 6 February 2023 and 30 November 2024. In this case, the terms of use of tax returns and notifications requiring force majeure have been extended until 31 January 2025.

With the temporary article 33 of the Tax Procedure Law; It has been stipulated that no inflation adjustment will be made in the accounting period of 2023, regardless of whether the conditions in Article 298/A of the Tax Procedure Law are met, and that the financial statements dated 31 December 2024 will be subject to correction regardless of any conditions. In this context; The financial statements dated 31 December 2024, prepared in accordance with the Tax Procedure Law, have been subject to inflation correction.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 32 – TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

#### Corporate tax (cont'd)

Losses can be carried forward to offset the future taxable income for up to maximum 5 years. However, losses cannot be carried back to offset the profits of the previous periods, retrospectively.

In Türkiye, a definite and distinct reconciliation procedure for tax assessment does not exist. Companies file their tax returns between 1 April - 25 April following the closing period of the related year's accounts. Tax returns and related accounting records may be examined and revised within five years.

#### Investment discount application

In 2024, the reduced corporate tax incentive associated with the strategic investment incentive certificate obtained under Article 8/7 of the "Decision on State Aids in Investments" No. 2012/3305 was utilized. The investment contribution rate of the said investment incentive certificate is 50%.

#### Deferred tax

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon the temporary differences arising between its taxable statutory financial statements and its financial statements prepared in accordance with the TFRS. These differences usually result in the recognition of income and expenses tax bases in different reporting periods in the financial statements prepared according to TFRS.

The tax rate used in calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities (excluding land) is 25% for the corporate earnings to be obtained in the taxation periods of 2024. The current corporate tax rate is 16% in Romania and 17% in Singapore. (31 December 2023: in Türkiye 25%, in Romania 16%, in Singapore 17). The deferred tax on the temporary timing differences arising from land is calculated with the 18,75% tax rate. (31 December 2023: 18,75%)

The financial statements dated 31 December 2024, prepared in accordance with the Tax Procedure Law, have been subject to inflation adjustment. In this context, deferred tax assets have been recorded in the consolidated financial statements as a result of the inflation adjustment made in the statutory financial statements.

As the companies in Türkiye cannot give a consolidated corporate tax declaration, subsidiaries that have deferred tax assets are not netted off with subsidiaries that have deferred tax liabilities and disclosed separately.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 32 – TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

	31 December	31 December
Deferred tax assets:	2024	2023
Provisions for employee benefits	1.971.280	1.395.143
Investment incentive	190.675	15.571
Provision for lawsuits	185.960	131.128
Fair values of the derivative financial instruments	-	29.721
Inventories	490.017	128.251
Unused tax losses	2.149.085	-
Tangible and intangible assets	661.313	494.085
Financial lease payables	228.229	84.986
Other	576.925	593.229
	6.453.484	2.872.114
Deferred tax liabilities:		_
Tangible and intangible assets	(19.357.384)	(13.980.769)
Fair values of the derivative financial instruments	(54.865)	-
Amortized cost adjustment on loans	(96.017)	(109.540)
Right of use assets	(241.205)	(109.429)
Inventories	(27.680)	(752.342)
Other	(95.177)	(298.393)
	(19.872.328)	(15.250.473)
	(13.418.844)	(12.378.359)

The Group's unused tax losses have all occurred in the current period, and the Group Management assesses that a significant portion of the unused tax losses subject to deferred tax will be deductible within 1 year based on future profit projections.

In the financial statements which are prepared according to the TFRS, of Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş. and its affiliates that are separate taxpayer entities, the net deferred tax assets and liabilities of the related companies are classified separately within the accounts of deferred tax assets and liabilities of Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş. and its subsidiaries' consolidated financial statements. The temporary differences disclosed above besides the deferred tax asset and liabilities, have been prepared on the basis of the gross values and show the net deferred tax position.

Presentation of deferred tax assets/(liabilities):	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Deferred tax assets	255.704	254.324
Deferred tax (liabilities)	(13.674.548)	(12.632.683)
	(13.418.844)	(12.378.359)

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 32 – TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

Movements of deferred tax assets / (liabilities) as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Opening balance	(12.378.359)	(8.220.431)
Inflation effect	-	(192.146)
Deferred tax income/(expense)	1.224.958	253.276
The amount in comprehensive income	134.572	374.211
Translation difference	(2.400.015)	(4.593.269)
Closing balance	(13.418.844)	(12.378.359)

Reconciliation of tax provision is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Profit (Loss) before tax	13.522.321	8.837.129
Statutory tax rate	25%	25%
Calculated tax expense according to effective tax rate	(3.380.580)	(2.209.282)
Reconciliation between the tax provision and calculated tax:		
- Non-deductible expenses	(180.712)	(383.359)
- Effect of currency translation (*)	2.182.947	(1.380.350)
- The effect of investments valued using the equity method	51.167	19.589
- Additional tax effect due to earthquake	-	(623.613)
- Investment incentive	2.007.718	76.810
- Effect of the different tax rates due to foreign subsidiaries	(9.815)	(7.860)
Total tax expense reported in the statement of income (loss)	670.725	(4.508.065)

(\*) The effect of exchange rate differences arises from the discrepancy between the company's functional currency and the currency used for determining the tax base.

The Group has a strategic investment incentive certificate based on the Council of Ministers Decision No. 2012/3305 published in the Official Gazette dated 19 June 2012. As of the reporting date, the reduced corporate tax under the strategic investment incentive certificate has been utilized.

As of Group's reporting date, the details of the tax income/(expense) of the other comprehensive income/(loss) are as follows:

	1 January -31 December 2024		
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	Amount Tax income/		Amount
in current period	before tax	(expense)	after tax
Change in actuarial (loss)/gain	(693.104)	173.276	(519.828)
Change in cash flow hedging reserves	154.817	(38.704)	116.113
Change in foreign currency translation reserves	39.011.660	<u>-</u> _	39.011.660
	38.473.373	134.572	38.607.945

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 32 – TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

	1 January -31 December 2023		
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	Amount Tax income/		Amount
in current period	before tax	(expense)	after tax
Change in actuarial (loss)/gain	(1.396.695)	349.174	(1.047.521)
Change in cash flow hedging reserves	(99.129)	25.037	(74.092)
Change in foreign currency translation reserves	68.832.464	<u>-</u>	68.832.464
	67.336.640	374.211	67.710.851

#### **NOTE 33 – EARNINGS PER SHARE**

	1 January -	1 January-
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Number of shares outstanding	700.000.000.000	700.000.000.000
Number of shares outstanding after buyback	672.725.531.005	675.151.629.635
Net profit attributable to equity holders	13.481.348	4.033.089
Profit per share with 1 TRY nominal value TRY %	2,004 / 200,4%	0,5974 / 59,74%

#### NOTE 34 – RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The immediate parent and ultimate controlling parent of the Group are Ataer Holding A.Ş. and Ordu Yardımlaşma Kurumu respectively (Note 1). The transactions between the Group and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Group, have been eliminated in the consolidation and therefore are not disclosed in this note. Trade receivables and payables from related parties operated as current account. Debt collection and debt payment days are between 0 and 30.

The details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed below:

	31 December	31 December
Due from related parties (short term)	2024	2023
OYAK NYK RO-RO Liman İşletmeleri A.Ş. (1)	-	5.335
OYAK Renault Otomobil Fab. A.Ş. (2)	401.046	416.513
OYAK Birleşik Enerji A.Ş. (1)	-	8.849
Miilux Poland Sp. Z.o.o. (1)	19.092	47.878
İsdemir Linde Gaz Ortaklığı A.Ş. <sup>(3)</sup>	30.207	16.278
OYAK Çimento Fabrikaları A.Ş. (2)	-	66.853
Miilux Yüksek Mukavemetli Çelik Üretim A.Ş. (1)	147.976	124.108
Other	5.526	2.751
	603.847	688.565

The trade receivables from related parties mainly arise from sales of steel, energy, service and by-products.

- (1) Subsidiaries of the parent company
- (2) Joint venture of the parent company
- (3) Joint venture of subsidiary
- (4) Ultimate partner

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 34 – RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (cont'd)

	31 December	31 December
Other receivables from related parties (short term)	2024	2023
OYAK NYK RO-RO Liman İşletmeleri A.Ş. (1)	18.767	11.582
	18.767	11.582
	31 December	31 December
Other receivables from related parties (long term)	2024	2023
OYAK NYK RO-RO Liman İşletmeleri A.Ş. (1)	121.006	75.091
	121.006	75.091

According to TFRS 16 provision, other short term and long term receivables from related parties arise from monetary receivables under the sub-lease transactions.

	31 December	31 December
Prepaid expenses to related parties(short term)	2024	2023
OYPOWER Elektrik Ticareti ve Hizmetleri A.Ş. (1)	23.661	12.578
OYAK Çimento Fabrikaları A.Ş. (1)	1.207	-
Satem Grup Gıda Dağıtım ve Pazarlama A.Ş. (1)	-	204
Other	32	
	24.900	12.782
•		
	31 December	31 December
Prepaid expenses to related parties (long term)	2024	2023
OYAK İnşaat A.Ş. (1)	129.031	126.851
OYAK Savunma ve Güvenlik Sistemleri A.Ş. (1)	47.892	56.071
	176.923	182.922

Prepaid expenses generally related with service and advance transactions of fixed assets.

<sup>(1)</sup> Subsidiaries of the parent company

<sup>(2)</sup> Joint venture of the parent company

<sup>(3)</sup> Joint venture of subsidiary

<sup>(4)</sup> Ultimate partner

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 34 – RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (cont'd)

	31 December	31 December
Due to related parties (short term)	2024	2023
OYAK Yenilenebilir Enerji A.Ş. (1)	179.674	57.264
Omsan Lojistik A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	483.109	332.552
Omsan Denizcilik A.Ş. (1)	11.812	-
OYAK Pazarlama Hizmet ve Turizm A.Ş. (1)	245.338	137.198
OYAK Savunma ve Güvenlik Sistemleri A.Ş. (1)	80.644	95.369
Omsan Logistica SRL <sup>(1)</sup>	9.927	7.921
OYAK Denizcilik ve Liman İşletmeleri A.Ş. (1)	85.697	47.122
OYPOWER Elektrik Ticareti ve Hizmetleri A.Ş. (1)	22.099	3.356
OYAK İnşaat A.Ş. (1)	57.129	69.850
Satem Grup Gıda Dağıtım ve Pazarlama A.Ş. (1)	4.091	10.919
Doco Petrol ve Danışmanlık A.Ş. (1)	20.686	11.294
OYAK Çimento Fabrikaları A.Ş. (2)	13.767	-
Other	623.510	357.488
	1.837.483	1.130.333

Trade payables to related parties mainly arise from purchase of services, fixed assets and energy.

	1 January -	1 January -
Major sales to related parties	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
OYAK Renault Otomobil Fab. A.Ş. (2)	2.126.571	1.935.118
OYAK Savunma ve Güvenlik Sistemleri A.Ş. (1)	-	392
OYAK Otomotiv Enerji ve Lojistik Holding A.Ş. (1)	13.929	7.916
OYAK Çimento Fabrikaları A.Ş. (2)	109.954	276.981
Likitgaz Dağıtım ve Endüstri A.Ş. (1)	61.402	52.555
OYAK Denizcilik ve Liman İşletmeleri A.Ş. (1)	14.663	5.833
İskenderun Enerji Üretim ve Ticaret A.Ş. (1)	5.558.814	3.487.755
Miilux Yüksek Mukavemetli Çelik Üretim A.Ş. (1)	484.186	459.949
İsdemir Linde Gaz Ortaklığı A.Ş. (3)	413.139	273.019
Other	152.199	59.849
	8.934.857	6.559.367

The major sales to related parties are generally due to the sales transactions of iron, steel, raw material, by-products and service transactions.

<sup>(1)</sup> Subsidiaries of the parent company

<sup>(2)</sup> Joint venture of the parent company

<sup>(3)</sup> Joint venture of subsidiary

<sup>(4)</sup> Ultimate partner

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 34 – RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (cont'd)

	1 January -	1 January -
Major purchases from related parties	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Miilux Yüksek Mukavemetli Çelik Üretim A.Ş. (1)	14.429	14.171
Omsan Denizcilik A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	724.001	605.959
OYAK Pazarlama Hizmet ve Turizm A.Ş. (1)	1.705.143	834.315
Omsan Lojistik A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	4.565.825	2.312.961
OYAK Savunma ve Güvenlik Sistemleri A.Ş. (1)	1.006.205	495.503
Omsan Logistica SRL <sup>(1)</sup>	200.888	104.574
OYAK Denizcilik ve Liman İşletmeleri A.Ş. (1)	992.989	423.404
Doco Petrol ve Danışmanlık A.Ş. (1)	209.049	124.730
İsdemir Linde Gaz Ortaklığı A.Ş. (3)	695.145	482.662
OYAK Çimento Fabrikaları A.Ş. (2)	410.796	45.962
OYAK İnşaat A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	528.707	1.350.650
OYPOWER Elektrik Ticareti ve Hizmetleri A.Ş. (1)	450.752	350.768
Güzel Enerji Akaryakıt A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	20.733	13.063
OYAK Otomotiv Enerji ve Lojistik Holding A.Ş. (1)	42.692	24.839
Satem Grup Gıda Dağıtım ve Pazarlama A.Ş. (1)	27.673	16.056
OYAK Yenilenebilir Enerji A.Ş. (1)	2.269.547	1.504.204
Other	543.273	229.762
	14.407.847	8.933.583

The major purchases from related parties are generally due to the purchase of services, fixed assets and energy.

- (1) Subsidiaries of the parent company
- (2) Joint venture of the parent company
- (3) Joint venture of subsidiary
- (4) Ultimate partner

## The terms and policies applied to the transactions with related parties:

The period end balances are un-secured and their collections will be done in cash. As of 31 December 2024, the Group provides no provision for the receivables from related parties (31 December 2023: None).

### Salaries, bonuses and other benefits of the key management:

The key management of the Group consists of the Board of Directors, the Group President and Vice Presidents the General Manager and Assistant General Managers. For the year ended 31 December 2024, the total compensation consisting of short term benefits such as salaries, bonuses and other benefits of the key management of the Group is TRY 147.115 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 98.389 thousand).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 35 – EXPLANATIONS REGARDING NET MONETARY POSITION GAINS/(LOSSES)

Inflation adjustments have been made in accordance with TAS 29 for all non-monetary assets, liabilities, and profit or loss statements of the Group's subsidiaries whose functional currency is the Turkish Lira.

In this context, the inflation adjustments made in the financial statements of Erdemir Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş., Erdemir Mühendislik Yönetim ve Danışmanlık Hizmetleri A.Ş., Erdemir Enerji Üretim A.Ş., and Yenilikçi Yapı Malzemeleri ve Üretim San. Tic. A.Ş., which are subject to consolidation and have the Turkish Lira as their functional currency, as of the reporting date are as follows:

	31 December
	2024
_	TRY'000
Statement of Financial Position Items	48.308
Inventories	62.413
Prepaid Expenses	581.252
Property, Plant and Equipment	2.905.307
Right of Use Assets	3.299
Intangible Assets	997
Inflation Adjustment to Capital	(1.193.039)
Increase (Decrease) in Revaluation Reserve of Tangible Assets	(18.366)
Actuarial Gain (Loss) of Defined Benefit Plans	16.027
Restricted Reserves Assorted from Profit	(717.279)
Retained Earnings	(1.592.303)
Profit or Loss Items	(578.236)
Revenue	(1.396.187)
Cost of Sales	775.061
Marketing Expenses	2.284
General Administrative Expenses	44.999
Other Operating Income	(9.173)
Other Operating Expenses	3.761
Income from Investing Activities	(581)
Expenses from Investing Activities	458
Finance Income	(23.463)
Finance Expense	24.605
Net Monetary Position Gains / (Losses)	(529.928)

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 36 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### (a) Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital through the optimization of the debt and the equity balance that minimizes the financial risk.

Through the forecasts regularly prepared by the Group, the future capital amount, debt to equity ratio and similar ratios are forecasted and required precautions are taken to strengthen the capital.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt which includes the financial liabilities disclosed in Note 7, cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company, comprising issued capital, reserves and retained earnings as disclosed in Note 24.

The Group's Board of Directors analyzes the capital structure in regular meetings. During these analyses, the Board of Directors also evaluates the risks associated with each class of capital together with the cost of capital. The Group, by considering the decisions of the Board of Directors, aims to balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends and new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

As of reporting date the net (credit) debt /equity ratio is as follows:

		31 December	31 December
	Note	2024	2023
Total financial liabilities	7	121.288.196	67.740.702
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	4	55.259.993	24.072.967
Net (credit) debt	_	66.028.203	43.667.735
Total adjusted equity (*)	_	247.338.093	194.051.439
Total resources	_	313.366.296	237.719.174
Net (credit) debt/Total adjusted equity ratio Distribution of net (credit) debt/ total adjusted equ	uity	27% 21/79	23% 18/82

<sup>(\*)</sup> Total adjusted equity is calculated by subtracting cash flow hedging reserves and actuarial gain/(loss) fund and adding non-controlling interests.

### (b) Significant accounting policies

The Group's accounting policies related to the financial instruments are disclosed in Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, 2.8.9 Financial Instruments".

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 36 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### (c) Financial risk management objectives

The Group manages its financial instruments through a separate treasury function which was established for that purpose. The developments are followed on a real time basis. The Group's corporate treasury function manages the financial instruments through daily regular meetings by evaluating the domestic and international markets and by considering the daily cash inflows and outflows in accordance with the policies and regulations issued by the Group Risk Management Unit.

At the end of each day, each Group company prepares a "Daily Cash report" and Group Risk Management Unit calculates daily for cash and cash equivalents. The information included therein is consolidated by the treasury function and used to determine the cash management strategies.

Thus, all financial transactions of the Group are managed centrally. Additionally, the Group's annual payment schedules are followed through the weekly reports and annual cash management is followed by the monthly reports.

The Group utilizes derivative financial instruments as required and within the terms and conditions determined by the Group Risk Management Unit. Instruments that are highly liquid and securing a high-level yield are preferred when determining the financial instruments. In that respect, the Group has a right to claim the accrued interest on time deposits when withdraw before the predetermined maturity.

#### (d) Market risk

The Group is exposed primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The Group utilizes the following financial instruments to manage the risks associated with the foreign exchange rates and interest rates. Also, the Group follows price changes and market conditions regularly and takes action in pricing instantaneously.

The Group prefers floating interest rates for long term borrowings. To hedge against the interest risk the Group uses interest swap contracts for some of its borrowings.

In the current period, there is no significant change in the Group's exposure to the market risks or the manner which it manages and measures risk when compared to the previous year.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 36 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### (e) Credit risk management

Trade receivables include a large number of customers scattered in various sectors and regions. There is no risk concentration on a specific customer or a group of customers. The majority trade receivables are assured by bank letters of guarantee and/or credit limits. The credit reviews are performed continuously over the accounts receivable balance of the customers. The Group does not have a significant credit risk arising from any customer.

Derivative

Credit risk of financial instruments	Receivables				Bank	Financial	Financial
	Trade Re	ceivables	Other Receivables		Deposits	Instruments	Instruments
31 December 2024	Related Party	Other Party	Related Party	Other Party	_		
Maximum credit risk exposure as of balance sheet date (*) (A+B+C+D+E) - Secured part of the maximum credit risk exposure via collateral etc.	603.847	25.860.067 23.234.759	-	188.113	54.147.530	249.118	-
A. Net book value of the financial assets that are neither overdue nor impaired	603.847	25.626.114	139.773	188.113	54.147.530	249.118	-
B. Carrying amount of financial assets that are renegotiated, otherwise classified as overdue or impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Net book value of financial assets that are overdue but not impaired	-	233.953	-	-	-	-	-
- secured part via collateral etc.	-	207.211	-	-	-	-	-
D. Net book value of impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Overdue (gross carrying amount)	-	138.031	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	(138.031)	-	-	-	-	-
- Secured part via collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Not overdue (gross carrying amount)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Secured part via collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off-balance sheet financial assets exposed to credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The maturity of TRY 233.953 thousand that is overdue but not impaired is in the range of 0-3 months.

(\*) The factors that increase credibility such as guarantees received are not taken into account in determination of the amount.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 36 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

### (e) Credit risk management (cont'd)

						Derivative	
Credit risk of financial instruments		Recei	ivables		Bank	Financial	Financial
	Trade Re	ceivables	Other Re	ceivables	Deposits	Instruments	Instruments
31 December 2023	Related Party	Other Party	Related Party	Other Party			
Maximum credit risk exposure as of balance sheet date (*) (A+B+C+D+E) - Secured part of the maximum credit risk exposure via collateral etc.	688.565	19.664.596 17.813.786		127.710	24.072.907	11.396	619.393
A. Net book value of the financial assets that are neither overdue nor impaired	688.565	19.605.128	86.673	127.710	24.072.907	11.396	619.393
B. Carrying amount of financial assets that are renegotiated, otherwise classified as overdue or impaired	_	_	-	_	-	_	-
C. Net book value of financial assets that are overdue but not impaired - secured part via collateral etc.	-	59.468 56.844		-	-	-	-
D. Net book value of impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Overdue (gross carrying amount)	-	123.462	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	(123.462)	-	-	-	-	-
- Secured part via collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Not overdue (gross carrying amount)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Secured part via collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off-balance sheet financial assets exposed to credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The maturity of TRY 59.468 thousand that is overdue but not impaired is in the range of 0-3 months.

(\*) The factors that increase credibility such as guarantees received are not taken into account in determination of the amount.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 36 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### (e) Credit risk management (cont'd)

Explanation on the credit risk which the Group is exposed:

In order to minimize credit risk, the Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group monitors the credibility of the parties with whom they perform transactions and also takes into account the credit rating of the related instruments when making the investment preference. The credit rating information is supplied by independent rating agencies where available and, if not available, the Group uses other publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties. Before accepting any new customer, credit limits by customer are determined and defined after the assessment of the potential customer's credit quality.

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. In order to minimize the credit risk, the Group has performed credit ratings considering the default risks of the counterparties and categorized the related parties.

The Group's current credit risk rating methodology includes the following categories:

Category	Description	Basis for recognizing expected credit losses
Secured receivables	Consist of secured receivables	Not generating credit losses
Recoverable receivables	The counterparty has a low risk of default and secured	Not generating credit losses
Doubtful or past due receivables	Amount is past due or there has been a significant	% 100 allowance for unsecured receivables
Write-off	There is an evidence indicating that debtor is in serious financial distress and the Group has no expectation of collection of the relevant amounts	Amount is written off

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 36 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

## (f) Foreign currency risk management

As of reporting period, stated in Note 2.8.9 the foreign currency position of the Group in terms of original currency is calculated as follows:

	31 December 2024				
	TRY	TRY	EURO	Jap. Yen	RON
	(Reporting	(Original	(Original	(Original	(Original
	currency)	currency)	currency)	currency)	currency)
1. Trade Receivables	2.998.691	245.477	73.151	-	8.978
2a. Monetary financial assets	29.678.847	28.858.432	21.742	21	2.957
2b. Non- monetary financial assets	=	-	-	-	-
3. Other	407.843	381.905	666	-	200
4. CURRENT ASSEIS (1+2+3)	33.085.381	29.485.814	95.559	21	12.135
5. Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-
6a. Monetary financial assets	1.300.283	1.300.138	4	-	-
6b. Non- monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
7. Other	4.128.717	749.422	91.640	56.889	-
8. NON-CURRENT ASSEIS (5+6+7)	5.429.000	2.049.560	91.644	56.889	-
9. TO TAL ASSEIS (4+8)	38.514.381	31.535.374	187.203	56.910	12.135
10. Trade payables	8.119.774	5.588.474	65.536	107.910	12.770
11. Financial liabilities	8.758.685	8.246.778	13.910	-	-
12a. Other monetary financial liabilities	7.766.641	7.698.883	1.052	-	3.906
12b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
13. CURRENT LIABILITIES (10+11+12)	24.645.100	21.534.135	80.498	107.910	16.676
14. Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-
15. Financial liabilities	2.889.586	529.752	64.122	-	-
16a. Other monetary financial liabilities	5.927.570	5.922.437	-	-	690
16b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
17. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (14+15+16)	8.817.156	6.452.189	64.122	-	690
18. TO TAL LIABILITIES (13+17)	33.462.256	27.986.324	144.620	107.910	17.366
19. Net asset/liability position of off-balance sheet derivative					
financial instruments (19a-19b)	(2.038.460)	-	(55.489)	-	-
19a. Off-balance sheet foreign currency derivative					
financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
19b. Off-balance sheet foreign currency derivative					
financial liabilities	2.038.460	-	55.489	-	-
20. Net foreign currency asset/liability position (9-18+19)	3.013.665	3.549.050	(12.906)	(51.000)	(5.231)
21. Net foreign currency asset / liability position	0.010.000	010 151000	(121) 00)	(221000)	(0.201)
of monetary items (1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	515.565	2.417.723	(49.723)	(107.889)	(5.431)
22. Fair value of derivative financial instruments used in foreign					
currency hedge	118.878	-	3.236	-	-
23. Hedged foreign currency assets	2.038.460	-	55.489	-	_
24. Hedged foreign currency liabilities	-	_	_	_	_
25. Exports	40.517.204				
26. Imports	107.849.486				
	107.077.700				

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 36 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

## (f) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

TRY   TRY   Queen		31 December 2023				
Number   N		TRY	TRY	EURO	Jap. Yen	RON
1. Trade Receivables		(Reporting	(Original	(Original	(Original	(Original
2a. Monetary financial assets 2b. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- monetary financial assets 2c. Non- CURRENT ASSETS (5+6+7) 2c. Non- Current Galabilities 2c. Co. Non- Current Galability Assets (5+6+7) 2c. Non- Current Galabilit		currency)	currency)	currency)	currency)	currency)
2. Non-monetary financial assets	Trade Receivables	3.389.199	181.007	96.948	-	7.715
3. Other   4. CURRENT ASSETS (1+2+3)   27.115.286   23.702.755   101.790   21   14.872   14.872   15.716   12.55.288   14   0.   0.   0.   0.   0.   0.   0.   0	2a. Monetary financial assets	23.323.467	23.132.463	4.497	21	6.837
CURRENT ASSETS (1+2+3)	2b. Non- monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
5. Trade receivables       1.255.417       1.255.288       4       0.       0.         6a. Monetary financial assets       1.255.417       1.255.288       4       0.       0.         6b. Non-monetary financial assets       5.149.331       3.295.756       56.709       0.       972         8. NON-CURRENT ASSETS (5+6+7)       6.404.748       4.551.044       56.713       0.       972         9. TOTAL ASSETS (4+8)       33.520.034       28.253.799       158.803       21       15.844         10. Trade payables       10.952.493       6.209.02       144.185       11.222       5.454         11. Financial liabilities       6.649.452       6.161.303       14.956       0.       0.         12a. Other monetary financial liabilities       7.243.941       7.119.241       2.733       0.       5.86         12b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities       2.4845.886       19.489.688       161.874       11.222       10.840         14. Trade payables       1.268.2041       218.590       74.878       1.22       10.840         15. Financial liabilities       2.662.041       218.590       74.878       0.       0.         15. Financial liabilities       1.268.204       218.590       74.878       0. <td>3. Other</td> <td>402.620</td> <td>389.285</td> <td>345</td> <td>-</td> <td>320</td>	3. Other	402.620	389.285	345	-	320
1.255.417   1.255.288   4	4. CURRENT ASSETS (1+2+3)	27.115.286	23.702.755	101.790	21	14.872
5. Non-monetary financial assets   5. 149.331   3.295.756   56.709   7. 972   7. Other   5.149.331   3.295.756   56.709   7. 972   7. Other   5.149.331   3.295.756   56.709   7. 972   7. 0. Not-CURRENT ASSETS (5+6+7)   6.404.748   4.551.044   56.713   7. 972   7. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	5. Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-
7. Other         5.149.311         3.295.756         56.709          972           8. NON-CURRENT ASSETS (5+6+7)         6.404.748         4.551.044         56.713          972           9. TOTAL ASSETS (4+8)         33.520.034         28.253.799         158.503         12         15.844           10. Trade payables         10.952.493         6.209.024         14.185         11.22         5.454           11. Financial liabilities         6.649.452         6.161.393         14.956         1.2         5.86           12a. Other monetary financial liabilities         7.243.941         7.119.241         2.733         3.         5.86           12b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities         2.4845.886         19.489.688         16.149         11.222         10.80           15. Financial liabilities         2.662.041         9.489.68         74.878         1.2         2           15. Other non-monetary financial liabilities         5.402.788         5.397.499         74.878         2         802           16b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities         8.64.829         5.616.089         74.878         2         802           15. TOTAL LIABILITIES (13-17)         3.2910.715         2.105.747         23.6752         11.222	6a. Monetary financial assets	1.255.417	1.255.288	4	-	-
8. NON-CURRENT ASSETS (5+6+7)         6.404.748         4.551.044         56.713         2         972           9. TOTAL ASSETS (4+8)         33.520.034         28.253.799         158.503         21         15.844           10. Trade payables         10.952.493         6.209.024         144.185         11.222         5.454           11. Financial liabilities         6.649.452         6.16.1393         14.956         -         5.386           12a. Other monetary financial liabilities         7.243.944         7.119.24         2.733         -         5.386           12b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities         2.4845.886         19.489.688         161.874         11.222         10.844           14. Trade payables         2.662.041         218.590         74.878         -         -         -           15. Financial liabilities         5.402.788         5.397.499         74.878         -	6b. Non- monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
1. Trade payables   10.952.493   6.209.024   144.185   11.222   5.454   11. Francial liabilities   6.649.452   6.161.393   14.956	7. Other	5.149.331	3.295.756	56.709	-	972
10. Trade payables	8. NON-CURRENT ASSETS (5+6+7)	6.404.748	4.551.044	56.713	-	972
11. Financial liabilities	9. TOTAL ASSETS (4+8)	33.520.034	28.253.799	158.503	21	15.844
12a. Other monetary financial liabilities   7.243.941   7.119.241   2.733   . 5.386     12b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities   2.4845.886   19.489.658   161.874   11.222   10.840     13. CURRENT LIABILITIES (10+11+12)   24.845.886   19.489.658   161.874   11.222   10.840     14. Trade payables   2.662.041   218.590   74.878   .	10. Trade payables	10.952.493	6.209.024	144.185	11.222	5.454
12b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities   24,845,886   19,489,658   161,874   11,222   10,840   14. Trade payables   2,662,041   218,590   74,878   0.000   0.	11. Financial liabilities	6.649.452	6.161.393	14.956	-	-
13. CURRENT LIABILITIES (10+11+12)	12a. Other monetary financial liabilities	7.243.941	7.119.241	2.733	-	5.386
14. Trade payables	12b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
15. Financial liabilities	13. CURRENT LIABILITIES (10+11+12)	24.845.886	19.489.658	161.874	11.222	10.840
16a. Other monetary financial liabilities         5.402.788         5.397.499         -         -         802           16b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities         -<	14. Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-
16b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities   1.00	15. Financial liabilities	2.662.041	218.590	74.878	-	-
17. Non-current liabilities (14+15+16)   8.064.829   5.616.089   74.878   .   802   18. TOTAL LIABILITIES (13+17)   32.910.715   25.105.747   236.752   11.222   11.642   19. Net asset/liability position of off-balance sheet derivative financial instruments (19a-19b)   (1.268.924)   .   (38.955)   .   .   .	16a. Other monetary financial liabilities	5.402.788	5.397.499	-	-	802
18. TOTAL LIABILITIES (13+17)  19. Net asset/liability position of off-balance sheet derivative financial instruments (19a-19b)  (1.268.924)  (1.268.924)  (1.268.924)  (1.268.925)  (1.268.925)  (1.268.925)  (1.268.925)  (1.268.925)  (1.268.926)  (1.268.926)  (1.268.926)  (1.268.927)  (1.268.927)  (1.268.927)  (1.268.927)  (1.268.928)  (1.268	16b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	_
19. Net asset/liability position of off-balance sheet derivative financial instruments (19a-19b) (1.268.924) . (38.955)	17. Non-current liabilities (14+15+16)	8.064.829	5.616.089	74.878	-	802
instruments (19a-19b)         (1.268.924)         . (38.955)         .         .           19a. Off-balance sheet foreign currency derivative financial assets	18. TOTAL LIABILITIES (13+17)	32.910.715	25.105.747	236.752	11.222	11.642
19a. Off-balance sheet foreign currency derivative financial assets  19b. Off-balance sheet foreign currency derivative financial liabilities  1.268.924  2. 38.955  2. 20. Net foreign currency asset/liability position (9-18+19)  2. Net foreign currency asset / liability position of monetary items (1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)  2. Fair value of derivative financial instruments used in foreign currency hedge  2. Hedged foreign currency assets  1.268.924  2. Hedged foreign currency liabilities  1.268.924  1.119  2. 1.119  2. 2.10  2. Exports						
financial assets  19b. Off-balance sheet foreign currency derivative financial liabilities  1.268.924  20. Net foreign currency asset/liability position (9-18+19)  21. Net foreign currency asset / liability position of monetary items (1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)  22. Fair value of derivative financial instruments used in foreign currency hedge 23. Hedged foreign currency assets  1.268.924  24. Hedged foreign currency liabilities  1.268.924  1.268.924  1.268.924  1.268.925  1.268.926  1.268.926  1.268.926  1.268.927  1.268.927  1.268.928  1.2		(1.268.924)	-	(38.955)	-	-
financial liabilities       1.268.924       - 38.955        -         20. Net foreign currency asset/liability position (9-18+19)       (659.605)       3.148.052       (117.204)       (11.201)       4.202         21. Net foreign currency asset / liability position of monetary items (1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)       (4.942.632)       (536.989)       (135.303)       (11.201)       2.910         22. Fair value of derivative financial instruments used in foreign currency hedge       36.450       -       1.119       -       -         23. Hedged foreign currency assets       1.268.924       -       38.955       -       -         24. Hedged foreign currency liabilities       -       -       -       -       -       -         25. Exports       18.611.267	•	-	-	-	-	-
20. Net foreign currency asset/liability position (9-18+19) (659.605) 3.148.052 (117.204) (11.201) 4.202 21. Net foreign currency asset / liability position of monetary items (1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a) (4.942.632) (536.989) (135.303) (11.201) 2.910  22. Fair value of derivative financial instruments used in foreign currency hedge 36.450 - 1.119 - 2.210  23. Hedged foreign currency assets 1.268.924 - 38.955 - 2.210  24. Hedged foreign currency liabilities - 2.250  25. Exports 18.611.267						
21. Net foreign currency asset / liability position of monetary items       (4.942.632)       (536.989)       (135.303)       (11.201)       2.910         22. Fair value of derivative financial instruments used in foreign currency hedge       36.450       -       1.119       -       -         23. Hedged foreign currency assets       1.268.924       -       38.955       -       -         24. Hedged foreign currency liabilities       -       -       -       -       -       -         25. Exports       18.611.267       -       -       -       -       -       -	financial liabilities	1.268.924	-	38.955	-	-
(1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)       (4.942.632)       (536.989)       (135.303)       (11.201)       2.910         22. Fair value of derivative financial instruments used in foreign currency hedge       36.450       -       1.119       -       -         23. Hedged foreign currency assets       1.268.924       -       38.955       -       -         24. Hedged foreign currency liabilities       -       -       -       -       -       -         25. Exports       18.611.267	20. Net foreign currency asset/liability position (9-18+19)	(659.605)	3.148.052	(117.204)	(11.201)	4.202
22. Fair value of derivative financial instruments used in foreign currency hedge 23. Hedged foreign currency assets 1.268.924 24. Hedged foreign currency liabilities 25. Exports 18.611.267	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
23. Hedged foreign currency assets       1.268.924       - 38.955       -         24. Hedged foreign currency liabilities       -       -       -         25. Exports       18.611.267	(1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	(4.942.632)	(536.989)	(135.303)	(11.201)	2.910
24. Hedged foreign currency liabilities	22. Fair value of derivative financial instruments used in foreign currency hedge	36.450	_	1.119	_	_
25. Exports 18.611.267	23. Hedged foreign currency assets	1.268.924	_	38.955	-	_
	24. Hedged foreign currency liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
26. Imports 76.061.063	25. Exports	18.611.267				
	26. Imports	76.061.063				

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 36 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

## (f) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

The following table shows the Group's sensitivity to a 10% (+/-) change in the TRY, EURO and Japanese Yen. 10% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates.

As of 31 December 2024 asset balances are translated by using the following exchange rates; TRY 35,2803 = US \$ 1, TRY 36,7362 = EUR 1, TRY 0,2249 = JPY 1 and 7,3429 TRY = RON 1 and liability are translated by using the following exchange rates; TRY 35,3438 = US \$ 1, TRY 36,8024 = EUR 1, TRY 0,2264 = JPY 1 and 7,4389 TRY = RON 1 (31 December 2023: for asset balances: TRY 29,4382 = US \$ 1, TRY 32,5739 = EUR 1, TRY 0,2075 = JPY 1 and TRY 6,5113 = RON 1, for liability balances: TRY 29,4913 = US \$ 1, TRY 32,6326 = EUR 1, TRY 0,2088 = JPY 1 and TRY 6,5965 = RON 1).

Profit/(loss) after capitalization on tangible assets and before tax and non-controlling interest

	assets and before tax and no	ii-controlling interest
	Appreciation of	Depreciation of
31 December 2024	foreign currency	foreign currency
1- TRY net asset/liability	354.905	(354.905)
2- Hedged portion from TRY risk (-)	-	-
3- Effect of capitalization (-)		<u>-</u>
4- TRY net effect (1+2+3)	354.905	(354.905)
5- RON net asset/liability	(4.008)	4.008
6- Hedged portion from RON risk (-)	-	-
7- Effect of capitalization (-)	<u> </u>	
8- RON net effect (5+6+7)	(4.008)	4.008
9- Euro net asset/liability	155.476	(155.476)
10- Hedged portion from Euro risk (-)	(203.846)	203.846
11- Effect of capitalization (-)	<u> </u>	-
12- Euro net effect (9+10+11)	(48.370)	48.370
13- Jap. Yen net asset/liability	(1.163)	1.163
14- Hedged portion from Jap. Yen risk (-)	-	-
15- Effect of capitalization (-)	<u> </u>	-
16- Jap. Yen net effect (13+14+15)	(1.163)	1.163
TOTAL (4+8+12+16)	301.364	(301.364)

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 36 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

(f) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

Profit/(loss) after capitalization on tangible

	assets and before tax and non-controlling interest				
	Appreciation of	Depreciation of			
31 December 2023	foreign currency	foreign currency			
1- TRY net asset/liability	314.805	(314.805)			
2- Hedged portion from TRY risk (-)	-	-			
3- Effect of capitalization (-)	-	_			
4- TRY net effect (1+2+3)	314.805	(314.805)			
5- RON net asset/liability	2.637	(2.637)			
6- Hedged portion from RON risk (-)	-	-			
7- Effect of capitalization (-)	<u> </u>	-			
8- RON Dollars net effect (5+6+7)	2.637	(2.637)			
9- Euro net asset/liability	(256.277)	256.277			
10- Hedged portion from Euro risk (-)	(126.892)	126.892			
11- Effect of capitalization (-)	<u> </u>				
12- Euro net effect (9+10+11)	(383.169)	383.169			
13- Jap. Yen net asset/liability	(234)	234			
14- Hedged portion from Jap. Yen risk (-)	-	-			
15- Effect of capitalization (-)	<u> </u>				
16- Jap. Yen net effect (13+14+15)	(234)	234			
TOTAL (4+8+12+16)	(65.961)	65.961			

### (g) Interest rate risk management

Some of the Group's borrowings are based on floating interest rate terms. In order to manage the exposure to interest rate movements on certain portion of the bank borrowings, the Group uses interest rate swaps and changes floating rates to fixed rates.

In addition, through the use of deposits in which the Group has a right to claim the accrued interest when withdrawn before the predetermined maturity, the Group minimizes the interest rate risk by increasing the share of floating rate denominated assets in its consolidated the balance sheet. Furthermore, for borrowings denominated in foreign currencies, except for US Dollars, the Group minimizes its interest rate risk by leveraging in foreign currencies that bear lower interest rate. In addition, a higher interest rate is applied to the trade receivables with a maturity when compared to the interest rate exposed for trade payables.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 36 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

### (g) Interest rate risk management(cont'd)

#### Interest rate sensivity

The following sensitivity analysis is based on forecasted interest rate changes for the liabilities denominated in variable interest rates. The information details the Group's sensitivity to an increase/decrease of 0,50% for US Dollars and EURO, 0,25% for Jap.Yen and 1,00% for TRY denominated interest rates.

Since the principal payments of the loans with floating interest rates are not affected from changes in interest rates, the risk exposure of the Group loans is measured using a sensitivity analysis instead of a Value at Risk calculation.

	31 December	31 December
	2024	2023
Floating interest rate financial instruments		
Financial liabilities	26.960.492	20.955.031

For the year round, if the US Dollars, EURO and Jap. Yen denominated interest rates increase/decrease by 100 base points in TRY, 50 base points in US Dollars and EURO and 25 base points in Jap. Yen respectively ceteris paribus, the profit before taxation and non-controlling interest after considering the effect of capitalization and hedging would be lower/higher TRY 100.399 thousand.

#### (h) Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecasted and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities and maintaining adequate funds and reserves.

#### Liquidity risk tables

Conservative liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash, availability of sufficient amount of borrowings and funds and ability to settle market positions.

The Group manages its funding of actual and forecasted financial obligations by maintaining the availability of sufficient number of high quality loan providers.

The following table details the Group's expected maturity for its derivative and non derivative financial liabilities. Interests which will be paid on borrowings in the future are included in the relevant columns in the following table.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 36 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

(h) Liquidity risk management (cont'd)

## **31 December 2024**

		Total cash outflow	Less than 3	3-12		More than
		per agreement	months	months	1-5 years	5 years
Contractual maturity analysis	Book value	(I+II+III+IV)	<b>(I)</b>	(II)	(III)	(IV)
Non derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings from banks, issued bonds	120.375.279	147.803.472	22.810.941	15.802.730	104.549.511	4.640.290
Financial lease payables	912.917	2.305.807	90.195	270.586	828.821	1.116.205
Trade payables	30.023.470	30.023.470	30.023.470	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities (*)	3.380.029	3.380.029	3.380.029	-	-	_
Total liabilities	154.691.695	183.512.778	56.304.635	16.073.316	105.378.332	5.756.495
Derivative financial liabilities						
Derivative cash inflows	249.118	6.783.042	4.167.710	2.615.332	-	-
Derivative cash outflows	-	(6.330.515)	(3.715.183)	(2.615.332)	-	_
_	249.118	452.527	452.527	-	-	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> Only the financial liabilities under other payables and liabilities are included.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 36 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

(h) Liquidity risk management (cont'd)

## **31 December 2023**

Contractual maturity analysis	Book value	Total cash outflow per agreement (I+II+III+IV)	Less than 3 months (I)	3-12 months (II)	1-5 years (III)	More than 5 years (IV)
Non derivative financial liabilities						_
Borrowings from banks	67.400.757	73.778.640	16.225.503	44.185.364	9.704.612	3.663.161
Financial lease payables	339.945	909.145	28.315	84.946	184.677	611.207
Trade payables	23.427.066	23.427.066	23.427.066	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities (*)	1.961.944	1.961.944	1.961.944	-	-	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	93.129.712	100.076.795	41.642.828	44.270.310	9.889.289	4.274.368
Derivative financial liabilities						
Derivative cash inflows	11.396	6.265.695	3.309.769	2.803.329	152.597	-
Derivative cash outflows	(122.650)	(6.244.081)	(3.288.155)	(2.803.329)	(152.597)	-
	(111.254)	21.614	21.614	-	-	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> Only the financial liabilities under other payables and liabilities are included.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 37 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES)

Darivativa

Categories of the financial instruments and their fair values

		Derivative			
		financial			
		instruments	Derivative		
	Financial assets/	through other	financial		
	liabilities at	comprehensive	instruments	Carrying	
31 December 2024	amortized cost	income	through profit/loss	value	Note
Financial Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	55.259.993	-	-	55.259.993	4
Trade receivables	26.463.914	-	-	26.463.914	8
Financial investments	1.586.209	-	178.085	1.764.294	5
Other financial assets	327.886	-	-	327.886	9
Derivative financial instruments	-	93.664	155.454	249.118	6
Financial Liabilities					
Borrowings	121.288.196	-	-	121.288.196	7
Trade payables	30.023.470	-	-	30.023.470	8
Other liabilities	3.380.029	-	-	3.380.029	9/19/23
31 December 2023					
Financial Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	24.072.967	-	-	24.072.967	4
Trade receivables	20.353.161	-	-	20.353.161	8
Financial investments	-	-	1.899.798	1.899.798	5
Other financial assets	214.383	-	-	214.383	9
Derivative financial instruments	-	7.792	3.604	11.396	6
Financial Liabilities					
Borrowings	67.740.702	-	-	67.740.702	7
Trade payables	23.427.066	-	-	23.427.066	8
Other liabilities	1.961.944	-	-	1.961.944	9/19/23
Derivative financial instruments	-	91.151	31.499	122.650	6

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Estimated fair values of financial instruments have been determined by the Group by using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, judgement is necessarily required to interpret market data. Accordingly, estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Group could realise in a current market exchange.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 37 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES) (cont'd)

Categories of the financial instruments and their fair values (cont'd)

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair values of financial instruments:

#### Financial assets

Financial assets that are carried at cost value including cash and cash equivalents are assumed to reflect their fair values due to their short term nature.

The carrying value of receivables, with related impairments are assumed to reflect their fair values.

#### Financial liabilities

Fair values of short term borrowings and trade payables are assumed to approximate their carrying values due to their short term nature.

Fair values of long term financial liabilities are assumed to approximate their carrying values due to mostly they have floating interest rates and repricing at short term.

Financial asset and liabilities at fair value	Fair value level as of reporting date			
	<b>31 December 2024</b>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit/loss				
Venture capital and financial investment fund	176.781	-	176.781	-
Derivative financial assets	155.454	-	155.454	-
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income/expense				
Derivative financial assets	93.664	-	93.664	-
Total	425.899		425.899	-

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY Thousand") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 37 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES) (cont'd)

Categories of the financial instruments and their fair values (cont'd)

Financial asset and liabilities at fair value		Fair value level as of reporting date		
	<b>31 December 2023</b>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets and liabilities at fair			_	
value through profit/loss				
Venture capital and financial investment fund	1.279.316	-	1.279.316	-
Currency protected time deposits	619.393	-	619.393	-
Derivative financial assets	3.604	-	3.604	-
Derivative financial liabilities	(31.499)	-	(31.499)	-
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value				
through other comprehensive income/expense				
Derivative financial assets	7.792	-	7.792	-
Derivative financial liabilities	(91.151)	-	(91.151)	-
Total	1.787.455	-	1.787.455	

First Level: Quoted (non adjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Second Level: Other valuation techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

*Third Level:* Valuation techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

#### **NOTE 38 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

None.

# NOTE 39 – OTHER ISSUES AFFECTING THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MATERIALLY OR THOSE REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED FOR A CLEAR, UNDERSTANDABLE AND INTERPRETABLE PRESENTATION

#### **Convenience translation to English:**

As of 31 December 2024, the accounting principles described in Note 2 (defined as Turkish Accounting Standards/Turkish Financial Reporting Standards) to the accompanying financial statements differ from International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board with respect to the application of inflation accounting, certain reclassifications and also for certain disclosures requirement of the POA/CMB. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with IFRS.