(CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH- SEE NOTE 33)

EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-30 SEPTEMBER 2013 AND AUDITOR'S REPORT

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## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

		(Unaudited) Current Period	(Audited-Restated) (*) Previous Period	(Audited-Restated) (*) Previous Period
		30 September	31 December	31 December
	Note	2013	2012	2011
ASSETS				
Current Assets		6.296.423.216	5.854.230.082	6.024.733.105
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	1.905.004.184	1.829.716.171	1.102.710.213
Other Short Term Financial Assets	5	4.749.883	543.101	9.232.974
Trade Receivables	8	1.375.273.021	1.047.300.360	1.141.698.002
Due From Related Parties	29	23.985.994	17.941.389	9.723.604
Other Trade Receivables	8	1.351.287.027	1.029.358.971	1.131.974.398
Other Receivables	9	342.712	296.045	277.962
Inventories	10	2.853.125.042	2.848.119.207	3.628.497.829
Prepaid Expenses	11	33.098.587	18.404.660	42.506.830
Other Current Assets	19	124.829.787	109.850.538	99.809.295
Non Current Assets		7.723.353.319	7.287.190.543	7.365.849.568
Other Receivables	9	272.673	238.949	219.483
Financial Investments		-	84.594	66.086
Other Long Term Financial Assets	5	66.629.446	9.579.245	47.475.443
Investment Properties	12	49.224.579	46.577.264	46.577.264
Property, Plant and Equipment	13	7.357.244.110	6.997.897.584	6.911.644.581
Intangible Assets	14	147.189.563	152.910.729	164.152.691
Prepaid Expenses	11	85.439.652	65.828.408	84.857.502
Deferred Tax Assets	27	17.353.296	14.073.770	110.735.816
Other Non Current Assets		-	-	120.702
TOTAL ASSETS	_	14.019.776.535	13.141.420.625	13.390.582.673

<sup>(\*)</sup> Detailed information about restated consolidated financial statements is given in note 33.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Note	(Unaudited) Current Period 30 September 2013	(Audited-Restated) (*) Previous Period 31 December 2012	(Audited-Restated) (*) Previous Period 31 December 2011
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities		2.599.569.921	2.817.904.101	2.415.353.191
Financial Liabilities	6	559.069.420	867.824.521	394.588.121
Short Term Portion of Long Term Financial Liabilities	6	1.158.375.206	1.154.609.147	1.093.280.760
Other Current Financial Liabilities	7	7.661.503	4.180.528	558.936
Trade Payables	8	354.032.069	428.055.750	533.658.501
Due to Related Parties	29	7.858.624	11.727.235	9.852.736
Other Trade Payables	8	346.173.445	416.328.515	523.805.765
Other Payables	9	11.094.236	7.784.500	9.499.032
Current Tax Liabilities	27	56.439.669	12.209.061	44.693.617
Short Term Provisions	17	170.080.167	113.061.323	77.424.150
Payables for Employee Benefits	16	76.288.400	101.317.114	98.046.626
Other Current Liabilities	19	206.529.251	128.862.157	163.603.448
Non Current Liabilities		2.939.017.204	2.907.604.439	3.687.681.410
Financial Liabilities	6	2.236.805.472	2.396.318.269	3.289.928.316
Other Non Current Financial Liabilities	7	29.900.857	14.576.726	10.400.444
Provisions for Employee Benefits	16	369.755.928	346.248.924	273.178.661
Deferred Tax Liabilities	27	302.191.548	150.043.899	113.234.445
Other Non Current Liabilities	19	363.399	416.621	939.544
EQUITY	20	8.481.189.410	7.415.912.085	7.287.548.072
Equity Attributable to				
Equity Holders of the Parent		8.248.492.925	7.204.811.565	7.086.723.062
Share Capital		3.500.000.000	3.090.000.000	2.150.000.000
Inflation Adjustment to Capital		156.613.221	342.195.166	731.967.735
Treasury Shares (-)		(116.232.173)	(103.599.856)	(74.637.969)
Share Issue Premium		106.447.376	106.447.376	231.020.042
Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Not to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss		(37.401.701)	(30.970.759)	(1.730.127)
Revaluation Reserve of Tangible Assets		25.600.593	26.813.595	27.228.155
Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain funds		(63.002.294)	(57.784.354)	(28.958.282)
Other Comprehensive Income/Expense to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss		368.341.139	(30.193.496)	(15.272.360)
Cash Flow Hedging Reserves		(22.297.710)	(29.878.279)	(14.783.355)
Foreign Currency Translation Reserves		390.638.849	(315.217)	(489.005)
Restricted Reserves Assorted from Profit		455.949.412	432.878.502	550.543.376
Retained Earnings		3.046.895.248	2.946.037.863	2.494.264.716
Net Profit for the Period		767.880.403	452.016.769	1.020.567.649
Non-Controlling Interests		232.696.485	211.100.520	200.825.010
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	_	14.019.776.535	13.141.420.625	13.390.582.673

<sup>(\*)</sup> Detailed information about restated consolidated financial statements is given in note 33.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed in Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Note	(Unaudited) Current Period 1 January- 30 September 2013	Current Period 1 July- 30 September 2013	(Unaudited- Restated)(*) Previous Period 1 January- 30 September 2012	(Restated)(*) Previous Period 1 July- 30 September 2012
OPERATING INCOME					
Revenue	21	7.199.531.330	2.152.499.982	7.135.136.547	2.350.559.009
Cost of Sales (-)	21	(5.848.297.439)	(1.714.563.717)	(6.375.941.508)	(2.041.601.146)
GROSS PROFIT		1.351.233.891	437.936.265	759.195.039	308.957.863
Marketing, Sales and Distribution Expenses (-)	22	(78.588.145)	(24.627.186)	(81.149.105)	(25.920.500)
General Administrative Expenses (-)	22	(140.339.214)	(45.184.518)	(128.874.475)	(41.087.898)
Research and Development Expenses (-)	22	(2.784.263)	(1.150.746)	(826.425)	(403.785)
Other Operating Income	24	132.776.410	22.236.427	88.505.438	29.305.927
Other Operating Expenses (-)	24	(73.717.521)	(39.117.235)	(101.543.657)	(28.317.520)
OPERATING PROFIT		1.188.581.158	350.093.007	535.306.815	242.534.087
Finance Income	25	95.054.762	23.124.542	200.456.122	36.337.113
Finance Expense (-)	26	(299.931.806)	(98.849.031)	(236.669.308)	(77.069.630)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		983.704.114	274.368.518	499.093.629	201.801.570
Tax Expense	27	(187.601.204)	(43.580.647)	(101.148.035)	(41.252.508)
- Current Corporate Tax Expense		(148.250.641)	(60.023.048)	(42.077.778)	(9.581.431)
- Deferred Tax Expense		(39.350.563)	16.442.401	(59.070.257)	(31.671.077)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		796.102.910	230.787.871	397.945.594	160.549.062
- Non-Controlling Interests		28.222.507	7.196.359	27.026.686	8.801.493
- Equity Holders of the Parent		767.880.403	223.591.512	370.918.908	151.747.569
EARNINGS PER SHARE	28	0,2194	0,0639	0,1060	0,0434
(TRY 1 Nominal value per share)					

<sup>(\*)</sup> Detailed information about restated consolidated financial statements is given in note 33.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Note	(Unaudited) Current Period 1 January- 30 September 2013	Current Period 1 July- 30 September 2013	(Unaudited- Restated)(*) Previous Period 1 January- 30 September 2012	(Restated)(*) Previous Period 1 July- 30 September 2012
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		796.102.910	230.787.871	397.945.594	160.549.062
Other Comprehensive Income/(Expense):					
Not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Change in Revaluation Reserve of Tangible Assets		(1.213.002)	(1.942.019)	(1.100.021)	(36.362)
Change in Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain		(6.726.666)	-	(17.490.967)	-
Tax Effect of Changes in Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain		1.345.332	-	3.498.194	-
To be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Change in Cash Flow Hedging Reserves		10.162.825	(5.059.321)	(26.410.849)	(17.823.219)
Tax Effect of Change in Cash Flow Hedging Reserves		(2.032.565)	1.011.864	5.282.170	3.564.644
Change in Foreign Currency Translation Reserves		401.383.709	403.151.329	598.097	107.308
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/ EXPENSE					
FOR THE PERIOD (AFTER TAX)	27	402.919.633	397.161.853	(35.623.376)	(14.187.629)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		1.199.022.543	627.949.724	362.322.218	146.361.433
Distribution of Total Comprehensive Income					
- Non-controlling Interests		39.038.447	17.344.887	25.047.255	7.805.587
- Equity Holders of the Parent		1.159.984.096	610.604.837	337.274.963	138.555.846

<sup>(\*)</sup> Detailed information about restated consolidated financial statements is given in note 33.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

					ĺ	Other co	mprehensive			Ī				
							ense not to be	Other comprehensiv	e income/expense to be					
						reclassified sub	sequently to profit	reclassified subsequ	uently to profit or loss					
	_			1		Revaluation	rloss		Familia	Restricted	1		1	
			Inflation		Share	Reserve of		Cash Flow	Foreign Currency	Reserves		Equity	Non-	Total
		Share	Adjustment	Treasury	Issue	Tangible	Actuarial loss/	Hedging	Translation	Assorted	Retained	Attributable	controlling	Shareholders'
	Note	Capital	to Capital	Shares (-)	Premium	Assets	(gain) funds	Reserves	Reserves	fromProfit	Earnings	to the Parent	Interests	Equity
(Unaudited)														
1 January 2013 (previously reported)		3.090.000.000	342.195.166	(103.599.856)	106.447.376	26.813.595	-	(29.878.279)	(315.217)	432.878.502	3.340.270.278	7.204.811.565	211.100.520	7.415.912.085
Effect of changes in accounting policy	33	-	-	-	-	-	(57.784.354)	-	-	-	57.784.354	-	-	-
Restated 1 January 2013 (*)		3.090.000.000	342.195.166	(103.599.856)	106.447.376	26.813.595	(57.784.354)	(29.878.279)	(315.217)	432.878.502	3.398.054.632	7.204.811.565	211.100.520	7.415.912.085
Net profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	767.880.403	767.880.403	28.222.507	796.102.910
Other comprehensive income/ (loss)		-	-	-	-	(1.213.002)	(5.217.940)	7.580.569	390.954.066	-	-	392.103.693	10.815.940	402.919.633
Total comprehensive income/ (loss)		-	-	-	-	(1.213.002)	(5.217.940)	7.580.569	390.954.066	-	767.880.403	1.159.984.096	39.038.447	1.199.022.543
Dividends paid (**)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(116.302.736)	(116.302.736)	(17.442.482)	(133.745.218)
Capital increase	20	410.000.000	(185.581.945)	(12.632.317)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(211.785.738)	-	-	-
Transfers from retained earnings	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23.070.910	(23.070.910)	-	-	-
30 September 2013	20	3.500.000.000	156.613.221	(116.232.173)	106.447.376	25.600.593	(63.002.294)	(22.297.710)	390.638.849	455.949.412	3.814.775.651	8.248.492.925	232.696.485	8.481.189.410
(Unaudited)														
1 January 2012 (previously reported)		2.150.000.000	731.967.735	(74.637.969)	231.020.042	27.228.155	-	(14.783.355)	(489.005)	550.543.376	3.485.874.083	7.086.723.062	200.825.010	7.287.548.072
Effect of changes in accounting policy	33	-	-	-	-	-	(28.958.282)	-	-	-	28.958.282	-	-	-
Restated 1 January 2012 (*)		2.150.000.000	731.967.735	(74.637.969)	231.020.042	27.228.155	(28.958.282)	(14.783.355)	(489.005)	550.543.376	3.514.832.365	7.086.723.062	200.825.010	7.287.548.072
Net profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	370.918.908	370.918.908	27.026.686	397.945.594
Other comprehensive income/ (loss)		-	-	-	-	(1.100.021)	(13.520.590)	(19.621.431)	598.097	-	-	(33.643.945)	(1.979.431)	(35.623.376)
Total comprehensive income/ (loss)		-	-	-	-	(1.100.021)	(13.520.590)	(19.621.431)	598.097	-	370.918.908	337.274.963	25.047.255	362.322.218
Dividends paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(290.756.841)	(290.756.841)	(19.094.135)	(309.850.976)
Capital increase		940.000.000	(389.772.569)	(28.961.887)	(124.572.666)	-	-	-	-	(195.705.772)	(200.987.106)	-	-	-
Transfers from retained earnings	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78.040.899	(78.040.899)	-	-	-
30 September 2012	20	3.090.000.000	342.195.166	(103.599.856)	106.447.376	26.128.134	(42.478.872)	(34.404.786)	109.092	432.878.503	3.315.966.427	7.133.241.184	206.778.130	7.340.019.314

<sup>(\*)</sup> Detailed information about restated consolidated financial statements is given in Note 33.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Annual General Assembly dated 29 March 2013, dividend distribution (gross dividend per share: TRY 0,03429 (2012: TRY 0,0971)) amounting to TRY 120.000.000 (30 March 2012: TRY 300.000.000) from 2012 net profit was approved. As the Company holds 3,08% of its shares with a nominal value of TRY 1 as of 29 March 2013, dividends for treasury shares are netted off under dividends paid. The dividend payment was completed at 30 May 2013.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited) (Restated)
		Current Period 1 January-	Previous Period 1 January-
	Note	30 September 2013	30 September 2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Droft hafara toy and non controlling interests		092 704 114	400 002 620
Profit before tax and non-controlling interests		983.704.114	499.093.629
Adjustments to reconcile net profit before tax to			
net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization expenses	21/23	301.205.277	242.192.474
Provision for employee termination benefits	16	34.165.841	29.390.454
Provision for seniority incentive premium	16	(1.649.666)	3.422.005
Gain on sale of property plant and equipment	24	(1.023.734)	(551.914)
Loss on write off of property plant and equipment	24	1.270.231	1.540.959
Increase in provision for doubtful receivables	8/9	3.424.405	1.155.281
Increase/ (decrease) in the allowance for inventories	10	1.951.849	(280.888)
Increase in provision for unpaid vacations	16	4.978.694	8.272.402
Increase in provision for pending claims and lawsuits	17	60.904.543	38.298.597
Increase in penalty provision for obligatory	17	509.206	(155.633)
employment shortage of disabled people Increase in provision for state right on mining activities	17	1.938.520	3.457.960
Increase in provision for civil defense fund	17	3.340.926	3.437.700
Interest expenses	26	159.805.564	193.026.214
Interest income	25	(56.576.132)	(51.303.345)
Interest income from overdue sales	24	(33.545.965)	(43.866.029)
Unrealized foreign currency loss/(gain) of financial liabilities		(16.208.169)	(209.668.341)
Loss/(gain) on fair value changes of derivative financial instruments	25/26	(38.455.127)	23.093.072
Net cash provided by operating activities before changes in			
working capital		1.409.740.377	737.116.897
Changes in working capital	33	(445.335.483)	482.386.052
Interest income from overdue sales collected		22.264.370	24.492.257
Lawsuits paid	17	(5.801.951)	(12.540.269)
Penalty paid for the employment shortage of disabled people	17 27	(1.466.772)	(415.650)
Corporate tax paid Employee termination benefits paid	16	(104.020.033) (16.830.265)	(77.197.722) (3.542.835)
State rights paid for mining activities	17	(3.643.868)	(3.704.424)
Unused vacation paid	16	(2.923.734)	(2.299.197)
Seniority incentive premium paid	16	(881.035)	(1.528.973)
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	851.101.606	1.142.766.136
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_		
Changes in financial investments		84.594	(16.301)
Cash used in the purchase of tangible assets	13	(217.422.943)	(312.845.481)
Cash used in the purchase of intangible assets	14	(2.277.830)	(4.983.799)
Cash provided by sales of tangible assets	13/14/24	1.294.632	610.471
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(218.321.547)	(317.235.110)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
New borrowings		3.535.186.158	2.775.284.573
Repayment of borrowings		(3.982.679.211)	(2.663.070.597)
Interest paid Interest received on bank deposits	4/25	(164.736.774) 70.890.340	(156.555.616) 62.490.957
Dividends paid	4/23	(116.302.736)	(290.280.511)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(17.442.482)	(19.094.135)
Net cash used in by financing activities	_	(675.084.705)	(291.225.329)
NET CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	-	(42.304.646)	534.305.697
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE	4	1 045 205 504	1 100 225 205
PERIOD	4 _	1.827.697.701	1.100.335.205
Currency translation difference, net	4	116.494.679	(357.707)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	_	1.901.887.734	1.634.283.195
Accrued interest income	4 _	3.116.450	3.377.928
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD INCLUDING ACCRUED INTEREST INCOME	4 =	1.905.004.184	1.637.661.123

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 1 – GROUP'S ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Erdemir Grubu ("Group"), is composed of Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş. ("Erdemir" or "the Company"), and its subsidiaries which it owns the majority of their shares or has a significant influence on their management structure.

The immediate parent and ultimate controlling party of the Group are Ataer Holding A.Ş. and Ordu Yardımlaşma Kurumu, respectively.

Ordu Yardımlaşma Kurumu (OYAK/Armed Forces Pension Fund) was incorporated on 1 March 1961 under the Act No. 205 as a private entity under its own law subject to Turkish civil and commercial codes and autonomous in financial and administrative matters. OYAK, being an "aid and retirement fund" for Turkish Armed Forces' members, provides various services and benefits within the framework of social security concept anticipated by Turkish Constitution. OYAK has nearly sixty direct and indirect subsidiaries in industry, finance and service sectors. The detailed information about OYAK can be found on its official website (www.oyak.com.tr).

The Company was incorporated in Turkey as a joint stock company in 1960. The principal activities of the Company are production of iron and steel rolled products, alloyed and non-alloyed iron, steel and pig iron castings, cast and pressed products, coke and their by-products.

The Company's shares have been traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange since the establishment of the Istanbul Stock Exchange (year 1986).

The main operations of the companies included in the consolidation and the share percentage of the Group for these companies are as follows:

	Country of		2013	2012
Name of the Company	Operation	Operation	Share %	Share %
İskenderun Demir ve Çelik A.Ş. ("ISDEMIR")	Turkey	Iron and Steel	92,91	92,91
Erdemir Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	Turkey	Iron Ore and Pellet	90,00	90,00
Erdemir Çelik Servis Merkezi San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	Turkey	Iron and Steel	100	100
Erenco Erdemir Müh. Yön. ve Dan. Hiz. A.Ş.	Turkey	Management and Consultancy	100	100
Erdemir Romania S.R.L.	Romania	Iron and Steel	100	100

Erdemir Gaz San. ve Tic. A.Ş. as disclosed in non-current financial investments is excluded from consolidation, as it has been dormant since its establishment at 21 December 2004 and it does not significantly affect the consolidated financial statements of the Group (Note 5). In the Extraordinary General Meeting of Erdemir Gaz San. ve Tic. A.Ş. dated 7 May 2012, liquidation of the Company has been decided. Registration and liquidation procedures are completed and published in Trade Registry Gazette numbered 8365 on 17 July 2013.

In the General Meeting of Erdemir Lojistik A.Ş. dated 8 June 2012, the merger of the Company with Erdemir Çelik Servis Merkezi San. ve Tic. A.Ş. has been decided. Merger operations has been completed as of 13 February 2013. This merger had no impact on the financial position of the Group.

It has been decided to move the Company's headquarter to İstanbul in Annual General Assembly dated 29 March 2013.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 1 – GROUP'S ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (cont'd)

The number of the personnel employed by the Group as at 30 September 2013 and 31 December 2012 are as follows:

	Paid Hourly	Paid Montly	30 September 2013
	Personnel	Personnel	Personnel
Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fab.T.A.Ş.	4.643	1.813	6.456
İskenderun Demir ve Çelik A.Ş.	4.499	891	5.390
Erdemir Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	124	146	270
Erdemir Çelik Servis Merkezi San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	43	96	139
Erenco Erdemir Müh. Yön. ve Dan. Hiz. A.Ş.	-	161	161
Erdemir Romania S.R.L.	219	52	271
_	9.528	3.159	12.687
	Paid Hourly Personnel	Paid Montly Personnel	31 December 2012
Ene XII Damin va Calily Eak T A C			Personnel
Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fab.T.A.Ş.	4.732	1.898	6.630
İskenderun Demir ve Çelik A.Ş.	4.658	885	5.543
Erdemir Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	128	145	273
Erdemir Çelik Servis Merkezi San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	33	86	119
Erdemir Mühendislik Yön. ve Dan. Hiz. A.Ş.	-	180	180
Erdemir Romania S.R.L.	208	72	280
Erdemir Lojistik A.Ş.	12	8	20
	1		

## NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2.1 Basis of Presentation

The Company and all its subsidiaries in Turkey maintain their legal books of account and prepare their statutory financial statements ("Statutory Financial Statements") in accordance with accounting principles issued by the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") and tax legislation.

The Group's consolidated financial statements and disclosures have been prepared in accordance with the communiqué numbered II-14,1 "Communiqué on the Principles of Financial Reporting In Capital Markets" ("the Communiqué") announced by the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") (hereinafter will be referred to as "the CMB Accounting Standards") on 13 June 2013 which is published on Official Gazette numbered 28676. The financial statements are prepared on cost basis, except the derivative financial instruments carried on fair value (Note 5 and Note 7).

In accordance with article 5<sup>th</sup> of the CMB Reporting Standards, companies should apply Turkish Accounting Standards/Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and its interpretations issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority of Turkey ("POA").

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

#### 2.1 Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

### Functional and Reporting Currency

TRY is accepted as the functional currency of the Company's subsidiaries and affiliates operating in Turkey and presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements on 30 June 2013 and the previous periods.

There were changes in sale and collection policies of Company's and its subsidiaries' İskenderun Demir ve Çelik A.Ş. and Erdemir Çelik Şervis Merkezi Şan. ve Tic. A.Ş in 2012.

Erdemir Group announced that there will not be sales with maturities in TRY starting from 31 March 2012 its website and other communication channels. Starting from 31 March 2012, new orders and sales contracts excluding exports to Europe have been performed with US Dollar currency. In addition to this change, there were existing orders and sales contracts with TRY currency as of 31 March 2012. Therefore the effects of TRY sales with or without maturity continued during year of 2012.

Due to reasons stated above, the change of current functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries Isdemir and Ersem from TRY into US Dollars has been considered. Group Management has started evaluating the effects of these changes made in 2012 and its possible effects on financial statements as of approval date of financial statements with the assumption that TRY is not representing the primary economic environment in which the Company and its subsidiaries İsdemir and Ersem operations.

According to the Company's management's point of view, due to decrease in TRY effect on the Group's economic environment, the requirements for change in the functional currency has not fully completed and that the functional currency of six months should be in TRY due to the major actual sales collections (nearly 50%) in TRY in 2012 and until the third quarter of 2013. Based on the Management's decision for increase in USD collections for trade receivables, there were changes in the IT infrastructure and the online banking system. After the changes in IT infrastructure and online banking systems, the collections have been started only in US Dollars in our banking system DBS ("Direct Debit System") as of September 2013, and The Company informed the customers through the Erdemir Online website. Due to the increase in USD collection in the third quarter of 2013, all conditions for functional currency change have been completed.

In the line with these developments in the third quarter of 2013, the Company Management concluded that change the functional currency of Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş. and its subsidiaries İsdemir and Ersem from TRY to US Dollars is necessary.

As of balance sheet date, the effect of US Dollars over the activities of the Company and its subsidiaries, İsdemir and Ersem, are significant and reflect the economic conditions in which the company and its subsidiaries İsdemir and Ersem operates.

Due to aforementioned reasons, The Company management decided to change the functional currency of the Companys and its subsidiaries İsdemir and Ersem from TRY to US Dollars in accordance with TAS 21 ("The Effects of Foreign Exchange Rates"). Although the appropriate conditions in the functional currency exchange of the Company and its subsidiaries İsdemir and Ersem has been finalized in September 2013, the Company management evaluated the effect of change of the functional currency effect to 1 July – 30 September 2013 and decided to apply the functional currency change starting from 1 July 2013. The functional currencies of the Company's subsidiaries, Erdemir Madencilik San. Ve Tic. A.Ş. "Ermaden" and Erdemir Mühendislik Yönetim ve Danışmanlık Hizmetleri A.Ş "Erenco", operating in Turkey have been accepted in TRY as in previous periods.

Therefore, the Company's and its subsidiaries İsdemir and Ersem financial statements applied US Dollars functional currency starting from the beginning of third quarter, which is 1 July 2013. All the figures on the financial statements, except US Dollars, are considered as foreign currencies. Transactions and balances US Dollars denominated are re-calculated in US Dollars as the following under TAS 21 ("The Effects of Foreign Exchange Rates").

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.1 Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

## Functional and Reporting Currency (cont'd)

The effects of the change in functional currency into US Dollars, that is started to apply from the beginning of 1 July 2013, have been disclosed in below financial statements as follows:

	(Presentation Currency	(Presentation Currency	
	TRY/ Functional Currency	TRY/ Functional Currency	
	as US Dollars )	as TRY)	(Difference)
<u>-</u>	30 Sept 2013	30 Sept 2013	30 Sept 2013
Current Assets	6.296.423.216	6.183.001.456	113.421.760
Non Current Assets	7.723.353.319	7.326.051.872	397.301.447
Total Assets	14.019.776.535	13.509.053.328	510.723.207
Current Liabilities	2.599.569.921	2.599.541.851	28.070
Non Current Liabilities	2.939.017.204	2.841.993.964	97.023.240
Equity	8.481.189.410	8.067.517.513	413.671.897
Equity attributable to equity holders of the po	8.248.492.925	7.851.607.317	396.885.608
Non-controlling Interests	232.696.485	215.910.196	16.786.289
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>	14.019.776.535	13.509.053.328	510.723.207

- TRY 113.421.760 difference occurs in current assets majorly refers from inventory that is TRY 111.034.916,
- TRY 397.301.447 difference occurs in non-current assets majorly refers from tangible assets that is TRY 387.815.447,
- TRY 97.023.240 difference occurs in current liabilities refers from indeffered tax liabilities,
- TRY 413.671.897 difference occurs in equity majorly refers from foreign currency difference that is TRY 393.681.924.

	(Presentation Currency	(Presentation Currency	
	TRY/ Functional Currency	TRY/ Functional	
	as US Dollars )	Currency as TRY)	(Difference)
	30 Sept 2013	30 Sept 2013	30 Sept 2013
Revenue	7.199.531.330	7.156.924.913	42.606.417
Cost of Sales (-)	(5.848.297.439)	(5.847.690.283)	(607.156)
Gross Profit	1.351.233.891	1.309.234.630	41.999.261
Operating Expenses (-)	(221.711.622)	(221.580.150)	(131.472)
Other Operating Income/(Expenses) (*)	59.058.889	146.632.845	(87.573.956)
Operating Profit	1.188.581.158	1.234.287.325	(45.706.167)
Finance Income/(Expenses)	(204.877.044)	(251.402.942)	46.525.898
Profit Before Tax	983.704.114	982.884.383	819.731
Tax Income/(Expenses)	(187.601.204)	(199.337.553)	11.736.349
Profit for the Period	796.102.910	783.546.830	12.556.080
- Non-Controlling Interests	28.222.507	21.865.861	6.356.646
- Equity Holders of the Parent	767.880.403	761.680.969	6.199.434

<sup>(\*)</sup>The difference occurs in Other Operating Income/ (Expenses), that is TRY (87.573.956), refers from foreign exchange difference from trade receivables and payables occurred between 1 January -30 June 2013 in TRY.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

#### 2.1 Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

### Functional and Reporting Currency (cont'd)

According to TAS 21 ("The Effects of Foreign Exchange Rates") changes in the functional currency should be applied on a going-forward basis. Consequently there has not been any correction in the financial statements and notes for 30 June 2013 and previous periods. Due to the changes in the functional currency, all the figures in the six months period ended 30 June 2013 balance sheet figures are translated into US Dollars by using Central Bank's buying rate as of 30 June 2013, which corresponds to 1,9248 and all these figures are taken as the opening historical cost of non-monetary balance sheet items such as; tangible and intangible assets, investment property, inventories and equity. The 1 July – 30 September 2013 movements of these items and the statement of income are translated to US Dollars at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions ( or by using average exchange rate when suitable). The translation difference gain is recognized as foreign exchange income/ (loss) under financial income/ (expenses).

Functional and presentation currency for the subsidiary abroad

Erdemir Romania S.RL has been established as a foreign legal entity.

The financial statements of the subsidiary operating in Romania have been prepared in accordance with the legislation in force within the country, and are arranged reflecting the necessary adjustments and reclassifications in conformity with IFRS. The assets and liabilities of the foreign subsidiary in terms of EUR have been translated into Turkish Lira using the foreign exchange rate at the balance sheet date.

The functional currency of the subsidiary operating in Romania which was Romanian Lei before has been changed into Euro due to change of sales conditions in 2012 effective as of 1 January 2012. The change has no effect in previous year financial statements.

### Presentation currency translation

Presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements is TRY. According to IAS 21 ("The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates") financial statements, that are prepared in USD Dollars for İsdemir and Ersem and in Euro for Erdemir Romania, have been translated in TRY as the following method:

- a) For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities are translated from USD Dollars into TRY using the Central Bank of Turkey's exchange rate which is TRY 2,0342=US \$ 1 and TRY 2,7484=EUR 1 on the balance sheet date (31 December 2012: TRY 1,7826= US \$ 1, TRY 2.3517=EUR 1).
- b) For the nine months period ended 30 September 2013, income statements are translated from the average US Dollars and Euro rates of 2013 January-September period.
- c) Exchange differences are shown in other comprehensive income as of foreign currency translation reserve.

### Approval of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been approved and authorized to be published on 11 November 2013 by the Board of Directors. The General Assembly has the authority to revise the financial statements.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.2 The Adjustment of the Financial Statements in Hyperinflationary Periods

In accordance with the decision made on 17 March 2005, by CMB, as effective from 1 January 2005, the inflation accounting is no longer required for companies operating in Turkey and preparing their financial statements due to the accounting standards of CMB. Since the date of the decision, the preparation and publication of the financial statements in accordance with IAS 29, "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies", issued by the IASB, have ceased.

### 2.3 Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

The changes in accounting estimates affecting the current period are recognized in the current period, the changes in accounting estimates affecting both in the current and future periods, prospectively.

#### 2.4 Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Group and its subsidiaries controlled by the Group as at the same date. This control is normally evidenced when Group is able to govern the financial and operating policies of an enterprise so as to benefit from its activities.

### Subsidiaries

The companies which the Group, directly or indirectly, has above 50% ownership interest or 50% voting rights or has power to exercise control on operations, have been fully consolidated. If the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the subsidiaries for its own benefit, control is deemed to present.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and ceased to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group.

The accounting policies of the subsidiaries consolidated are changed and aligned with the Group's accounting policies when necessary. All significant transactions and balances between the Company and its subsidiaries are eliminated during consolidation.

When the Group purchases a company, the assets and liabilities of the relevant subsidiary are measured at their fair values at the date of acquisition. The amount of the non-controlling interest shares is obtained by the calculation of the fair values of assets and liabilities with respect to the proportion of the non-controlling interest. The operational results of subsidiaries are included or excluded from consolidation according to their effective dates of acquisition and disposal, respectively.

Non-controlling interests in the net assets of the subsidiaries included in consolidation, appears as a separate item in Group's equity. Non-controlling interests consist of non-controlling party's amount that already exists as of the first acquisition date and the amounts take place during the changes in the parent company's equity related to non-controlling interest after the first acquisition date. Losses of the non-controlling interests are distributed to the shares of the non-controlling interests. The equity and net income attributable to non-controlling interests are shown separately in the consolidated balance sheet and income statement, respectively.

## 2.5 Comparative Information and Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements with Prior Periods

The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in comparison with the previous period in order to allow for the determination of the financial position and performance trends. The comparative information is reclassified when necessary in order to be aligned with the current period consolidated financial statements. The detailed information about these restatements are presented in Note 33.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.6 Significant Judgments and Estimates of the Group on Application of Accounting Policies

The Group makes estimates and assumptions prospectively while preparing its consolidated financial statements. These accounting estimates are rarely identical to the actual results. The estimates and assumptions that may cause significant adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities in the following reporting periods are listed below:

## 2.6.1 Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The Group calculates depreciation for the fixed assets by taking into account their production amounts and useful lives that are stated in Note 2.9.3 and 2.9.4 (Note 13, Note 14).

#### 2.6.2 Deferred tax

The Group recognizes deferred tax on the temporary timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements prepared in accordance with TFRS and statutory financial statements which is used in the computation of taxable profit. The related differences are generally due to the timing difference of the tax base of some income and expense items between statutory and TFRS financial statements. The Group has deferred tax assets resulting from tax loss carry-forwards and deductible temporary differences, which could reduce taxable income in the future periods. All or partial amounts of the realizable deferred tax assets are estimated in current circumstances. The main factors which are considered include future earnings potential; cumulative losses in recent years; history of loss carry-forwards and other tax assets expiring, the carry-forward period associated with the deferred tax assets, future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences that would, if necessary, be implemented, and the nature of the income that can be used to realize the deferred tax asset (Note 27).

## 2.6.3 Fair values of derivative financial instruments

The Group values its derivative financial instruments by using the foreign exchange and interest rate estimations and based on the valuation estimates of the market values as of the balance sheet date (Note5, Note 7, Note 30).

#### 2.6.4 Provision for doubtful receivables

Allowance for doubtful receivables reflect the future loss that the Group anticipates to incur from the trade receivables as of the balance sheet date which are subject to collection risk considering the current economic conditions. During the impairment test for the receivables, the debtors are assessed with their prior year performances, their credit risk in the current market, their performance after the balance sheet date up to the issuing date of the financial statements; and also the renegotiation conditions with these debtors are considered. The provision for doubtful receivables is presented in Note 8 and Note 9.

### 2.6.5 Provision for inventories

During the assessment of the provision for inventory the following are considered; analyzing the inventories physically and historically, considering the employment and usefulness of the inventories respecting to the technical personnel view. Sales prices listed, average discount rates given for sale and expected cost incurred to sell are used to determine the net realizable value of the inventories. As a result of this, the provision for inventories with the net realizable values below the costs and the slow moving inventories are presented in Note 10.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE CELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.S. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.6 Significant Judgments and Estimates of the Group on Application of Accounting Policies (cont'd)

#### 2.6.6 Provisions for employee benefits

Assumptions about discount rates, inflation rates, future salary increases and employee turnover rates are made to calculate Group's provision for employee benefits. The details related with the defined benefit plans are stated in Note 16.

#### 2.6.7 Provision for lawsuits

Provision for lawsuits is evaluated by the Group Management based on opinions of Gruop Legal Council and legal consultants. The Group Management determines the amount of provisions based on best estimates. As of balance sheet date, provision for lawsuits is stated in Note 17.

### 2.7 Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts are reported with their net values in the balance sheet where either there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts or there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## 2.8 Adoption of New and Revised International Financial Reporting Standards

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as at 30 September 2013 are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new and amended TFRS and IFRIC interpretations effective as of 1 January 2013 summarized below. The effects of these standards and interpretations on the Group's financial position and performance have been disclosed in the related paragraphs.

The new standards, amendments and interpretations which are effective as at 1 January 2013 are as follows:

TFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Amendment)

The amendment requires the disclosure of the rights of the entity relating to the offsetting of the financial instruments and some information about the related regulations (eg, collateral agreements). New disclosures would provide users of financial statements with information that is useful in

- i) evaluating the effect or potential effect of netting arrangements on an entity's financial position and,
- ii) analyzing and comparing financial statements prepared in accordance with TFRSs and other generally accepted accounting standards.

New disclosures have to be provided for all the financial instruments in the balance sheet that have been offset according to TAS 32. Such disclosures are applicable to financial instruments in the balance sheet that have not been offset according to TAS 32 but are available for offsetting according to main applicable offsetting regulations or other financial instruments that are subject to a similar agreement. The amendment affects disclosures only and did not have any impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

TAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements (Amended) – Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The amendments to IAS 1 change only the grouping of items presented in other comprehensive income. Items that could be reclassified subsequently (or 'recycled') to profit or loss at a future point in time would be presented separately from items which will never be reclassified. The amendments will be applied retrospectively. The amendment affects presentation only and did not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.8 Adoption of New and Revised International Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd)

### TAS 19 Employee Benefits (Amended)

Numerous changes or clarifications are made under the amended standard. Among these numerous amendments, the most important changes are removing the corridor mechanism, for determined benefit plans recognizing actuarial gain/(loss) under other comprehensive income and making the distinction between short-term and other long-term employee benefits based on expected timing of settlement rather than employee entitlement. The Group has accounted the actuarial gain/losses in other comprehensive income in accordance with the amendment. As a result of change in actuarial gain/ losses in other comprehensive income difference from previous year is explained in Note 33. Additionally, based on the amendment in the presentation of short term employee benefits, vacation pay liability formerly presented in the short term provisions has been retrospectively reclassified to long term provisions.

## TAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (Amended)

As a consequential amendment to TFRS 10 and TFRS 12, the POA also amended TAS 27, which is now limited to accounting for subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities, and associates in separate financial statements. This amendment did not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the the Group.

#### TAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amended)

As a consequential amendment to TFRS 11 and TFRS 12, the POA also amended TAS 28, which has been renamed TAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, to describe the application of the equity method to investments in joint ventures in addition to associates. Transitional requirement of this amendment is similar to TFRS 11. This amendment did not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

#### TFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

TFRS 10, replaces the parts of previously existing TAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements that addresses the accounting for consolidated financial statements. A new definition of control is introduced, which is used to determine which entities are consolidated. This is a principle based standard and require preparers of financial statements to exercise significant judgment. This amendment will not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

## **TFRS 11 Joint Arrangements**

The standard describes the accounting for joint ventures and joint operations with joint control. Among other changes introduced, under the new standard, proportionate consolidation is not permitted for joint ventures. This standard did not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

### TFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

TFRS 12 includes all of the requirements that are related to disclosures of an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structured entities. Apart from the disclosures regarding the significant issues and transactions in the interim period, disclosures according to the new standards are not applicable to interim periods so the Group did not provide this disclosure in the interim period.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.8 Adoption of New and Revised International Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd)

#### TFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

The new Standard provides guidance on how to measure fair value under IFRS but does not change when an entity is required to use fair value. It is a single source of guidance under IFRS for all fair value measurements. The new standard also brings new disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. The new disclosures are only required for periods beginning after TFRS 13 is adopted. Some of the disclosures about the financial instruments mentioned above, have to be provided in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements according to TAS 34.16 A (j). This amendment did not have an impact on the interim consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### IFRIC 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

Entities will be required to apply its requirements for production phase stripping costs incurred from the start of the earliest comparative period presented. The Interpretation clarifies when production stripping should lead to the recognition of an asset and how that asset should be measured, both initially and in subsequent periods. The interpretation is applicable for the Group however did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

### Transition Guidance (Amendments to TFRS 10, TFRS 11 and TFRS 12)

The amendments change the transition guidance to provide further relief from full retrospective application. The date of initial application is defined as 'the beginning of the annual reporting period in which TFRS 10 is applied for the first time'. The assessment of whether control exists is made at 'the date of initial application' rather than at the beginning of the comparative period. If the control assessment is different between TFRS 10 and TAS 27/SIC-12, retrospective adjustments should be determined. However, if the control assessment is the same, no retrospective application is required. If more than one comparative period is presented, additional relief is given to require only one period to be restated. For the same reasons IASB has also amended TFRS 11 Joint Arrangements and TFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities to provide transition relief. These amendments did not have an impact on the interim consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### Improvements to TFRS

Annual Improvements to TFRSs -2009 - 2011 Cycle, which contains amendments to its standards, is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. This project did not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

#### TAS 1 Financial Statement Presentation:

Clarifies the difference between voluntary additional comparative information and the minimum required comparative information.

## TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment:

Clarifies that major spare parts and servicing equipment that meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are not inventory.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

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# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.8 Adoption of New and Revised International Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd)

Improvements to TFRS (cont'd)

TAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation:

Clarifies that income taxes arising from distributions to equity holders are accounted for in accordance with TAS 12 Income Taxes. The amendment removes existing income tax requirements from TAS 32 and requires entities to apply the requirements in TAS 12 to any income tax arising from distributions to equity holders.

TAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting:

Clarifies the requirements in TAS 34 relating to segment information for total assets and liabilities for each reportable segment. Total assets and liabilities for a particular reportable segment need to be disclosed only when the amounts are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker and there has been a material change in the total amount disclosed in the entity's previous annual financial statements for that reportable segment.

## Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted

Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards that are issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the consolidated interim financial statements are as follows. The Group will make the necessary changes if not indicated otherwise, which will be affecting the interim condensed consolidated financial statements and disclosures, after the new standards and interpretations become in effect.

TAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial liabilities (Amended)

The amendments clarify the meaning of "currently has a legally enforceable right to set-off" and also clarify the application of the TAS 32 offsetting criteria to settlement systems (such as central clearing house systems) which apply gross settlement mechanisms that are not simultaneous. These amendments are to be retrospectively applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014. The Group does not expect that these amendments will have significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

#### TFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Classification and measurement

As amended in December 2011, the new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015. Phase 1 of this new TFRS introduces new requirements for classifying and measuring financial instruments. The amendments made to TFRS 9 will mainly affect the classification and measurement of financial assets and measurement of fair value option (FVO) liabilities and requires that the change in fair value of a FVO financial liability attributable to credit risk is presented under other comprehensive income. Early adoption is permitted. This standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendment on financial position or performance of the Group.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

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# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.8 Adoption of New and Revised International Financial Reporting Standards (cont'd)

The new standards, amendments and interpretations that are issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not issued by POA:

The following standards, interpretations and amendments to existing IFRS standards are issued by the IASB but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the interim financial statements. However, these standards, interpretations and amendments to existing IFRS standards are not yet adapted/issued by the POA, thus they do not constitute part of TFRS. The Group will make the necessary changes to its consolidated financial statements after the new standards and interpretations are issued and become effective under TFRS.

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements (Amendment)

IFRS 10 is amended to provide an exception to the consolidation requirement for entities that meet the definition of an investment entity. The exception to consolidation requires investment entities to account for subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. The Group does not expect that this amendment will have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

## IFRIC Interpretation 21 Levies

The interpretation clarifies that an entity recognizes a liability for a levy when the activity that triggers payment, as identified by the relevant legislation, occurs. It also clarifies that a levy liability is accrued progressively only if the activity that triggers payment occurs over a period of time, in accordance with the relevant legislation. For a levy that is triggered upon reaching a minimum threshold, the interpretation clarifies that no liability should be recognized before the specified minimum threshold is reached. The interpretation is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014, with early application permitted. Retrospective application of this interpretation is required. The Group does not expect that this amendment will have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

IAS 36 Impairment of Assets - Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial assets (Amendment)

The IASB, as a consequential amendment to IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement, modified some of the disclosure requirements in IAS 36 Impairment of Assets regarding measurement of the recoverable amount of impaired assets. The amendments require additional disclosures about the measurement of impaired assets (or a group of assets) with a recoverable amount based on fair value less costs of disposal. The amendments are to be applied retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014. Earlier application is permitted for periods when the entity has already applied IFRS 13. The Group does not expect that this amendment will have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement - Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting (Amendment)

In June 2013, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement that provides a narrow exception to the requirement for the discontinuation of hedge accounting in circumstances when a hedging instrument is required to be novated to a central counterparty as a result of laws or regulations. The amendments are to be applied retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014. The Group does not expect that this amendment will have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

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# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.9 Valuation Principles Applied / Significant Accounting Policies

Valuation principles and accounting policies used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

#### 2.9.1 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the received or receivable amount. The estimated customer returns, rebates, and other similar allowances are deducted from this amount.

## Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Group transfers the significant risks and benefits of the ownership of the goods to the buyer;
- The Group retains neither a continuing managerial involvement usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue is measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred due to the transaction are measured reliably.

### Dividend and interest revenue

Interest revenue is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount. Group's interest income from sales with maturities is recognized in other operating income.

Dividend revenue from investments is recognized when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

### Rental income

Rental income from investment properties is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

### 2.9.2 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The costs, including an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses, are assigned to inventories held by the method most appropriate to the particular class of inventory, with the majority valued by using the monthly weighted moving average method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### 2.9.3 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment purchased before 1 January 2005 are disclosed in the financial statements at their indexed historical cost for inflation effects as at 31 December 2004, on the other hand the purchases made in 2005 and in later periods are presented at their historical cost, less depreciation and impairment loss. Except for land and construction in progress, other tangible assets are depreciated according to straight-line basis or units of production method basis using the expected useful lives and production amounts of the assets.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE CELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.S. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

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# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.9 Valuation Principles Applied / Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## 2.9.3 Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

The Group's tangible fixed assets operating in the production of iron ore, flat steel, long steel and high silicon flat steel are stated in the balance sheet at their revalued amounts. Any increase arising from the revaluation of the existing assets is recorded under the revaluation reserve, in the shareholders' equity. A decrease in carrying amount arising on the revaluation of assets is charged to the consolidated income statement to the extent that it exceeds the balance in the revaluation reserve that is related to the previous revaluation.

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amounts. The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment is the greater of net selling price and value in use.

In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present values using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Impairment losses are recognized in the consolidated income statement.

The rates that are used to depreciate the fixed assets are as follows:

	Rates
Buildings	2-16%
Land improvements	2-33% and units of production level
Machinery and equipment	3-50% and units of production level
Vehicles	5-25% and units of production level
Furniture and fixtures	5-33%
Other tangible fixed assets	5-25%

## 2.9.4 Intangible assets

Intangible assets purchased before 1 January 2005 are recognized at their acquisition cost indexed for inflation effects as at 31 December 2004, on the other hand the purchases made in and after 1 January 2005 are recognized at acquisition cost less any amortization and impairment loss. Intangible assets are amortized principally on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives and production amounts. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, and any changes in the estimate are accounted for on a prospective basis.

The amortization rates of the intangible assets are stated below:

	Rates
Rights	2-33%
Exploration costs and other intangible fixed assets with special useful lives	5-10% and units of production
Other intangible fixed assets	20-33%

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# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.9 Valuation Principles Applied / Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

### 2.9.5 Impairment of assets

Assets subject to depreciation and amortization are tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of net selling price and value in use. Recoverable amounts are estimated for individual assets (for the cash-generating unit). Non-financial assets that are impaired are evaluated for reversal of impairment amount at each reporting date.

## 2.9.6 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, one that takes a substantial period of time to get ready for use or sale, are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset in the period in which the asset is prepared for its intended use or sale. Investment revenues arising from the temporary utilization of the unused portion of facility loans are netted off from the costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized directly in the consolidated income statement of the period in which they are incurred.

#### 2.9.7 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized in the Group's consolidated balance sheet when the Group becomes a legal party for the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

### Financial assets

Financial assets, are initially measured at fair value, less transaction costs except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value. All financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date where the purchase or sale of a financial asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the financial asset within the timeframe established by the market.

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets as 'at fair value through profit or loss', 'held-to-maturity investments', 'available-for-sale financial assets' and 'loans and receivables'. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

## Effective interest method

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the ratio exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net present value of the financial asset or in a shorter period where appropriate.

Incomes related to the debt instruments that are held to maturity and are available for sale, and financial assets that are classified as loans and receivables are calculated according to the effective interest rate method.

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# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.9 Valuation Principles Applied / Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## 2.9.7 Financial instruments (cont'd)

### Financial assets (cont'd)

Available for sale financial assets

Some of the shares and long term marketable securities held by the Group are classified as available for sale and recognized at their fair values.

The financial assets, which are not priced in an active market and the fair value cannot be recognized accurately, are recognized at cost less accumulated impairments.

Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized directly in the investments revaluation reserve with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets which are recognized directly in the consolidated income statement. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in the investments revaluation reserve is included in the consolidated income statement for the period.

Dividends associated with the available for sale equity instruments are recognized in consolidated income statement when the Group has the right to receive the related payments.

#### Receivables

Trade receivables and other receivables are initially recognized at their fair value. Subsequently, receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

## Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting period. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been impacted.

For receivables, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in the consolidated income statement.

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# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.9 Valuation Principles Applied / Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## 2.9.7 Financial instruments (cont'd)

### Financial assets (cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (cont'd)

With the exception of available for sale equity instruments, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

In respect of available for sale equity securities, any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognized directly in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments which their maturities are three-months or less from date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. The carrying amount of these assets approximates their fair value.

### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at fair value through profit or loss' or other financial liabilities.

### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are initially accounted at fair value, net of transaction costs.

Subsequently other financial liabilities are accounted at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized on an effective interest rate basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating the interest expense to the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

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# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### 2.9 Valuation Principles Applied / Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

### 2.9.7 Financial instruments (cont'd)

### Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Derivatives are initially recognized at cost of acquisition and are subsequently accounted to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The method of recognizing the result of gain or loss is dependent on the nature of the item being hedged.

On the date a derivative contract is entered into, the Group designates certain derivatives as either a hedge of the fair value of a recognized asset or liability (fair value hedge) or a hedge from changes that could affect the statement of income due to a specific risk in cash flow of a forecasted transaction (cash flow hedge). Fair value of the Group's interest swap agreements is determined by valuation methods depending on analyzable market data.

Changes in the fair value of the derivatives that are designated and qualified as cash flow hedges and that are highly effective, are recognized in equity as hedging reserve. Where the forecasted transaction or firm commitment results in the recognition of an asset or a liability, the gains and losses previously booked under equity are transferred from equity and included in the initial measurement of the cost of acquisition of the asset or liability. Otherwise, amounts booked under equity are transferred to the consolidated statement of income and classified as revenue or expense in the period in which the hedged item affects the statement of income.

When the hedging instrument expires, is sold, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge than hedge accounting is terminated. Any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognized when the committed or forecasted transaction ultimately is recognized in the statement of income. However, if the hedged transaction is not realized, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is immediately transferred to the profit or loss of the current period.

The Group evaluates the derivative financial instruments held for fair value hedge purpose with their fair values and associates them with profit or loss.

### 2.9.8 The effects of foreign exchange rate changes

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are converted at the exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date.

The Group records foreign currency (currencies other than the functional currency of the related company) transactions using exchange rates of the date the transaction is completed. Foreign currency monetary items are evaluated with exchange rates as of reporting date and arising foreign exchange income/expenses are recorded in consolidated statement of income. All monetary assets and liabilities are evaluated with exchange rates of the reporting date and related foreign currency translation differences are transferred to consolidated statement of income. Non-monetary foreign currency items that are recognized at cost are evaluated with historic exchange rates. Non-monetary foreign currency items that are recognized at fair value are evaluated with exchange rates of the dates their fair values are determined.

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# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.9 Valuation Principles Applied / Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## 2.9.9 Earnings per share

Earnings per share, disclosed in the consolidated income statement, are determined by dividing the net income attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period concerned.

In Turkey, companies can increase their share capital by distributing "bonus shares" to shareholders from retained earnings. In computing earnings per share, such "bonus share" distributions are assessed as issued shares. Accordingly, the weighted-average number of shares are computed by taking into consideration of the retrospective effects of the share distributions.

## 2.9.10 Subsequent events

Subsequent events include all events that take place between the balance sheet date and the date of authorization for the release of the balance sheet, although the events occurred after the announcements related to the net profit/loss or even after the public disclosure of other selective financial information.

In the case that events occur requiring an adjustment, the Group adjusts the amounts recognized in its consolidated financial statements to reflect the adjustments after the balance sheet date.

### 2.9.11 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, where it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Contingent liabilities are assessed continuously to determine the probability of outflow of the economically beneficial assets. For contingent liabilities, when an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits are probable, provision is recognized for this contingent liability in the period when the probability has changed, except for the cases where a reliable estimate cannot be made.

When the Group's contingent liabilities' availability is possible but the amount of resources containing the economic benefits cannot be measured reliably, then the Group discloses this fact in the notes.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

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# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.9 Valuation Principles Applied / Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## 2.9.12 Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to reporting entity, the entity that is preparing its financial statements.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- (b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

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# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.9 Valuation Principles Applied / Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## 2.9.13 Investment properties

Investment properties, which are held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation are measured initially at cost any accumulated impairment losses.

Investment properties are derecognized when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognized in the consolidated statement of income in the year of retirement or disposal.

### 2.9.14 Taxation and deferred income taxes

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiary to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in the consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Income tax expense represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in future and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is determined by calculating the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets/liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases, used in the computation of the taxable profit, using currently enacted tax rates. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences where deferred tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Such assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized if it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

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# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.9 Valuation Principles Applied / Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## 2.9.14 Taxation and deferred income taxes (cont'd)

### Deferred tax (cont'd)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

## Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax are recognized as an expense or income in the consolidated income statement, except when they relate to the items credited or debited directly to the equity (in this case the deferred tax related to these items is also recognized directly in the equity), or where they arise from the initial accounting of a business combination. In the case of a business combination, the tax effect is taken into account in calculating goodwill or determining the excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost.

### 2.9.15 Employee benefits

According to the Turkish and Romanian law and union agreements, employee termination payments are made to employees in the case of retiring or involuntarily leaving. Such payments are considered as a part of defined retirement benefit plan in accordance with IAS19 (revised) "Employee Benefits" ("IAS 19").

The termination indemnities accounted in the balance sheet and seniority incentive premium in accordance with the union agreements in force represent the present value of the residual obligation. Actuarial gains and losses, on the other hand, are recognized in the statement of other comprehensive income.

The Group makes certain assumptions about discount rates, inflation rates, future salary increases and employee turnover rates in calculation of provisions for employee benefits. The present value of employee benefits as of 31 December 2012 is calculated by an independent actuary and some changes are done in accounting assumptions used in calculations. The impact of the changes in assumptions is recognized in the statement of income. The details related with the defined benefit plans are stated in Note 16.

Liabilities due to unused vacations classified as provisions due to employee benefits are accrued and discounted if the discount effect is material.

The Group companies operating in Turkey are required to pay social insurance premiums to the Social Security Agency. As long as it pays these insurance premiums, the Group does not have any further obligation. These premiums are reflected in the payroll expenses incurred in the period.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## 2.9 Valuation Principles Applied / Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

#### 2.9.16 Government grants and incentives

Government grants and incentives are recognized at fair value when there is assurance that these grants and incentives will be received and the Group has met all conditions required. Government grants and incentives related to costs are recognized as revenue during the periods they are matched with the costs they will cover.

#### 2.9.17 Statement of cash flows

Cash flows during the period are classified and reported as operating, investing and financing activities in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

Cash flows arising from operating activities represent the cash flows that are used in or provided by the Group's steel products and metal sales activities.

Cash flows arising from investment activities represent the cash flows that are used in or provided by the investing activities (direct investments and financial investments) of the Group.

Cash flows arising from financing activities represent the cash proceeds from the financing activities of the Group and the repayments of these funds.

Cash and cash equivalents comprises of the cash on hand, the demand deposits and highly liquid other short-term investments which their maturities are three months or less from the date of acquisition, are readily convertible to cash and are not subject to a significant risk of changes in value.

### 2.9.18 Share capital and dividends

Common shares are classified as equity. Dividends on common shares are recognized in equity in the period which they are approved and declared.

### 2.9.19 Treasury shares

When share capital recognized as equity is repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid which includes directly attributable costs, is net of any tax effects, and is recognized as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares and are presented as a deduction from total equity. When treasury shares are sold or reissued subsequently, the amount received is recognized as an increase in equity, and the resulting surplus or deficit on the transaction is transferred to/from retained earnings.

## **NOTE 3 – SEGMENTAL REPORTING**

The operations of the Group in İskenderun and Ereğli have been defined as geographical segments. However, the segments with similar economic characteristics have been combined into a single operating segment considering the nature of the products and the production processes, methods to allocate the products and the type of customers or to provide services.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 4 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The detail of cash and cash equivalents as of 30 September 2013 and 31 December 2012 is as follows:

	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Cash	30.937	27.100
Banks – demand deposits	56.090.973	33.291.123
Banks – time deposits	1.848.882.274	1.796.397.948
	1.905.004.184	1.829.716.171
Time deposit interest accruals (-)	(3.116.450)	(2.018.470)
Cash and cash equivalents excluding		
interest accruals	1.901.887.734	1.827.697.701
The breakdown of demand deposits is presented bel	ow.	
The breakdown of demand deposits is presented ber	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
US Dollars	21.320.005	10.926.074
TRY	31.476.868	17.110.339
EURO	2.303.704	4.622.001
Romanian Lei	894.606	592.051
GB Pound	27.519	28.118
Japanese Yen	68.271	12.540
•	56.090.973	33.291.123
The breakdown of time deposits is presented below:		
The oreakdown of time deposits is presented below.	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
770 D. 11	4 447 207 004	4 405 404 405
US Dollars	1.647.385.984	1.697.696.627
TRY	190.776.850	85.519.056
EURO Romanian Lei	10.604.220	13.085.895
Komaman Lei	<u>115.220</u> <u>1.848.882.274</u>	96.370
	1.070.002.274	1.70.371.740

Group's bank deposits consist of deposits with maturity from 1 day to 3 months depending on immediate cash needs. Interest is received based on current short-term rates on the market.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

### **NOTE 5 – FINANCIAL ASSETS**

Current financial investments:

	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Derivative financial assets at fair value		
through income statement (*)	4.749.883	543.101
Total	4.749.883	543.101
Non-current financial investments:		
	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Derivative financial assets at fair value through		
other comprehensive income statement (*)	66.629.446	9.579.245
Total	66.629.446	9.579.245

<sup>(\*)</sup> As explained in Note 30 (f) and Note 30 (g), the derivative financial liabilities comprise of forward agreements, option agreements, cross currency and interest rate swap agreements.

### **NOTE 6 – FINANCIAL LIABILITIES**

Breakdown of financial liabilities is as follows:

	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Short term financial liabilities	559.069.420	867.824.521
Current portion of long term financial liabilities	1.157.727.120	1.154.609.147
Corporate bonds issued (*)	648.086	
Total short term financial liabilities	1.717.444.626	2.022.433.668
Long term financial liabilities	2.037.033.009	2.396.318.269
Corporate bonds issued (*)	199.772.463	-
Total long term financial liabilities	2.236.805.472	2.396.318.269
	3.954.250.098	4.418.751.937
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

<sup>(\*)</sup> As of 13 March 2013, completed sales of the Group is the total nominal value of TRY 200.000.000 floating rate bond issue with 6-months coupon payments, principal payment at the maturity date of 11 March 2015 and 150 basis points added to the benchmark interest payments that is determined at coupon payment dates.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 6 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (cont'd)

As of 30 September 2013, the breakdown of the Group's loans with their original currency and their weighted average interest rates is presented as follows:

-	_	Weighted			
	Type of	Average Rate of	Short Term		
Interest Type	Currency	Interest (%)	Portion	Long Term Portion	30 September 2013
No interest	TRY	-	117.697.921	-	117.697.921
Fixed	TRY	8,57	354.948.538	291.879.341	646.827.879
Fixed	<b>US</b> Dollars	1,96	288.502.977	41.872.193	330.375.170
Fixed	EURO	5,50	579.626	3.559.541	4.139.167
Floating	TRY	Trlibor+1,50	648.086	199.772.463	200.420.549
Floating	<b>US</b> Dollars	Libor+2,52	812.114.886	1.298.333.322	2.110.448.208
Floating	EURO	Euribor+0,33	114.204.019	316.822.587	431.026.606
Floating	Jap. Yen	JPY Libor+0,22	28.748.573	84.566.025	113.314.598
			1.717.444.626	2.236.805.472	3.954.250.098

As of 31 December 2012, the breakdown of the Group's loans with their original currency and their weighted average interest rates is presented as follows:

		Weighted			
	Type of	Average Rate of	Short Term		
Interest Type	Currency	Interest (%)	Portion	Long Term Portion	31 December 2012
No interest	TRY	-	25.735.899	-	25.735.899
Fixed	TRY	9,41	269.311.833	682.341.271	951.653.104
Fixed	<b>US</b> Dollars	2,91	1.046.948.497	23.011.745	1.069.960.242
Fixed	EURO	5,50	58.841	3.527.550	3.586.391
Floating	<b>US</b> Dollars	Libor+2,54	566.416.226	1.262.194.976	1.828.611.202
Floating	EURO	Euribor+0,33	88.815.893	324.706.901	413.522.794
Floating	Jap. Yen	JPY Libor+0,22	25.146.479	100.535.826	125.682.305
		_	2.022.433.668	2.396.318.269	4.418.751.937

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 6 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (cont'd)

As of 30 September 2013, according to their type of original currency and interest rates, the breakdown of floating-interest loans fixed by using financial hedge agreements, is as follows:

	Fixed rate of		Long Term	
Type of Currency	interest (%)	Short Term Portion	Portion	30 September 2013
US Dollars	2,38	28.196.709	27.523.065	55.719.774
US Dollars	4,18	25.721.843	9.572.706	35.294.549
US Dollars	3,29	15.175.495	26.913.608	42.089.103
US Dollars	3,28	30.227.819	-	30.227.819
US Dollars	1,09	28.344.502	27.665.157	56.009.659
US Dollars	4,47	65.536.611	308.520.330	374.056.941
US Dollars	4,46	14.619.381	49.190.655	63.810.036
US Dollars	1,68	2.905.208	5.612.645	8.517.853
US Dollars	2,01	8.691.168	4.197.155	12.888.323
US Dollars	4,15	38.381.379	110.350.539	148.731.918
EURO	2,18	6.770.241	9.933.551	16.703.792
EURO	1,82	58.064.791	-	58.064.791
EURO	1,75	1.571.337	-	1.571.337
EURO	1,79	1.412.902	1.342.883	2.755.785
EURO	1,80	3.186.107	11.088.508	14.274.615
EURO	4,43	2.593.746	8.744.909	11.338.655
EURO	2,29	7.064.483	13.611.489	20.675.972
EURO	1,66	1.725.702	3.458.043	5.183.745
US Dollars (*)	7,22	22.437.001	70.701.506	93.138.507
EURO (**)	10,65	42.036.559	119.847.620	161.884.179
	_	404.662.984	808.274.369	1.212.937.353
	-			

<sup>(\*)</sup>The loan amount USD 80.193.601, TRY equivalent TRY 116.822.029, will be paid till the maturity date with the floating rates by using 7,22% fixed rate and 1,4568 exchange rate. The maturity of the cross currency swap contract is 2 April 2018.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> The loan amount EUR 111.305.000, TRY equivalent TRY 231.790.880, will be paid till the maturity date with the floating rates by using 10,65% fixed rate and 2,0825 exchange rate. The maturity of the cross currency swap contract is 15 December 2017.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 6 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (cont'd)

As of 31 December 2012, according to their type of original currency and interest rates, the breakdown of floating-interest loans fixed by using financial hedge agreements, is as follows:

Type of	Fixed rate of	Short Term	Long Term	
Currency	interest (%)	Portion	Portion	31 December 2012
US Dollars	2,38	24.017.496	36.024.212	60.041.708
US Dollars	4,18	21.046.789	9.087.765	30.134.554
US Dollars	3,29	12.068.556	30.168.228	42.236.784
US Dollars	3,28	12.816.541	-	12.816.541
US Dollars	1,09	24.085.817	36.263.478	60.349.295
US Dollars	4,47	81.354.770	283.595.455	364.950.225
US Dollars	4,46	12.377.019	49.264.582	61.641.601
US Dollars	1,68	2.473.425	6.178.302	8.651.727
US Dollars	2,01	7.559.453	11.310.572	18.870.025
US Dollars	4,15	32.257.320	112.667.298	144.924.618
EURO	2,18	5.683.008	11.364.653	17.047.661
EURO	1,82	715.194	-	715.194
EURO	1,75	2.666.601	-	2.666.601
EURO	1,79	1.152.192	1.726.058	2.878.250
EURO	1,80	2.679.559	10.684.866	13.364.425
EURO	4,43	2.147.539	8.551.636	10.699.175
EURO	2,29	5.857.509	14.633.848	20.491.357
EURO	1,66	1.454.643	3.639.434	5.094.077
US Dollars (*)	7,22	16.275.452	72.343.463	88.618.915
EURO (**)	10,65	30.276.793	121.035.489	151.312.282
		298.965.676	818.539.339	1.117.505.015

<sup>(\*)</sup>The loan amount USD 80.193.601, TRY equivalent TRY 116.822.029, will be paid till the maturity date with the floating rates by using 7,22% fixed rate and 1,4568 exchange rate. The maturity of the cross currency swap contract is 2 April 2018.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> The loan amount EUR 111.305.000, TRY equivalent TRY 231.790.880, will be paid till the maturity date with the floating rates by using 10,65% fixed rate and 2,0825 exchange rate. The maturity of the cross currency swap contract is 15 December 2017.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 6 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (cont'd)

The breakdown of the loan repayments with respect to their maturities is as follows:

	30 September	31 December
<u></u>	2013	2012
XXV.4.1.4	1 717 111 626	2 022 422 660
Within 1 year	1.717.444.626	2.022.433.668
Between 1-2 years	921.872.301	759.838.591
Between 2-3 years	576.941.638	688.636.253
Between 3-4 years	413.934.814	589.040.223
Between 4-5 years	195.087.828	274.057.020
Five years or more	128.968.891	84.746.182
	3.954.250.098	4.418.751.937
NOTE 7 OTHER EINANGLAL LIABILITYES		
NOTE 7 - OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
	30 September	31 December
_	2013	2012
Other current financial liabilities		
Derivative financial liabilities at fair value		
through other comprehensive income statement (*)	9.950	278.881
Derivative financial liabilities at fair value		
through income statement (*)	7.651.553	3.901.647
	7.661.503	4.180.528
Other non-current financial liabilities		
Derivative financial liabilities at fair value		
through other comprehensive income statement (*)	29.900.857	14.576.726
	29.900.857	14.576.726

<sup>(\*)</sup> As explained in Note 30 (f) and Note 30 (g), the derivative financial liabilities comprise of forward agreements, option agreements, interest rate swap agreements and cross currency and interest rate swap agreements.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 8 – TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of the balance sheet date, the details of the Group's trade receivables are as follows:

	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Short term trade receivables		
Trade receivables	1.396.291.113	1.069.683.038
Due from related parties (Note 29)	23.985.994	17.941.389
Notes receivables	2.488.068	1.296.567
Discount on receivables (-)	(462.325)	(349.432)
Provision for doubtful trade receivables (-)	(47.029.829)	(41.271.202)
	1.375.273.021	1.047.300.360

The movement of the provision for short term doubtful trade receivables are as follows:

	1 January – 30 September 2013	1 January – 30 September 2012
Opening balance	41.271.202	43.039.895
Provision for the period	1.380.052	35.169
Provision released (-)	(271.460)	(550.790)
Translation loss/(gain)	4.650.035	(2.865.273)
Closing balance	47.029.829	39.659.001

#### EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 8 – TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (cont'd)

According to the market conditions and product types, a certain interest charge is applied for deferred trade receivables and overdue interest is applied for overdue trade receivables.

As the Group provides services and products to a large number of customers, collection risk is widely distributed amongst these customers and there is no significant credit risk exposure. Therefore, the Group does not provide for any further provision beyond the doubtful receivables provisions that the Group has already provided for in the consolidated financial statements.

As of the balance sheet date, there is no significant amount of overdue receivables within the trade receivables.

Other explanatory notes related to the credit risk of the Group are disclosed in Note 30.

The Group provides a specific amount of provision according to the balances of all unsecured receivables under legal follow up.

As of the balance sheet date, the details of the Group's trade payables are as follows:

	30 September	31 December
Short term trade payables	2013	2012
Trade payables	347.016.777	417.099.017
Due to related parties (Note 29)	7.858.624	11.727.235
Discount on trade payables (-)	(843.332)	(770.502)
	354.032.069	428.055.750

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Other current receivables		
Sales Carrent 166617446165	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Deposits and guarantees given	342.712	296.045
	342.712	296.045
Other non-current receivables		
Other hon-eutrent receivables	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Receivables from Privatization Authority	55.873.560	54.061.043
Deposits and guarantees given	272.673	238.949
Provision for other doubtful receivables (-)	(55.873.560)	(54.061.043)
	272.673	238.949
The movement of the provision for other doubtful rece	ivables are as follows:	
	1 January-	1 January-
	30 September	30 September
	2013	2012
Opening balance	54.061.043	52.458.346
Provision for the period	2.315.813	1.670.902
Other doubtful receivables collected (-)	(608.842)	(322.136)
Translation difference	105.546	_
Closing balance	55.873.560	53.807.112
Other current payables		
<u> </u>	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Taxes payable	6.880.663	1.819.122
Deposits and guarantees received	3.026.087	3.137.566
Dividend payables to shareholders (*)	1.187.486	2.827.812
	11.094.236	7.784.500

<sup>(\*)</sup> Dividend payables is an uncollected dividend by shareholders related to previous years.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 10 – INVENTORIES		
	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Raw materials	848.497.108	770.111.781
Work in progress	439.826.753	442.315.116
Finished goods	684.960.227	739.686.707
Spare parts	440.073.358	411.694.494
Goods in transit	319.445.288	378.626.074
Other inventories	187.422.204	166.079.744
Allowance for impairment on inventories (-)	(67.099.896)	(60.394.709)
-	2.853.125.042	2.848.119.207
The movement of the allowance for impairment on	inventories:	_
	1 January –	1 January –
	30 September	30 September
	2013	2012
Opening balance	60.394.709	53.525.003
Provision for the period (Note 21)	9.658.396	8.138.469
Provision released (-) (Note 21)	(7.706.547)	(8.419.357)
Translation difference	4.753.338	-

The Group has provided an allowance for the impairment on the inventories of finished goods, work in progress and raw materials in the cases when their net realizable values are lower than their costs or when they are classified as slow moving inventories. The provision released has been recognized under cost of sales (Note 21).

67.099.896

#### **NOTE 11 – PREPAID EXPENSES**

Closing balance

As of the balance sheet date, the details of the Group's short term prepaid expenses are as follows:

	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Insurance expenses	9.237.317	2.100.082
Order advances given	6.807.198	5.772.142
Prepaid utility allowance to employees	9.752.426	6.910.801
Other prepaid expenses	7.301.646	3.621.635
	33.098.587	18.404.660

As of the balance sheet date, the details of the Group's long term prepaid expenses are as follows:

	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Prepaid water expense	42.986.757	42.986.757
Order advances given	39.724.297	20.457.489
Prepaid expenses for mining rights	2.355.409	2.355.409
Other prepaid expenses	373.189	28.753
	85.439.652	65.828.408

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 12 – INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

	1 January –	1 January –
	30 September	30 September
	2013	2012
Cost		
As of 1 January	46.577.264	46.577.264
Translation difference	2.647.315	<u>-</u>
As of 31 December	49.224.579	46.577.264
Book value	49.224.579	46.577.264

According to the recent valuation reports, the fair value of the Group's investment properties is TRY 211.240.000 (31 December 2012: TRY 211.240.000). The fair values of the investment properties have been determined in reference to the valuations of independent valuation firms authorized by the CMB. The valuations are undertaken predominantly by using the precedent values of similar properties as references. The management doesn't require an independent valuation as of 30 September 2013, assuming that there is no significant change in market conditions and fair values of investment property.

The Group's all investment properties consist of land parcels.

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2013, the Group recognized rent income amounting to TRY 73.889 (30 September 2012: TRY 71.123) under other operating income.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 13 – PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

,	Other								
	Land	Land improvements	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Vehicles	Furniture and fixtures	property, plant and equipment	Construction in progress (CIP)	Total
Cost									
Opening balance as of			- 101 0 0						
1 January 2013	99.675.795	1.526.980.784	2.401.825.025	10.124.707.287	675.208.102	326.950.629	17.737.193	395.173.972	15.568.258.787
Translation difference	6.792.994	86.189.501	141.082.154	581.356.578	30.133.161	13.273.956	1.423.428	23.908.152	884.159.924
Additions (*)	10.198.103	420.379	18.657	18.658.068	1.121.571	3.193.241	1.523.911	182.289.013	217.422.943
Disposals	-	(425.930)	-	(55.458.912)	(3.172.361)	(2.534.039)	(12.213)	-	(61.603.455)
Transfers from CIP (**)	-	8.763.542	42.040.511	101.908.757	846.399	567.755	151.958	(154.669.706)	(390.784)
Closing balance as of 30 September 2013	116.666.892	1.621.928.276	2.584.966.347	10.771.171.778	704.136.872	341.451.542	20.824.277	446.701.431	16.607.847.415
Accumulated Depreciation									
Opening balance as of									
1 January 2013	-	(1.040.694.865)	(1.594.363.043)	(5.381.245.708)	(370.660.440)	(169.164.155)	(14.232.992)	-	(8.570.361.203)
Translation difference	-	(60.343.733)	(94.180.858)	(315.630.949)	(13.704.421)	(4.686.823)	(1.357.672)	-	(489.904.456)
Charge for the period	-	(22.208.289)	(37.026.621)	(166.962.646)	(14.514.918)	(8.833.092)	(854.406)	-	(250.399.972)
Disposals	-	182.795	-	54.346.730	3.144.961	2.375.641	12.199	-	60.062.326
Closing balance as of 30 September 2013	-	(1.123.064.092)	(1.725.570.522)	(5.809.492.573)	(395.734.818)	(180.308.429)	(16.432.871)		(9.250.603.305)
•									
Net book value as of 31 December 2012	99.675.795	486.285.919	807.461.982	4.743.461.579	304.547.662	157.786.474	3.504.201	395.173.972	6.997.897.584
Net book value as of 30 September 2013	116.666.892	498.864.184	859.395.825	4.961.679.205	308.402.054	161.143.113	4.391.406	446.701.431	7.357.244.110

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amount of capitalized financial expense is TRY 1.963.722 for the current period (The capitalized financial expenses for the year ended 30 September 2012 is TRY 586.513).

As of 30 September 2013, the Group has no collaterals or pledges upon its tangible assets.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> TRY 390.784 is transferred to intangible assets (Note 14).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 13 – PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (cont'd)

							Other		
	Land	Land improvements	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Vehicles	Furniture and fixtures	property, plant and equipment	Construction in progress (CIP)	Total
Cost									
Opening balance as of	00.050.504	1 500 001 060	2 251 450 51 6	0.020.412.441	< < 0. <b>521</b> 0.0 <b>5</b>	222.072.207	15 <02 240	202.025.154	15 222 105 050
1 January 2012	99.970.596	1.502.021.260	2.371.470.716	9.939.412.661	669.521.997	322.062.397	15.692.249	303.035.174	15.223.187.050
Translation difference	(780.939)	-	(1.218.368)	(2.384.074)	(353.767)	-	(187.013)	(91.490)	(5.015.651)
Additions	-	626.196	8.125	26.719.118	6.010.546	3.113.765	671.769	276.282.475	313.431.994
Disposals	-	-	-	(5.895.286)	(3.400.661)	(182.887)	(76.857)	-	(9.555.691)
Transfer from CIP (*)	-	15.888.474	7.255.483	124.529.166	2.149.114	328.230	29.199	(151.617.346)	(1.437.680)
Closing balance as of 30 September 2012	99.189.657	1.518.535.930	2.377.515.956	10.082.381.585	673.927.229	325.321.505	16.129.347	427.608.813	15.520.610.022
Accumulated Depreciation									
Opening balance as of									
1 January 2012	-	(1.016.431.739)	(1.545.595.586)	(5.225.691.075)	(353.940.724)	(156.076.545)	(13.806.800)	-	(8.311.542.469)
Translation difference	-	-	329.219	1.630.268	60.994	-	120.330	-	2.140.811
Charge for the period	-	(22.336.012)	(36.573.970)	(157.828.013)	(15.965.678)	(10.382.867)	(423.977)	-	(243.510.517)
Disposals	_			4.383.040	3.342.104	154.464	76.567		7.956.175
Closing balance as of 30 September 2012	-	(1.038.767.751)	(1.581.840.337)	(5.377.505.780)	(366.503.304)	(166.304.948)	(14.033.880)	-	(8.544.956.000)
-									
Net book value as of 31 December 2011	99.970.596	485.589.521	825.875.130	4.713.721.586	315.581.273	165.985.852	1.885.449	303.035.174	6.911.644.581
Net book value as of 30 September 2012	99.189.657	479.768.179	795.675.619	4.704.875.805	307.423.925	159.016.557	2.095.467	427.608.813	6.975.654.022

<sup>(\*)</sup> TRY 1.437.680 is transferred to intangible assets (Note 14).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. VE BAĞLI ORTAKLIKLARI

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 13 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (cont'd)

The breakdown of depreciation expenses related to property, plant and equipment is as follows:

		30 September 2	30 September 2013 30 September 20		
Associated with cost of production		238.071	.405	232.433.425	
General administrative expenses		4.471	.260	4.144.539	
Marketing, sales and distribution of	expenses	7.857	.307	6.932.553	
8,	1	250.399		243.510.517	
NOTE 14 – INTANGIBLE ASS	SETS		<u> </u>		
		Exploration			
		costs and other	Other		
		assets with	intangible		
	Rights	specific useful life	assets	Total	
Cost					
Opening balance as of					
1 January 2013	190.818.555	88.394.098	5.386.285	284.598.938	
Translation difference	10.300.309	-	1.006.274	11.306.583	
Additions	1.472.449	391.990	413.391	2.277.830	
Transfers from CIP	390.784	-	-	390.784	
Closing balance as of					
30 September 2013	202.982.097	88.786.088	6.805.950	298.574.135	
Accumulated amortization					
Opening balance as of					
1 January 2013	(77.871.489)	(49.648.107)	(4.168.613)	(131.688.209)	
Translation difference	(4.119.949)	-	(915.400)	(5.035.349)	
Charge for the period	(9.823.188)	(4.458.457)	(379.369)	(14.661.014)	
Closing balance as of					
30 September 2013	(91.814.626)	(54.106.564)	(5.463.382)	(151.384.572)	
Net book value as of					
31 December 2012	112.947.066	38.745.991	1.217.672	152.910.729	
Net book value as of					
30 September 2013	111.167.471	34.679.524	1.342.568	147.189.563	

As of 30 September 2013, the Group has no collaterals or pledges upon its intangible assets (30 September 2012: None).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. VE BAĞLI ORTAKLIKLARI

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 INTROGEDEE 21	issilis (cont u)			
	· · ·	Exploration		
		costs and other	Other	
		assets with	intangible	
	Rights	specific useful life	assets	Total
Cost				
Opening balance as of				
1 January 2012	181.438.363	88.324.945	4.912.952	274.676.260
Translation difference	(32.428)	-	(120.096)	(152.524)
Additions	4.655.370	69.153	259.276	4.983.799
Transfers from CIP	1.437.680	-	-	1.437.680
Closing balance as of				
30 September 2012	187.498.985	88.394.098	5.052.132	280.945.215
Accumulated amortization				
Opening balance as of				
1 January 2012	(61.991.877)	(44.794.501)	(3.737.191)	(110.523.569)
Translation difference	28.433	-	95.278	123.711
Charge for the period	(12.139.987)	(3.808.521)	(540.411)	(16.488.919)
Closing balance as of				
30 September 2012	(74.103.431)	(48.603.022)	(4.182.324)	(126.888.777)
Net book value as of				
31 December 2011	119.446.486	43.530.444	1.175.761	164.152.691
Net book value as of	<u> </u>			
30 September 2012	113.395.554	39.791.076	869.808	154.056.438

The breakdown of amortization expenses related to intangible assets is as follows:

30 September 2013	30 September 2012
13.779.075	15.595.684
712.459	866.921
169.480	26.314
14.661.014	16.488.919
	13.779.075 712.459 169.480

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. VE BAĞLI ORTAKLIKLARI

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 15 – GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND INCENTIVES

The government grants and incentives used in the current period are as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-
	30 September 2013	30 September 2012
Research and development grants	67.557	536.510
Social security grants	933.874	374.475
	1.001.431	910.985

These grants and incentives can be used by all companies, which meet the related legislative requirements and those grants have no sectoral differences.

The subsidary of the Group Erdemir Madencilik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş has granted the investment incentive certificate numbered 110476 for Iron Ore Beneficiation and Pellet Plant in 31 May 2013. The investment will take place in Malatya city Hekimhan Hasançelebi town with the production capacity 3.000.000 ton/per year. Total expenses of the new investment is TRY 1.569.000.000. There is no board resolution for the investment as of approval date of financial statements.

There is an investment incentive right of the Group amounting to TRY 216.010.193 with indefinite useful life, deductible in the next periods within the concept of the law numbered 5479, article 2 which repealed the 19<sup>th</sup> article of Income Tax Law (ITL) as of 1 January 2006 (31 December 2012: TRY 204.883.114).

#### **NOTE 16 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

The Group's payables for employee benefits are as follows:

	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Due to personnel	35.381.762	61.083.831
Social security premiums payable	18.215.881	21.941.319
Income and stamp tax due to personnel	22.690.757	18.291.964
	76.288.400	101.317.114
Provision of the employee termination benefits of the Group is as follo		
	30 September	31 December
_	2013	2012
Provisions for employee termination benefits	289.529.588	265.082.814
Provisions for seniority incentive premium	16.530.822	18.896.395
Provision for unpaid vacations	63.695.518	62.269.715
_	369.755.928	346.248.924
_		

According to the articles of Turkish Labor Law in force, there is an obligation to pay the legal employee termination benefits to each employee whose employment contracts are ended properly entitling them to receive employee termination benefits. Also, in accordance with the effective laws of the Social Insurance Act No: 506 No: 2422 on 6 March 1981 and No: 4447 on 25 August 1999 and with the amended Article 60 of the related Act, it is obliged to pay the employees their legal employee termination benefits, who are entitled to terminate.

As of 30 September 2013, the amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TRY 3.254,44 (31 December 2012: TRY 3.033, 98).

The employee termination benefit legally is not subject to any funding requirement.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. VE BAĞLI ORTAKLIKLARI

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 16 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (cont'd)

The employee termination benefit has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of employees. TAS 19 ("Employee Benefits") requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the Group's obligation under defined benefit plans. The obligation as of 30 September 2013 has been calculated by an independent actuary. The method used in calculation is "Projected Unit Credit Method".

The actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of the present value of the future probable obligation are as follows:

	30 September 2013	31 December 2012
Discount rate	8.46%	7.62%
Inflation rate	5.3%	4.3%
Salary increase	real 1.5%	real 1.5%
Maximum liability increase	5.3%	4.3%

Discount rates are determined considering the expected duration of the retirement obligations and the currency in which the obligations will be paid. In calculations as of 30 September 2013, a fixed discount rate is used. Long term inflation estimates are made using an approach consistent with discount rate estimates and long term inflation rate fixed over years is used.

The anticipated rate of resignation which do not result in the payment of employee benefits is also considered in the calculation. The anticipated rate of resignation is assumed to be related with the past experience, therefore past experiences of employees are analyzed and considered in the calculation. In the actuarial calculation as of 30 September 2013, the anticipated rate of resignation is considered to be inversely proportional to the past experience. The anticipated rate of resignation is between 2%-0% for the employees with past experience between 0-15 years or over.

The movement of the provision for employee termination benefits is as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-
	30 September 2013	30 September 2012
Opening balance	265.082.814	199.372.291
Service cost	20.273.173	15.254.381
Interest cost	13.892.668	14.136.073
Actuarial loss	6.726.666	17.490.967
Termination benefits paid	(16.830.265)	(3.542.835)
Translation difference	384.532	
Closing balance	289.529.588	242.710.877

According to the current labor agreement, employees completing their 10th, 15th and 20th service years receive seniority incentive premium payments.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. VE BAĞLI ORTAKLIKLARI

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 16 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (cont'd)

The movement of the provision for seniority incentive premium is as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-	
	30 September 2013	30 September 2012	
Opening balance	18.896.395	18.750.643	
Service cost	1.643.838	1.217.561	
Interest cost	1.005.536	1.275.289	
Actuarial loss/(gain)	(4.299.040)	929.155	
Termination benefits paid	(881.035)	(1.528.973)	
Translation difference	165.128		
Closing balance	16.530.822	20.643.675	

The movement of the provision for unused vacation is as follows:

1 January-	1 January-	
30 September 2013	30 September 2012	
62.269.715	55.055.727	
35.843.962	31.938.199	
(2.923.734)	(2.299.197)	
(30.865.268)	(23.665.797)	
(629.157)	-	
63.695.518	61.028.932	
	30 September 2013 62.269.715 35.843.962 (2.923.734) (30.865.268) (629.157)	

## NOTE 17 – PROVISIONS

The Group's short term provisions are as follows:

	30 September 2013	31 December 2012
Provision for lawsuits	160.851.125	104.471.986
Penalty provision for employment shortage of		
disabled personnel	3.949.596	4.945.469
Provision for state right on mining activities (*)	1.938.520	3.643.868
Provision for civil defense fund (**)	3.340.926	
	170.080.167	113.061.323

<sup>(\*)</sup> According to "Mining Law" numbered 3213 and regulation on "Mining Law Enforcement" published in the Official Gazette, numbered 25716 on 3 February 2005, the Group is obliged to pay state right on mining activities based on the sales profit.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> According to law number 5217, it is a provision of the enterprises that were subjected to "Natural Disaster Fund" ile "Civil Defense Fund". It is calculated through 2004 revenue of the company.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 17 – PROVISIONS (cont'd)

The movement of the provisions is as follows:

	1 January	Provision		Provision	Translation	30 September
	2013	for the period	Payments	released (-)	difference	2013
Provision for lawsuits	104.471.986	64.947.380	(5.801.951)	(4.042.837)	1.276.547	160.851.125
Penalty provision for employment shortage of disabled						
personnel	4.945.469	2.027.386	(1.466.772)	(1.518.180)	(38.307)	3.949.596
Provision for state right on mining activities	3.643.868	1.938.520	(3.643.868)	-	-	1.938.520
Provision for civil defense fund		3.340.926				3.340.926
	113.061.323	72.254.212	(10.912.591)	(5.561.017)	1.238.240	170.080.167
					-	
	1 January	Provision		Provision	30 September	
	2012	for the period	Payments	released (-)	2012	
Provision for lawsuits	68.484.650	49.100.089	(12.540.269)	(10.801.492)	94.242.978	
Penalty provision for employment shortage of disabled						
personnel	5.235.076	1.817.300	(415.650)	(1.972.933)	4.663.793	
Provision for state right on mining activities	3.704.424	3.457.960	(3.704.424)	-	3.457.960	
	77.424.150	54.375.349	(16.660.343)	(12.774.425)	102.364.731	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS (cont'd)

As of 30 September 2013 and 31 December 2012, lawsuits filed by and against the Group are as follows:

	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Lawsuits filed by the Group		
TRY	200.105.336	206.805.171
US Dollars	103.179.265	90.417.539
	303.284.601	297.222.710
Provision for lawsuits filed by the Group		
TRY	3.723.983	3.670.471
	3.723.983	3.670.471

The provisions for the lawsuits filed by the Group represents the doubtful trade receivables.

	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Lawsuits filed against the Group		_
TRY	69.552.021	54.325.739
US Dollars	150.988.447	132.313.443
	220.540.468	186.639.182
Provision for lawsuits filed against the Group		
TRY	148.743.020	90.914.952
US Dollars	12.108.105	13.557.034
	160.851.125	104.471.986

The Company, prepared its interim consolidated financial statements as of 31 March 2005, 30 September 2005 and 30 September 2005 according to CMB's Communiqué Serial XI No 25 on "Accounting Standards to be implemented in Capital Markets" which is not in effect today, whereas its consolidated financial statements of 31 December 2005 was prepared according to International Financial Reporting Standards by virtue of the Article 726 and Temporary Article 1 of the aforementioned Communiqué, and CMB's letter no. SPK.017/83-3483 dated 7 March 2006, sent to the Company Management. The aforementioned Communiqué (Serial XI No. 25 on the "Accounting Standards to be implemented in Capital Markets"), and Communiqués inserting some provisions thereto together with the Communiqués amending it, became effective starting with the consolidated financial statements of the first interim period ending after 1 January 2005.

CMB asked the Company to prepare its consolidated financial statements of 31 December 2005 all over again according to the same accounting standards set used during the period, to publish those statements, and to submit them to the General Assembly Approval as soon as possible, by stating on its decision no. 21/526 dated 5 May 2006 that the Company's changing the accounting standards set used during the term (Serial XI, No 25) at the end of the same term (UFRS) caused decrease amount of TRY 152.329.914 on the period income.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 17 – PROVISIONS (cont'd)

The Company challenged the aforementioned decision before the 11th Administrative Court of Ankara (E. 2006/1396). This lawsuit was rejected on 29 March 2007, but the Company appealed this rejection on 11 September 2007. 13th Chamber of the Council of State rejected the appeal on 12 May 2010; however the Company also appealed this rejection on 2 September 2010. However, 13th Chamber of the Council of State also dismissed this appeal against rejection on 6 September 2012 with its decision No. E. 2010/4196, K. 2012/1499. This decision was notified to the Company's lawyers on 16 July 2012.

CMB, prepared the Company's consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2005, which had been prepared according to the IFRS, by adding the negative goodwill of TRY 152.329.914, that had previously been added to the accumulated earnings, to the profit of 2005 on its own motion and account, and published them on Istanbul Stock Exchange Bulletin on 15 August 2006; with the rationale that the Company had not fulfilled its due demand on grounds that "Article 726 and Temporary Provision 1 of CMB's Communiqué Serial XI, No. 25 authorize the use of IFRS on consolidated financial statements of 2005, although CMB had given the Company a 'permission' No. SPK.0.17/83-3483 of 7 March 2006, and the lawsuits regarding this issue are still pending". The Company challenged CMB's aforementioned decision by a separate lawsuit on 10 October 2006. 11th Administrative Court of Ankara rejected this case on 25 September 2007. The Company appealed this rejection 11 October 2007; 13th Chamber of the Council of State, accepted the appeal request and abolished the rejection judgment. CMB appealed the Chamber's decision on 6 September 2010. 13th Chamber of the Council of State accepted CMB's appeal and reverted its previous abolishment decision, and ratified 11th Administrative Court of Ankara's judgement by the majority of the votes on 30 May 2012 with its decision no. E. 2010/4405; K. 2012/1352. This decision was notified to the Company's lawyers on 20 July 2012.

In the meeting no. 29/1110 dated 7 December 2008, CMB imposed administrative fine upon management of the Company as the Company did not obey the decision of CMB dated 2 December 2006 asking the Company to restate its consolidated financial statements of 31 December 2005. The Company appealed against the administrative fine. Ankara 1. Criminal Court of Peace accepted the appeal request with its decision no. 2006/1480 dated 7 July 2009. CMB appealed this decision. However, this time Ankara 3. High Criminal Court rejected CMB's appeal request with its decision no. 2009/320 dated 10 August 2009 and the rejection decision is final and definite.

Consequently, the decisions given by two different courts conflicted with each other according to the Company.

In 1 August 2012, the Company applied to 11th Administrative Court of Ankara to remove the decision conflict of these courts by adopting Ankara 1. Criminal Court of Peace's decision no. 2006/1480 dated 7 July 2009 instead of decisions no E.2006/2548, K.2007/1071 dated 25 September 2007 and no. E.2006/1396, K.2007/494 dated 29 March 2007. No improvement has been seen about the decision as of balance sheet date.

Meanwhile, Company's Shareholders' General Assembly, which was held at 30 March 2006, decided dividend distribution according to the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2005, which were prepared according to IFRS. Privatization Administration, who has a usufruct right over 1 (one) equity share among the Company shares it transferred to Ataer Holding A.Ş., filed a lawsuit before the 3th Commercial Court of Ankara against the aforementioned General Assembly decision, and claimed that, dividend distribution decision must be abolished and TRY 35.673.249 allegedly unpaid dividend must be paid to itself (E. 2006/218). The Court rejected the case on 23 October 2008; Privatization Administration appealed this rejection on 7 January 2009. Court of Appeals' 11th Chamber reversed this rejection judgment on 30 November 2010; this time the Company appealed the Chamber's decision on 18 February 2011. However, the Chamber rejected the Company's appeal on 14 July 2011. The case file, sent back to 3th Commercial Court of Ankara once again. Therefore the case is still pending (E. 2011/551).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 17 – PROVISIONS (cont'd)

Had the Company started to prepare its consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS after 31 December 2005, it would also have to present the comparative consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS based on "IFRS 1: First-time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" and the previously recognized negative goodwill would be transferred directly to retained earnings on 1 January 2005 instead of recognizing in the consolidated income statement in accordance with "IFRS 3: Business Combinations". Therefore, the net profit for the periods ended 30 September 2013 and 30 September 2012 will not be affected from the above mentioned disputes.

The Company, based on the above mentioned reasons, did not make any adjustments in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the possible effects of changes in the net profit for the year ended 31 December 2005 due to the lawsuits mentioned above and waits for the result of its claim about removal of decision conflict and resolution of the pending lawsuit opened by Privatization Administration.

Enerjia Metal Maden Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. initiated a debt collection proceeding that might end with a bankruptcy judgment against the Company based on the Export Protocol No. 69187 of 2 July 2009 and "Additional Terms to the Erdemir-Enerjia Export Protocol No. 68197" drafted by and between Enerjia and the Company. However the process stopped upon the Company's objection to Enerjia's request, and that led Enerjia to file a lawsuit against the Company before the 7th Commercial Court of Ankara on 27 March 2010 claiming that the objection should be overruled and US Dollars 68.312.520 should be paid to itself (E. 2010/259). The Court dismissed the case, in favor of the Company, on 23 June 2011. Enerjia appealed this rejection. Supreme Court 23th Civil Chamber has reversed the judgments including differentiating between two cases on 6 April 2012 by its decision numbered 2011/2915 E., 2012/2675 K. and has remanded the case for further enquiry to the 7 the Civil Court of First Instance of Ankara.

The 7th Civil Court of First Instance of Ankara has rejected on 24 October 2013 the Company's appeal (file numbered E. 2013/295) by lack of territorial jurisdiction and decided to send the case to Commercial Courts of Istanbul.

The trial for the case file numbered E. 2013/17 goes on at the 7 the Civil Court of First Instance of Ankara.

#### **NOTE 18 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The guarantees received by the Group are as follows:

30 September	31 December
2013	2012
1.163.545.008	1.038.595.060
1.163.545.008	1.038.595.060
	2013 1.163.545.008

The Collaterals, Pledges and Mortgages (CPM) given by the Group are as follows:

	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
A. Total CPM given for the Company's own legal entity	62.292.418	121.524.013
B. Total CPM given in favour of subsidiaries consolidated		
on line-by-line basis	2.324.708.412	2.634.472.886
C. Total CPM given in favour of other 3rd parties for		
ordinary trading operations	-	-
D. Other CPM given	-	-
i. Total CPM given in favour of parent entity	-	-
ii. Total CPM given in favour of other Group companies		
out of the scope of clause B and C	-	-
iii. Total CPM given in favour of other 3rd parties out of		
the scope of clause C		_
	2.387.000.830	2.755.996.899

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (cont'd)

As of 30 September 2013, the ratio of the other CPM given by the Group to shareholders equity is 0% (31 December 2012: 0%). Total CPM given in favor of subsidiaries consolidated on line-by-line basis amounting to TRY 2.324.708.412 has been given as collateral for financial liabilities explained in Note 6.

The breakdown of the Group's collaterals, pledges and mortgages according to their original currency is as follows:

	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
US Dollars	1.386.114.929	1.339.482.191
TRY	543.659.296	965.475.620
EURO	395.247.921	382.171.926
Japanese Yen	60.564.012	67.522.169
Romanian Lei	1.414.672	1.344.993
	2.387.000.830	2.755.996.899

#### NOTE 19 – OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Other	current	assets
-------	---------	--------

Other current assets		
	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Other VAT Receivable	84.258.554	85.590.505
VAT carried forward	36.314.702	8.068.989
Prepaid taxes and funds	1.542.346	13.679.448
Due from personnel	36.030	62.734
Job advances given	217.956	139.037
Other current assets	2.460.199	2.309.825
	124.829.787	109.850.538
Other current liabilities		
	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Advances received	152.990.569	93.234.464
VAT payable	42.200.603	27.619.537
Expense accruals	6.316.504	813.316
Deferred income	146.599	2.290.265
Other current liabilities	4.874.976	4.904.575
	206.529.251	128.862.157
Other non-current liabilities		
	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Other non-current liabilities	363.399	416.621
	363.399	416.621

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 20 – EQUITY**

As of 30 September 2013 and 31 December 2012, the capital structure is as follows:

		30 September		31 December
<u>Shareholders</u>	<u>(%)</u>	2013	<u>(%)</u>	2012
Ataer Holding A.Ş.	49,29	1.724.982.584	49,29	1.522.913.196
Quoted in Stock Exchange	47,63	1.667.180.563	47,63	1.471.882.268
Erdemir's own shares	3,08	107.836.853	3,08	95.204.536
Historical capital	100,00	3.500.000.000	100,00	3.090.000.000
Effect of inflation		156.613.221		342.195.166
Restated capital		3.656.613.221		3.432.195.166
Treasury shares		(116.232.173)		(103.599.856)
		3.540.381.048		3.328.595.310

The Company is subject to registered capital limit. The board of directors may, at any time it may think necessary, increase the capital by means of issuing bearer shares each with a nominal value of 1 Kr (one Kurus) up to the amount of the registered capital, which is TRY 7.000.000.000 in accordance with the requirements as set forth herein.

With the decision of Ereğli Iron and Steel Inc.'s Board Meeting as of 19 February 2013 and approval no: 9189 of CMB as of 19 February 2013; it is decided that TRY 3.090.000.000 of issued capital will be increased to TRY 3.500.000.000 by increasing TRY 410.000.000 (TRY 185.581.944,96 from capital restatements positive differences, TRY 18.465.461,72 from special funds, TRY 205.952.593,32 inflation difference from investment funds), by 13,2686% of current issued capital to be covered from retained earnings and inflation adjustments to capital. The procedures for the increase in capital have been completed with the registration and publication of the Capital Market Board document dated 26 March 2013 and numbered 10/357 in the Turkish Trade Registry Gazette dated 5 April 2013 and numbered 8294.

The issued capital of the Company in 2013 consists of 350.000.000.000 lots of shares (2012: 309.000.000.000 lots). The nominal value of each share is 1 Kr (Turkish cent) (2012: 1 Kr). This capital is split between A and B group shares. Group A shares consist of 1 share with a share value of 1 Kr and Group B shares consist of 3.499.999.999,99 shares representing TRY 349.999.999.999 of the issued capital.

The Board of Directors consists of 9 members, 3 of which are independent. The number and qualifications of independent members are ascertained in compliance with the CMB's Communique Serial IV; No:56 on Principles Regarding Determination and Application of Corporate Governance Principles.

The General Assembly has to choose one member to the Board of Directors from the nominees of the Privatization Administration as the beneficiary owner representing A Group shares. In case, the Board member representing the A Group shares leaves the board within the chosen period, a new board member is obliged to be chosen from the nominees of the Privatization Administration as the beneficiary owner. For decisions to be taken about the rights assigned to A Group shares, the board member representing A Group shares is also obliged to use an affirmative vote.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 20 - EQUITY (cont'd)

The decisions to change the Articles of Association of the Company that will have an effect on the board of directors' meeting and decision quorum, rights assigned to A Group shares, rights assigned to A Group shares in relation to investments and employment decisions and any other changes in the Articles of Association of the Company which will directly or indirectly affect the rights of A Group shares, have to receive an affirmative vote of the beneficiary owner representing the A Group shares. Otherwise, the decisions are accepted as invalid.

Article IV-K of Articles of Association "According to Turkish Commercial Code Article 329, transactions of an entity's own shares" allows Erdemir to purchase, hold, sell or transfer its own shares, without voting rights. As of 30 September 2013, the Company holds its own shares with a nominal value of TRY 107.836.853 (31 December 2012: TRY 95.204.536). The Company's own shares have been reclassified with its inflation adjusted value in the consolidated balance sheet as a deduction under equity.

	30 September	31 December
Other equity items	2013	2012
Chara manipus	106.447.376	106 447 276
Share premium	100.447.370	106.447.376
Revaluation reserves	25.600.593	26.813.595
-Revaluation reserves of property, plant & equipment	25.600.593	26.813.595
Cash flow hedging reserves	(22.297.710)	(29.878.279)
Foreign currency translation reserves	390.638.849	(315.217)
Actuarial (loss)/ gain fund	(63.002.294)	(57.784.354)
Restricted reserves assorted from profit	455.949.412	432.878.502
Retained earnings	3.046.895.248	2.946.037.863
-Extraordinary reserves	780.894.088	484.013.314
-Accumulated profit	1.285.989.176	1.276.059.972
-Statutory reserves	980.011.984	1.185.964.577
	3.940.231.474	3.424.199.486

However, in accordance with the communiqué numbered II-14,1 "Communiqué on the Principles of Financial Reporting In Capital Markets" ("the Communiqué") on 13 September 2013 which is published on Official Gazette numbered 28676, "Paid-in capital", "Restricted profit reserves" and "Share premium" should be presented by using their registered amounts in the statutory records. The restatement differences (e.g. inflation restatement differences) arising from the application of this Communiqué should be associated with the:

- "Capital restatement differences" account, following the "paid-in capital" line item in the financial statements, if the differences are caused by "paid-in capital" and have not been added to capital yet;
- "Retained earnings", if the differences are arising from "restricted profit reserves" and "share premium" and have not been associated with either profit distribution or capital increase yet.

Other equity items are carried at the amounts that are valued based on the CMB's Financial Reporting Standards.

Capital restatement differences may only be considered as part of the paid-up capital.

In accordance with the Capital Market Board decision dated 27 January 2010, concerning with distribution of dividends for publicly traded joint stock companies, it was decided that no minimum dividend distribution requirement will be applied for publicly traded joint stock companies.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 20 - EQUITY (cont'd)

Inflation adjustments to issued capital and historical amount of extraordinary reserves can be used as an internal source of capital increase, dividend distribution in cash or the net off from prior period losses. In case of usage of inflation adjustment to issued capital in dividend distribution in cash, it is subject to corporation tax.

Other sources which might be used in dividend distribution, except the profit for the period, in statutory books of the Company are equal to TRY 1.462.067.969 as of 30 September 2013 (31 December 2012: TRY 1.849.665.654).

The legal reserves and the share premium, which is regarded as legal reserve in accordance with TCC Article 466, are presented using their amounts in statutory records. In this context, the difference of inflation restatements in accordance with IFRS framework, that are not subject to profit distribution or capital increase as of the date of financial statements, is associated with the retained earnings.

According to the first paragraph of Article 466 of the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), 5% of the profit shall be allocated as the first legal reserves, up to 20% of the paid/ issued capital. First dividend is appropriated for shareholders after deducting from the profit. Following the deduction of the amounts from the "profit", General Assembly of Shareholders is authorized to decide whether shall be the remaining balance shall be fully or totally placed in extraordinary legal reserves or whether it is distributed, also taking into consideration the Company's profit distribution policy. According to the sub-clause 3 of the clause 2 of Article 466 of the Turkish Commercial Code, after deducting dividends amounting to 5% of the paid/issued capital from the part decided to be allocated; ten percent of the remaining balance shall be appropriated to second legal reserves. If it is decided to distribute the profit as bonus share, through the method of adding the profit to the capital, second legal reserves is not appropriated.

According to the CMB Communiqué, until the company's Article of Association was revised on 31 March 2008, an amount equal to the first dividend distributed to shareholders is allocated as status reserves in order to be used in the plant expansion. Also according to the 13th Article of Association before the revision on 31 March 2008, 5% of the net profit for the period after taxation is estimated to be allocated as legal reserves up until reaching 50% of the paid/issued capital. The reserve amount that exceeds the 20% of the legal reserves, defined by the Article 466 of TCC, is recorded as status reserve. Company's Shareholders' General Assembly, which was held at 30 March 2012, decided status reserves can be used as an internal source of capital increase and profit sharing.

Cash flow hedging reserve arises from the recognition of the changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that are designated and effective as hedges of future cash flows directly in equity. The amounts deferred in equity are recognized in the consolidated statement of income in the same period, if the hedged item affects profit or loss.

Revaluation reserve of property, plant and equipment arises from the revaluation of land and buildings. In the case of a sale or retirement of the revalued property, the related revaluation surplus remaining in the properties revaluation reserve is transferred directly to the retained earnings.

The amendment in IAS-19 "Employee Benefits" does not permit the actuarial gain /loss considered in the calculation of provision for employee termination benefits to be accounted for under the statement of income. The gains and losses arising from the changes in the actuarial assumption have been accounted for by "Actuarial (Loss)/Gain Funds" under the equity. The funds for actuarial gains/ (losses) in the employee termination benefits is not in a position to be reclassified under profit and loss.

Foreign currency translation reserve arises from expressing the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations in TRY by using exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified to equity and transferred to the Group's translation reserve. Such exchange differences are recognized in the consolidated income statement in the period of which the foreign operation is disposed.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 21 – SALES AND COST OF SALES

1 January –	1 July-	1 January-	1 July-
30 September 2013	30 September 2013	30 September 2012	30 September 2012
6.203.341.382	1.974.122.803	6.064.389.948	1.996.357.255
818.823.698	124.025.758	894.706.286	290.645.767
193.501.000	59.342.353	201.059.625	70.539.834
(3.387.082)	(1.420.423)	(6.193.596)	(2.039.795)
(12.747.668)	(3.570.509)	(18.825.716)	(4.944.052)
7.199.531.330	2.152.499.982	7.135.136.547	2.350.559.009
(5.848.297.439)	(1.714.563.717)	(6.375.941.508)	(2.041.601.146)
1.351.233.891	437.936.265	759.195.039	308.957.863
	30 September 2013  6.203.341.382 818.823.698 193.501.000 (3.387.082) (12.747.668) 7.199.531.330  (5.848.297.439)	30 September 2013 30 September 2013  6.203.341.382 1.974.122.803 818.823.698 124.025.758 193.501.000 59.342.353 (3.387.082) (1.420.423) (12.747.668) (3.570.509) 7.199.531.330 2.152.499.982  (5.848.297.439) (1.714.563.717)	30 September 2013       30 September 2013       30 September 2012         6.203.341.382       1.974.122.803       6.064.389.948         818.823.698       124.025.758       894.706.286         193.501.000       59.342.353       201.059.625         (3.387.082)       (1.420.423)       (6.193.596)         (12.747.668)       (3.570.509)       (18.825.716)         7.199.531.330       2.152.499.982       7.135.136.547         (5.848.297.439)       (1.714.563.717)       (6.375.941.508)

<sup>(\*)</sup> The total amount of by product exports in other revenues is TRY 102.455.190 (30 September 2012: TRY 83.421.413).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 21 – SALES AND COST OF SALES (cont'd)

The breakdown of cost of sales for the periods 1 January – 30 September 2013 and 1 January – 30 September 2012 is as follows:

	1 January –	1 July-	1 January-	1 July-
	30 September 2013	30 September 2013	30 September 2012	30 September 2012
Raw material usage	(4.120.489.098)	(1.184.200.433)	(4.799.944.047)	(1.524.617.865)
Personnel expenses	(672.509.480)	(191.193.397)	(675.817.532)	(220.920.059)
Energy expenses	(416.770.046)	(123.713.426)	(378.024.031)	(128.275.392)
Depreciation and amortization expenses	(287.994.771)	(89.842.127)	(230.222.147)	(78.967.748)
Factory overheads	(121.789.529)	(29.248.344)	(99.734.701)	(19.720.443)
Inventory write-downs within the period (Note 10)	(9.658.396)	(1.102.074)	(8.138.469)	(4.089.387)
Reversal of inventory write-downs (Note 10)	7.706.547	2.827.658	8.419.357	1.297.079
Other cost of goods sold	(67.777.998)	(23.842.644)	(81.240.828)	(27.252.184)
Non-operating expenses (*)	(52.696.405)	(52.696.405)	-	-
Other	(106.318.263)	(21.552.525)	(111.239.110)	(39.055.147)
	(5.848.297.439)	(1.714.563.717)	(6.375.941.508)	(2.041.601.146)

<sup>(\*)</sup> Due to the strike of the Group's subsidary İskenderun Demir ve Çelik A.Ş. between 15 July 2013 – 5 August 2013, operations were suspended temporarily. As a result of this, until regular production capacity, non-operating expenses, TRY (52.696.405), has been accounted under cost of goods sold.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 22 – RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES, MARKETING, SALES AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES, GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The breakdown of operating expenses for the periods 1 January – 30 September 2013 and 1 January – 30 September 2012 is as follows:

	1 January –	1 July-	1 January-	1 July-
	30 September 2013	30 September 2013	30 September 2012	30 September 2012
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses (-)	(78.588.145)	(24.627.186)	(81.149.105)	(25.920.500)
General administrative expenses (-)	(140.339.214)	(45.184.518)	(128.874.475)	(41.087.898)
Research and development expenses (-)	(2.784.263)	(1.150.746)	(826.425)	(403.785)
	(221.711.622)	(70.962.450)	(210.850.005)	(67.412.183)

## NOTE 23 – OPERATING EXPENSES ACCORDING TO THEIR NATURE

The breakdown of marketing, sales and distribution expenses according to their nature for the periods 1 January -30 September 2013 and 1 January -30 September 2012 is as follows:

	1 January –	1 July-	1 January-	1 July-
	30 September 2013	30 September 2013	30 September 2012	30 September 2012
Personnel expense (-)	(43.090.977)	(13.862.930)	(44.241.156)	(13.942.967)
Depreciation and amortization(-)	(8.026.787)	(2.839.140)	(6.958.867)	(2.317.014)
Other (-)	(27.470.381)	(7.925.116)	(29.949.082)	(9.660.519)
	(78.588.145)	(24.627.186)	(81.149.105)	(25.920.500)

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 23 – OPERATING EXPENSES ACCORDING TO THEIR NATURE (cont'd)

The breakdown of general administrative expenses for the periods 1 January – 30 September 2013 and 1 January – 30 September 2012 is as follows:

	1 January – 1 J		1 January-	1 July-
	30 September 2013	30 September 2013	30 September 2012	30 September 2012
Personnel expense (-)	(90.276.275)	(28.985.186)	(79.515.557)	(25.899.104)
Depreciation and amortization (-)	(5.183.719)	(1.753.054)	(5.011.460)	(1.561.001)
Other (-)	(44.879.220)	(14.446.278)	(44.347.458)	(13.627.793)
	(140.339.214)	(45.184.518)	(128.874.475)	(41.087.898)

#### NOTE 24 – OTHER OPERATING INCOME/ (EXPENSE)

	1 January –	1 July-	1 January-	1 July-
	30 September 2013	30 September 2013	30 September 2012	30 September 2012
Other operating income				_
Foreign exchange gain from trade receivables and payables (net) (*)	57.900.588	-	-	-
Interest income from overdue sales	33.545.965	10.163.128	43.866.029	15.546.319
Insurance indemnity income	6.799.420	71.961	2.956.332	927.592
Royalty income	5.508.508	1.125.500	2.160.301	862.714
Provisions released	4.813.594	1.238.254	12.774.426	2.682.544
Maintenance repair and rent income	5.214.799	1.797.259	5.349.829	1.773.062
Service income	5.061.735	1.768.087	5.202.223	1.793.752
Indemnity and penalty detention income	1.668.272	793.489	2.481.428	893.960
Gain on sale of tangible assets	1.023.734	150.688	551.914	189.446
Income from customer deposits	1.110.404	841.652	2.876.430	1.415.104
Other income and gains	10.129.391	4.286.409	10.286.526	3.221.434
	132.776.410	22.236.427	88.505.438	29.305.927

<sup>(\*)</sup> Foreign exchange loss from trade receivables and payables occurred between 1 January – 30 June 2013 in TRY functional currency.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 24 – OTHER OPERATING INCOME/ (EXPENSE) (cont'd)

	1 January –	1 July-	1 January-	1 July-
	30 September 2013	30 September 2013	30 September 2012	30 September 2012
Other operating expenses (-)				
Provisions expenses	(39.461.898)	(22.279.571)	(21.555.200)	(2.660.122)
Property tax expenses	(7.402.580)	(7.402.580)	-	-
Port facility pre-licence expenses	(4.692.830)	(1.042.822)	(4.611.882)	(1.483.691)
Lawsuit compensation expenses	(2.361.924)	(887.457)	(5.488.347)	(2.530.479)
Penalty expenses	(2.273.023)	(923.619)	(6.717.812)	(3.099.455)
Service expenses	(2.307.853)	(1.028.566)	(1.983.345)	(601.603)
Stock exchange registration expenses	(1.182.500)	-	(1.477.500)	-
Capital Markets Board registration expenses	(820.000)	-	(1.880.000)	-
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	(1.270.231)	(530.579)	(1.540.959)	(365.549)
Rent expenses	(458.366)	(176.341)	(1.635.424)	(450.713)
Foreign exchange loss from trade receivables and payables (net) (*)	-	-	(46.939.724)	(13.767.435)
Other expenses and losses	(11.486.316)	(4.845.700)	(7.713.464)	(3.358.473)
	(73.717.521)	(39.117.235)	(101.543.657)	(28.317.520)

<sup>(\*)</sup> Foreign exchange loss from trade receivables and payables occurred between 1 January – 30 June 2013 in TRY functional currency.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE	25 –	FINA	NCE	<b>INCOM</b>	Æ

NOTE 25 – FINANCE INCOME				
	1 January –	1 July-	1 January-	1 July-
	30 September 2013	30 September 2013	30 September 2012	30 September 2012
Interest income on bank deposits	56.576.132	18.838.473	51.303.345	19.326.530
Foreign exchange gains (net) (*)	-	-	145.826.104	16.969.252
Fair value differences of derivative				
financial instruments (net)	38.455.127	11.693.634	-	-
Discount income (net)	-	-	2.919.551	51.671
Other financial income	23.503	(7.407.565)	407.122	(10.340)
	95.054.762	23.124.542	200.456.122	36.337.113
NOTE 26 – FINANCE EXPENSES				
	1 January –	1 July-	1 January-	1 July-
	30 September 2013	30 September 2013	30 September 2012	30 September 2012
Interest expenses on financial liabilities	(159.805.564)	(48.328.210)	(193.026.214)	(65.003.130)
Foreign exchange loss (net) (*)	(123.774.977)	(45.713.865)	-	-
Interest cost of employee benefits	(14.898.204)	(4.749.627)	(15.411.362)	(5.325.877)
Discount expenses (net)	(17.782)	13.413	-	-
Fair value differences of derivative				
financial instruments (net)	-	-	(23.093.072)	(4.224.837)
Other financial expenses	(1.435.279)	(70.742)	(5.138.660)	(2.515.786)
	(299.931.806)	(98.849.031)	(236.669.308)	(77.069.630)

<sup>(\*)</sup> As of 1 July, translation difference occurrence due to the change in functinal currency translation have been accounted under foreign exchange gain/(loss).

During the period, the foreign currency translation losses of TRY 1.705.136, the interest expenses of TRY 258.586, out of total financial expense TRY 1.963.722, have been capitalized as part of the Group's property, plant and equipment (1 January – 30 September 2012: the foreign currency translation losses of TRY 232.836, the interest expenses of TRY 353.677, in total TRY 586.513 has been capitalized).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 27 -TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

	30 September	31 December		
	2013	2012		
Corporate tax payable:				
Current corporate tax provision	148.250.641	53.282.231		
Prepaid taxes and funds (-)	(91.810.972)	(41.073.170)		
	56.439.669	12.209.061		
	1 January –	1 July	1 January-	1 July-
	30 September 2013	30 September 2013	30 September 2012	30 September 2012
<u>Taxation:</u>				
Current corporate tax expense	148.250.641	60.023.048	42.077.778	9.581.431
Deferred tax expense	39.350.563	(16.442.401)	59.070.257	31.671.077
	187.601.204	43.580.647	101.148.035	41.252.508
	187.001.204	43.360.047	101.146.033	41.232.308

## Corporate tax

The Group, except its subsidiary in Romania, is subject to Turkish corporate taxes in force. The necessary provisions are allocated in the consolidated financial statements for the estimated liabilities based on the Group's results for the year. Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiary to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in the consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Corporate tax is applied on taxable corporate income, which is calculated from the statutory accounting profit by adding non-deductible expenses, and by deducting dividends received from resident companies, other exempt income and investment incentives utilized.

The effective corporate tax rate in Turkey is 20% and 16% in Romania as of 30 September 2013 (31 December 2012: in Turkey 20%, in Romania 16%). The total amount of the corporate tax paid by the Group in 2013 is TRY 104.020.033 (30 September 2012: TRY 77.197.722).

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 27 -TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

#### Corporate tax (cont'd)

In Turkey, advance tax returns are filed on a quarterly basis. The temporary tax of 2013 has been calculated over the corporate earnings using the rate 20%, during the temporary taxation period. (2012: 20%).

Losses can be carried forward to offset the future taxable income for up to maximum 5 years (Romania: 7 years). However, losses cannot be carried back to offset the profits of the previous periods, retrospectively.

In Turkey, a definite and distinct reconciliation procedure for tax assessment does not exist. Companies file their tax returns between 1April - 25 April following the closing period of the related year's accounts. Tax returns and related accounting records may be examined and revised within five years.

## Income withholding tax

In addition to corporate taxes, companies should also calculate income withholding taxes on dividends distributed, except for the dividends distributed to fully fledged taxpayer companies receiving and declaring these dividends and to Turkish branches of foreign companies. The rate of income withholding tax applied to all companies in the period of 24 April 2003 - 22 July 2006 is 10%. This rate was changed to 15% as of 22 July 2006 by the decision of the Council of Ministers, numbered 2006/10731. Undistributed dividends incorporated in share capital are not subject to the income withholding taxes.

19,8% withholding tax must be applied to the investment allowances relating to investment incentive certificates obtained prior to 24 April 2003. Investment disbursements without any investment incentive certificate after this date which are directly related to production facilities of the company can be deducted by 40% from the taxable income. The investments without investment incentive certificates do not qualify for tax allowance.

#### Investment allowance application

With the decision numbered 2006/95, which was taken during the meeting of the Constitutional Court on 15 October 2009, the phrase "only related to the years 2006, 2007 and 2008..." which was a part of the Temporary Article 69 of the Income Tax Law was cancelled and the cancellation became effective from the date the decision has been published in the Official Gazette on 8 January 2010. According to the decision, the investment incentive amount outstanding that cannot be deducted from 2008 taxable income previously, will be deducted from taxable income of the subsequent profitable years.

Regarding the cancellation decision taken by the Constitutional Court, an amendment was made in the 69<sup>th</sup> article in Income Tax Regulation using the regulation numbered 6009 and dated 23 July 2010. Consequently, in compliance with the cancellation decision of the Constitutional Court, the year limitation has been abolished and investment allowance has been limited to 25% of the profit. As limitation of investment allowance to 25% of the profit by regulation numbered 6009 is found to be contrary to law by the Constitutional Court, the Constitutional Court cancelled the regulation and stayed an execution. Corporate tax ratio of 30% in the previous regulation for the ones who benefit from investment allowance has been decreased to the effective corporate tax with the amendment made (2012: 20%).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 27 –TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

#### Deferred tax

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon the temporary differences arising between its taxable statutory financial statements and its financial statements prepared in accordance with the CMB's Communiqué on Accounting Standards. These differences usually result in the recognition of revenue and expenses in different reporting periods for the CMB regulations and tax purposes and are explained below.

Tax rate used in the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities (excluding land) is 20% for the subsidiaries in Turkey and, 16% for the subsidiary in Romania (31 December 2012: in Turkey 20%, in Romania 16%). Deferred tax related with the temporary differences arising from land parcels is calculated with the tax rate of 5% (December 2012: 5%).

As the companies in Turkey cannot give a consolidated corporate tax declaration, subsidiaries that have deferred tax assets are not netted off with subsidiaries that have deferred tax liabilities and disclosed separately.

	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Deferred tax assets:		
Carry forward tax losses (*)	51.340.416	55.833.424
Provisions for employee benefits	73.946.261	69.256.126
Tangible and intangible fixed assets	8.894.847	9.074.080
Inventories	12.349.647	25.537.251
Investment incentive	43.202.039	40.976.623
Provision for lawsuits	32.170.224	20.894.397
Fair values of the derivative financial instruments	1.761.654	2.210.218
Provision for other doubtful receivables	11.174.712	10.812.209
Prepaid expenses	1.145.598	1.410.058
Other	9.579.968	9.141.128
	245.565.366	245.145.514
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Tangible and intangible fixed assets	(501.171.020)	(365.267.266)
Amortized cost adjustment on loans	(9.905.828)	(12.343.086)
Fair values of the derivative financial instruments	(10.279.697)	(108.620)
Inventories	(5.531.441)	(252.110)
Other	(3.515.632)	(3.144.561)
	(530.403.618)	(381.115.643)
	(284.838.252)	(135.970.129)

<sup>(\*)</sup>The Group has deferred tax assets for carry forward tax losses deductible from future profits. Partially or totally recoverable amount of the deferred tax assets is estimated under current conditions.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 27 –TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

#### Deferred tax (cont'd)

In the financial statements which are prepared according to the CMB Financial Reporting Standards, of Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş. and its affiliates that are separate taxpayer entities, the net deferred tax assets and liabilities of the related companies are classified separately within the accounts of deferred tax assets and liabilities of Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş. and its subsidiaries' consolidated financial statements. The temporary differences disclosed above besides the deferred tax asset and liabilities, have been prepared on the basis of the gross values and show the net deferred tax position.

	30 September	31 December
Presentation of deferred tax assets/(liabilities):	2013	2012
Deferred tax assets	17.353.296	14.073.770
Deferred tax (liabilities)	(302.191.548)	(150.043.899)
	(284.838.252)	(135.970.129)

Maturities of carry forward tax losses are as follows:

Carry forward	Carry forward tax losses		tax assets
30 September 2013	31 December 2012	30 September 2013	31 December 2012
-	-	-	-
658.809.724	-	198.701.251	-
-	680.827.842	-	220.719.369
55.501.256	-	55.501.256	-
<u> </u>	58.833.647	<u>-</u>	58.833.647
714.310.980	739.661.489	254.202.507	279.553.016
	30 September 2013 - 658.809.724 - 55.501.256	30 September 2013 31 December 2012	30 September 2013 31 December 2012 30 September 2013

	1 January –	1 January –
Deferred tax asset/(liability) movements:	30 September 2013	30 September 2012
Opening balance	(135.970.129)	(2.498.629)
Deferred tax expense	(39.350.563)	(59.070.257)
The amount in comprehensive income/(expense)	(687.233)	8.780.364
Translation difference	(108.830.327)	(105.837)
Closing balance	(284.838.252)	(52.894.359)

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 27 -TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

	1 January –	1 January –
Reconciliation of tax provision:	30 September 2013	30 September 2012
Profit before tax	983.704.114	499.093.629
Statutory tax rates	20%	20%
Calculated tax acc. to effective tax rate	196.740.823	99.818.726
Reconciliation between the tax provision and calculated t	ax:	
- Non-deductible expenses	5.023.316	2.297.250
- Non-taxable income	(2.526.988)	(2.428.250)
- Effect of currency translation to non taxable assets	(11.900.295)	-
- Investment incentives	(2.225.416)	(183.989)
- Effect of the different tax rates		
due to foreign subsidiaries	539.285	265.441
- Other	1.950.479	1.378.857
Tax expense in income statement	187.601.204	101.148.035

As of 1 January – 30 September 2013 and 2012, the details of the tax gains/(losses) of the other comprehensive income/(expense) are as follows:

	1 Janua	ry – 30 Septembe	r 2013	1 July	- 30 September	2013
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	Amount	Tax income/	Amount	Amount	Tax income/	Amount
in the current period	before tax	(expense)	after tax	before tax	(expense)	after tax
Change in revaluation reserves of fixed assets	(1.213.002)	-	(1.213.002)	(1.942.019)	-	(1.942.019)
Change in actuarial (loss)/gain	(6.726.666)	1.345.332	(5.381.334)	-	-	-
Change in cash flow hedging reserves	10.162.825	(2.032.565)	8.130.260	(5.059.321)	1.011.864	(4.047.457)
Change in foreign currency translation reserves	401.383.709	<u>-</u>	401.383.709	403.151.329		403.151.329
	403.606.866	(687.233)	402.919.633	396.149.989	1.011.864	397.161.853

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 27 –TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont'd)

	1 Janua	ry – 30 Septembe	er 2012	1 July	<ul> <li>30 September</li> </ul>	2012
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	Amount	Tax income/	Amount	Amount	Tax income/	Amount
in the current period	before tax	(expense)	after tax	before tax	(expense)	after tax
Change in revaluation reserves of fixed assets	(1.100.021)	-	(1.100.021)	(36.362)	-	(36.362)
Change in actuarial (loss)/gain	(17.490.967)	3.498.194	(13.992.773)	-	-	-
Change in cash flow hedging reserves	(26.410.849)	5.282.170	(21.128.679)	(17.823.219)	3.564.644	(14.258.575)
Change in foreign currency translation reserves	598.097		598.097	107.308		107.308
	(44.403.740)	8.780.364	(35.623.376)	(17.752.273)	3.564.644	(14.187.629)

## NOTE 28 – EARNINGS/ (LOSS) PER SHARE

	1 January –	1 July-	1 January-	1 July-
	30 September 2013	30 September 2013	30 September 2012	30 September 2012
Number of shares outstanding(*)	350.000.000.000	350.000.000.000	350.000.000.000	350.000.000.000
Net profit attributable to equity holders - TRY	767.880.403	223.591.512	370.918.908	151.747.569
Profit per share with 1 TRY nominal value TRY %	0,2194 / % 21,94	0,0639 / % 6,39	0,1060 / % 10,60	0,0434 / % 4,34

<sup>(\*)</sup> In accordance with the decision of the Board of Directors dated 19 February 2013 and the Capital Market Board document dated 26 March 2013 and numbered 1061, the registered capital was increased non-cash from TRY 3.090.000.000 to TRY 3.500.000.000.

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 29 -RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The immediate parent and ultimate controlling parties of the Group are Ataer Holding A.Ş. and Ordu Yardımlaşma Kurumu respectively (Note 1).

The transactions between the Group and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Group, have been eliminated in the consolidation and therefore are not disclosed in this note.

The details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed below:

	30 September	31 December
	2013	2012
Due from related parties (short term)		
Oyak Renault Otomobil Fab. A.Ş. (2)	15.753.123	12.152.741
Bolu Çimento Sanayi A.Ş. (1)	3.791.963	2.764.405
Adana Çimento Sanayi T.A.Ş. (1)	4.252.498	2.898.838
Other	188.410	125.405
	23.985.994	17.941.389
	188.410	125.405

The trade receivables from related parties mainly arise from sales of iron, steel and by-products.

<sup>(2)</sup> Joint venture

Due to related parties (short term)	30 September 2013	31 December 2012
Omsan Lojistik A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	1.580.448	2.960.289
Omsan Denizcilik A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	1.427.644	2.239.702
Oyak Pazarlama Hizmet ve Turizm A.Ş. (1)	1.225.436	2.164.485
Oyak Savunma ve Güvenlik Sistemleri A.Ş. (1)	848.795	464.866
Omsan Logistica SRL <sup>(1)</sup>	519.987	404.639
Oyak Teknoloji Bilişim ve Kart Hizmetleri (1)	54.684	990.089
Other	2.201.630	2.503.165
	7.858.624	11.727.235

Trade payables to related parties mainly arise from purchased service transactions.

<sup>(1)</sup> Subsidiaries of the parent company

<sup>(1)</sup> Subsidiaries of the parent company

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 29 -RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (cont'd)

	1 January – 30 September 2013	1 January – 30 September 2012
Major sales to related parties		
Oyak Renault Otomobil Fab. A.Ş. (2)	74.491.724	46.432.653
Adana Çimento Sanayi T.A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	10.516.848	6.116.646
Bolu Çimento Sanayi A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	9.475.977	7.024.718
Mardin Çimento Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (1)	397.477	458.320
Ünye Çimento Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (1)	480.245	820.035
Oyka Kağıt Ambalaj Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (1)	178.920	148.827
Aslan Çimento A.Ş. (2)	1.284.167	1.702.283
Oytaş İç ve Dış Ticaret A.Ş. (1)	3.999	-
	96.829.357	62.703.482

<sup>(1)</sup> Subsidiaries of the parent company

The major sales to related parties are generally due to the sales transactions of iron, steel and by-products.

	1 January –	1 January –
	30 September	30 September
	2013	2012
Major purchases from related parties		
Omsan Denizcilik A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	49.590.235	36.723.204
Omsan Lojistik A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	19.860.330	14.267.060
Oyak Pazarlama Hizmet ve Turizm A.Ş. (1)	18.674.002	13.033.542
Omsan Logistica SRL <sup>(1)</sup>	4.794.529	-
Oyak Savunma ve Güvenlik Sistemleri A.Ş. (1)	16.383.182	3.257.630
Oyak Teknoloji Bilişim ve Kart Hizmetleri A.Ş. (1)	2.420.848	4.541.252
Oyak Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	259.218	595.156
Oyak Genel Müdürlüğü	76.230	97.200
Other	2.110.278	1.998.316
	114.168.852	74.513.360

<sup>(1)</sup> Subsidiaries of the parent company

The major purchases from related parties are generally due to the purchased service transactions.

#### The terms and policies applied to the transactions with related parties:

The period end balances are non-secured, interest free and their collections will be done in cash. As of 30 September 2013, the Group provides no provision for the receivables from related parties (30 September 2012: none).

#### Salaries, bonuses and other benefits of the key management

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2013, the total compensation consisting of short term benefits such as salaries, bonuses and other benefits of the key management of the Group is TRY 11.129.745 (30 September 2012: TRY 12.162.203).

<sup>(2)</sup> Joint venture

## EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 30 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Additional information about financial instruments

#### (a) Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital through the optimization of the debt and the equity balance that minimizes the financial risk.

Through the forecasts regularly prepared by the Group, the future capital amount, debt to equity ratio and similar ratios are forecasted and required precautions are taken to strengthen the capital.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt which includes the financial liabilities disclosed in Note 6, cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company, comprising issued capital, reserves and retained earnings as disclosed in Note 20.

The Group's Board of Directors analyze the capital structure in regular meetings. During these analysis, the Board of Directors also evaluates the risks associated with each class of capital together with the cost of capital. The Group, by considering the decisions of the Board of Directors, aims to balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

As of 30 September 2013 and 31 December 2012 the net debt/equity ratio is as follows:

		30 September	31 December
	Note	2013	2012
Total financial liabilities	6	3.954.250.098	4.418.751.937
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	4	1.905.004.184	1.829.716.171
Net debt	_	2.049.245.914	2.589.035.766
Total adjusted equity (*)		8.175.850.565	7.503.889.935
Total resources	-	10.225.096.479	10.092.925.701
Net debt/Total adjusted equity ratio		25%	35%
Distribution of net debt/ total adjusted equity		20/80	26/74

<sup>(\*)</sup> Total adjusted equity is calculated by subtracting cash flow hedging reserves and actuarial (loss)/ gain fund and exchange difference and adding non-controlling interests.

#### (b) Significant accounting policies

The Group's accounting policies related to the financial instruments are disclosed in Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, 2.9.7 Financial Instruments".

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

#### (c) Financial risk management objectives

The Group manages its financial instruments through a separate treasury function which was established for that purpose. The developments are followed on a real time basis. The Group's corporate treasury function manages the financial instruments through daily regular meetings by evaluating the domestic and international markets and by considering the daily cash inflows and outflows in accordance with the policies and regulations issued by the Group Risk Management Unit. At the end of each day, each Group company prepares a "daily cash report" and Group Risk Management Unit calculates daily Value at Risk (VaR) for cash and cash equivalents. The information included therein is consolidated by the treasury function and used to determine the cash management strategies. Additionally, the Group's annual payment schedules are followed through the weekly reports and annual cash management is followed by the monthly reports.

The Group utilizes derivative financial instruments as required and within the terms and conditions determined by the Group Risk Management Unit. Instruments that are highly liquid and securing a high-level yield are preferred when determining the financial instruments. In that respect, the Group has a right to claim the accrued interest on time deposits when withdraw before the predetermined maturity.

## (d) Market risk

The Group is exposed primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The Group utilizes the following financial instruments to manage the risks associated with the foreign exchange rates and interest rates. Also, the Group follows price changes and market conditions regularly and takes action in pricing instantaneously.

The Group prefers floating interest rates for long term borrowings. To hedge against the interest risk the Group uses interest swap agreements for some of its borrowings.

In the current period, there is no significant change in the Group's exposure to the market risks or the manner which it manages and measures risk when compared to the previous year.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

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(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd) Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

#### (e) Credit risk management

Trade receivables include a large number of customers scattered in various sectors and regions. There is no risk concentration on a specific customer or a group of customers. The majority trade receivables are assured by bank letters of guarantee and/or credit limits. The credit reviews are performed continuously over the accounts receivable balance of the customers. The Group does not have a significant credit risk arising from any customer.

Credit risk of financial instruments		Recei					
	Trade r	<u>eceivables</u>	Other r	<u>eceivables</u>			
	Related	<u>Third</u>	Related	<u>Third</u>	<b>Bank</b>	<u>Derivative</u> financial	
30 September 2013	<u>Party</u>	<b>Party</b>	<b>Party</b>	<u>Party</u>	<b>Deposits</b>	instruments	
Maximum credit risk exposure as of balance sheet date (*) (A+B+C+D+E)	23.985.994	1.351.287.027	-	615.385	1.904.973.247	71.379.329	
- Secured part of the maximum credit risk exposure via collateral etc.	-	1.290.175.308	-	-	-	-	
A. Net book value of the financial assets that are neither overdue nor impaired	23.985.994	1.347.445.634	-	615.385	1.904.973.247	71.379.329	
B. Carrying amount of financial assets that are renegotiated, otherwise classified as overdue or impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
C. Net book value of financial assets that are overdue but not impaired	-	3.841.393	-	-	-	-	
- secured part via collateral etc.	-	3.841.393	-	-	-	-	
D. Net book value of impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Overdue (gross carrying amount)	-	47.029.829	-	55.873.560	-	-	
- Impairment (-)	-	(47.029.829)	-	(55.873.560)	-	-	
- Secured part via collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Not overdue (gross carrying amount)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Secured part via collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	
E. Off-balance sheet financial assets exposed to credit risk	-	-	-	-	_	-	

<sup>(\*)</sup> The factors that increase credibility such as guarantees received are not taken into account in determination of amount.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

(e) Credit risk management (cont'd)

Credit risk of financial instruments		Recei				
	<u>Trade r</u>	<u>eceivables</u>	Other re	<u>eceivables</u>		
	Related	<u>Third</u>	Related	<u>Third</u>	<b>Bank</b>	<u>Derivative</u> financial
31 December 2012	<u>Party</u>	<b>Party</b>	<b>Party</b>	<b>Party</b>	<b>Deposits</b>	instruments
Maximum credit risk exposure as of balance sheet date (*) (A+B+C+D+E)	17.941.389	1.029.358.971	-	534.994	1.829.689.071	10.122.346
- Secured part of the maximum credit risk exposure via collateral etc.	-	932.727.754	-	-	-	-
A. Net book value of the financial assets that are neither overdue nor impaired	17.941.389	1.027.855.706	-	534.994	1.829.689.071	10.122.346
B. Carrying amount of financial assets that are renegotiated, otherwise classified as overdue or impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Net book value of financial assets that are overdue but not impaired	-	1.503.265	-	-	-	-
- secured part via collateral etc.	-	1.503.265	-	-	-	-
D. Net book value of impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Overdue (gross carrying amount)	-	41.271.202	-	54.061.043	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	(41.271.202)	-	(54.061.043)	-	-
- Secured part via collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Not overdue (gross carrying amount)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Secured part via collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off-balance sheet financial assets exposed to credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> The factors that increase credibility such as guarantees received are not taken into account in determination of amount.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

## Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

## (e) Credit risk management (cont'd)

The aging of the overdue but not impaired assets is as follows:

				<u>Derivative</u> financial		
30 September 2013	Trade receivables	Other receivables	Bank deposits	<u>instruments</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
Overdue 1-30 days	3.841.393	-	-	-	-	3.841.393
Overdue 1-3 months	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overdue 3-12 months	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overdue 1-5 years	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overdue 5 years or more	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total overdue receivables	3.841.393	-	-	-	-	3.841.393
Secured part via collateral etc.	3.841.393	-	-		-	3.841.393

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

## Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

# (e) Credit risk management (cont'd)

The aging of the overdue but not impaired assets is as follows:

				<u>Derivative</u> financial		
31 December 2012	Trade receivables O	ther receivables	Bank deposits	instruments	<u>Other</u>	<b>Total</b>
Overdue 1-30 days	1.503.265	-	-	-	-	1.503.265
Overdue 1-3 months	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overdue 3-12 months	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overdue 1-5 years	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overdue 5 years or more	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total overdue receivables	1.503.265	-	-	-	-	1.503.265
Secured part via collateral etc.	1.503.265				<del>-</del>	1.503.265

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

## Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

#### (f) Foreign currency risk management

As of 30 September 2013, stated in Note 2.9.8 the foreign currency position of the Group in terms of original currency is calculated as it as follows:

•	TRY	TRY	30 Septen US Dollars	nber 2013 EURO	Jap. Yen	GB Pound
	(Functional	(Original	(Original	(Original	(Original	(Original
	currency)	currency)	currency)	currency)	currency)	currency)
1. Trade Receivables	165.804.643	125.221.076	193.515	14.588.046	4.119.592	3.467
2a. Monetary financial assets	233.068.988	221.257.825	14.712	4.184.551	12.284.991	8.425
2b. Non- monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Other	152.729.485	152.308.042	-	153.341	-	-
4. Current assets (1+2+3)	551.603.116	498.786.943	208.227	18.925.938	16.404.583	11.892
5. Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
6a. Monetary financial assets	42.132.769	-	-	15.329.926	-	-
6b. Non- monetary financial assets	272.673	272.673	-	-	-	-
7. Other	112.120.157	96.143.918	-	3.715.593	276.798.325	20.246
8. Non-current assets (5+6+7)	154.525.599	96.416.591	-	19.045.519	276.798.325	20.246
9. Total assets (4+8)	706.128.715	595.203.534	208.227	37.971.457	293.202.908	32.138
10. Trade payables	209.055.640	181.220.295	534.602	4.079.571	751.998.461	16.814
11. Financial liabilities	615.795.895	472.263.677	-	41.763.806	1.396.510.881	-
12a. Other monetary financial liabilities	397.850.883	396.429.909	-	27.383	65.370.397	-
12b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities	49.024.797	49.024.797	-	-	-	-
13. Current liabilities (10+11+12)	1.271.727.215	1.098.938.678	534.602	45.870.760	2.213.879.739	16.814
14. Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
15. Financial liabilities	896.599.957	491.651.804	-	116.570.415	4.107.938.648	-
16a. Other monetary financial liabilities	326.319.588	313.842.544	-	4.539.748	-	-
16b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities	62.903.716	62.903.716	-	-	-	-
17. Non-current liabilities (14+15+16)	1.285.823.261	868.398.064	-	121.110.163	4.107.938.648	-
18. Total liabilities (13+17)	2.557.550.476	1.967.336.742	534.602	166.980.923	6.321.818.387	16.814
19. Net asset/liability position of off-balance						
sheet derivative financial instruments (19a-	172.074.747	-	-	62.609.063	-	-
19a. Off-balance sheet foreign currency derivative financial assets	172.074.747	_	_	62.609.063	_	_
19b. Off-balance sheet foreign currency derivative	172.074.747	_		02.007.003	_	_
financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
20. Net foreign currency asset/liability position						
(9-18+19)	(1.679.347.014)	(1.372.133.208)	(326.375)	(66.400.403)	(6.028.615.479)	15.324
21. Net foreign currency asset / liability position of monetary items (1+2a+5+6a-10-11-						
12a-14-15-16a)	(2.004.615.563)	(1.508.929.328)	(326.375)	(132.878.400)	(6.305.413.804)	(4.922)
22. Fair value of derivative financial instruments used in foreign currency hedge	31.149.972	_	_	11.333.857	_	_
23. Hedged foreign currency assets	31.149.972	-	-	11.555.057	-	-
24. Hedged foreign currency liabilities	172.074.747	-	-	62.609.063	-	-
25. Exports	921.278.888	-	443.696.131	38.803.238	-	-
26. Imports	3.569.881.625	-	1.913.461.831	2.938.771	-	-
pon	3.307.881.023	-	1.713.401.631	2.730.//1	-	-

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

(f) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

As of 31 December 2012, the foreign currency position of the Group in terms of original currency is as follows:

		:	31 December 2012	2	
	TRY	US Dollars	EURO	Jap. Yen	GB Pound
	(Functional	(Original	(Original	(Original	(Original
	currency)	currency)	currency)	currency)	currency)
1. Trade Receivables	994.070.979	526.968.213	23.228.264	2.983.830	3.448
2a. Monetary financial assets	1.726.371.256	958.500.338	7.529.827	607.078	9.794
2b. Non- monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
3. Other	7.484.291	3.532.085	504.860	-	250
4. Current assets (1+2+3)	2.727.926.526	1.489.000.636	31.262.951	3.590.908	13.492
5. Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-
6a. Monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
6b. Non- monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
7. Other	9.217.972	848.904	1.934.351	152.774.110	-
8. Non-current assets (5+6+7)	9.217.972	848.904	1.934.351	152.774.110	-
9. Total assets (4+8)	2.737.144.498	1.489.849.540	33.197.302	156.365.018	13.492
10. Trade payables	271.364.821	144.248.347	5.795.399	28.939.870	313
11. Financial liabilities	1.744.230.516	914.512.120	37.791.696	1.217.393.385	-
12a. Other monetary financial liabilities	30.764.972	12.497.322	3.608.983	-	-
12b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
13. Current liabilities (10+11+12)	2.046.360.309	1.071.257.789	47.196.078	1.246.333.255	313
14. Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-
15. Financial liabilities	1.697.132.418	711.523.695	139.573.266	4.867.148.907	-
16a. Other monetary financial liabilities	80.746	45.297	-	-	-
16b. Other non-monetary financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
17. Non-current liabilities (14+15+16)	1.697.213.164	711.568.992	139.573.266	4.867.148.907	-
18. Total liabilities (13+17)	3.743.573.473	1.782.826.781	186.769.344	6.113.482.162	313
sheet derivative financial instruments (19a-					
19b) 19a. Off-balance sheet foreign currency derivative	251.568.627	49.349.908	69.565.625	-	-
financial assets	251.568.627	49.349.908	69.565.625	_	_
19b. Off-balance sheet foreign currency derivative		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
20. Net foreign currency asset/liability position (9-18+19)	( <b>7.7.1</b> 0 < 0.7.10)	(0.40 <0= 000)	(04 00 < 44 <b>=</b> )	(F. 055 445 446)	12.150
21. Net foreign currency asset / liability	(754.860.348)	(243.627.333)	(84.006.417)	(5.957.117.144)	13.179
position of monetary items (1+2a+5+6a-10-11-					
12a-14-15-16a)	(1.023.131.238)	(297.358.230)	(156.011.253)	(6.109.891.254)	12.929
22. Fair value of derivative financial instruments					
used in foreign currency hedge	9.579.245	3.472.025	1.441.516	-	-
23. Hedged foreign currency assets	-	-	-	-	-
24. Hedged foreign currency liabilities	251.568.627	49.349.908	69.565.625	-	-
25. Exports	1.375.841.447	711.766.056	43.459.248	-	-
26. Imports	5.064.710.894	2.822.247.480	2.775.999	-	-

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

(f) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

The following table shows the Group's sensitivity to a 10% (+/-) change in the TRY, EURO and Japanese Yen. 10% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates.

As of 30 September 2013 asset and liability balances are translated by using the following exchange rates: TRY 2,0342 = US \$ 1,TRY 2,7484 = EUR 1 and TRY 0,0206= JPY 1 (31 December 2012: TRY 1,7826 = US \$ 1,TRY 2,3517 = EUR 1 and TRY 0,0207= JPY 1)

	Profit/(loss) after capitalization on tangible			
	assets and before tax an	d non-controlling interest		
	Appreciation of	Depreciation of		
30 September 2013	foreign currency against	foreign currency against		
1- TRY net asset/liability	(137.213.321)	137.213.321		
2- Hedged portion from TRY risk (-)	-	-		
3- Effect of capitalization (-)				
4- TRY net effect (1+2+3)	(137.213.321)	137.213.321		
5- US Dollars net asset/liability	(66.391)	66.391		
6- Hedged portion from US Dollars risk (-)	-	-		
7- Effect of capitalization (-)				
8- US Dollars net effect (5+6+7)	(66.391)	66.391		
9- Euro net asset/liability	(35.456.962)	35.456.962		
10- Hedged portion from Euro risk (-)	17.207.475	(17.207.475)		
11- Effect of capitalization (-)				
12- Euro net effect (9+10+11)	(18.249.487)	18.249.487		
13- Jap. Yen net asset/liability	(12.410.508)	12.410.508		
14- Hedged portion from Jap. Yen risk (-)	-	-		
15- Effect of capitalization (-)				
16- Jap. Yen net effect (13+14+15)	(12.410.508)	12.410.508		
17- Other currencies net asset/liability	5.006	(5.006)		
18- Hedged portion from other currency risk (-)	-	-		
19- Effect of capitalization (-)				
20- Other currencies net effect (17+18+19)	5.006	(5.006)		
TOTAL (4+8+12+16+20)	(167.934.701)	167.934.701		
TOTAL (FIGITALIAN)	(107.)54.701)	107.754.701		

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30– NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

## Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

(f) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

	Profit/(loss) after capitalization on tangible				
		d non-controlling interest			
31 December 2012	Appreciation of	Depreciation of foreign currency against			
1- US Dollars net asset/liability	(52.226.123)	52.226.123			
2- Hedged portion from US Dollars risk (-)	8.797.115	(8.797.115)			
3- Effect of capitalization (-)					
4- US Dollars net effect (1+2+3)	(43.429.008)	43.429.008			
5- EURO net asset/liability	(36.115.537)	36.115.537			
6- Hedged portion from EURO risk (-)	16.359.748	(16.359.748)			
7- Effect of capitalization (-)	68.848	(68.848)			
8- EURO net effect (5+6+7)	(19.686.941)	19.686.941			
9- Jap. Yen net asset/liability	(12.305.021)	12.305.021			
10- Hedged portion from Jap. Yen risk (-)	-	-			
11- Effect of capitalization (-)	-	-			
12- Jap. Yen net effect (9+10+11)	(12.305.021)	12.305.021			
13- Other currencies net asset/liability	3.783	(3.783)			
14- Hedged portion from other currency risk (-)	-	-			
15- Effect of capitalization (-)	-	-			
16- Other currencies net effect (13+14+15)	3.783	(3.783)			
TOTAL (4+8+12+16)	(75.417.187) 75.417.18				

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 30 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

(f) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

#### Cross currency and interest rate swap agreements:

As of 30 September 2013 and 31 December 2012 the details of the cross currency and interest rate swap agreements are provided in the table below:

30 September 2013	Average agreement exchange rate	Sales with original currency	Purchases with original currency	Original currency (TRY equivalent)	Agreement value (TRY equivalent)	Fair value
Cross currency and interest rate swap agreer	nents:					
TRY sale/ US Dollars purchase	1,4568	62.904.169	43.181.170	62.904.169	46.132.994	16.771.175
Between 1-5 years						
TRY sale/ EURO purchase	2,0825	130.382.370	62.609.063	130.382.370	99.232.398	31.149.972
Between 1-5 years						
					-	47.921.147
	Average			Original	-	_
	agreement	Sales with	Purchases with	currency	Agreement value	
31 December 2012	exchange rate	original currency	original currency	(TRY equivalent)	(TRY equivalent)	Fair value
Cross currency and interest rate swap agreer	nents:					
TRY sale/ US Dollars purchase	1,4568	71.890.479	49.349.908	71.890.479	65.701.247	6.189.232
Between 1-5 years						
TRY sale/ EURO purchase	2,0825	144.869.300	69.565.625	144.869.300	141.479.287	3.390.013
Between 1-5 years						
					-	

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

## 30 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

## Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

(f) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

# Forward agreements

As of 30 September 2013 and 31 December 2012 the details of the forward agreements of the Group are provided in the table below:

	Average			Original		
	agreement	Sales with	Purchases with	currency	Agreement value	
30 September 2013	exchange rate	original currency	original currency	(TRY equivalent)	(TRY equivalent)	Fair value
Forward agreements:						
US Dollars purchase/ EURO sale	1,3148	40.971.650	53.731.853	112.606.483	115.928.065	(3.321.582)
Euro purchase/ US Dolaars sale	1,3029	6.514.600	5.000.000	13.251.999	12.761.735	490.264
US Dollars purchase/ TRY sale	1,8281	9.140.500	5.000.000	9.140.500	8.115.172	1.025.328
TRY purchase/ US Dollars sale	1,8761	5.000.000	9.380.600	10.171.000	10.956.164	(785.164)
Less than 3 months						
US Dollars purchase/ EURO sale	1,3257	36.166.645	47.897.466	99.400.407	101.495.332	(2.094.925)
US Dollars purchase/ Jap. Yen sale	1,0821	2.250.025.000	24.500.000	46.319.015	43.375.487	2.943.528
Jap. Yen purchase/ US Dollars sale	1,0516	23.713.790	2.250.025.000	48.238.591	49.584.306	(1.345.715)
3-6 months						
US Dollars purchase/ EURO sale	1,3502	3.375.600	2.500.000	6.871.000	6.868.168	2.832
US Dollars purchase/ Jap. Yen sale	1,0258	390.310.000	4.000.000	8.034.922	8.035.785	(863)
Jap. Yen purchase/ US Dollars sale	0,9980	3.910.137	390.310.000	7.954.000	7.769.373	184.627
6-12 months					_	
					_	(2.901.670)

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### 30 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

## Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

(f) Foreign currency risk management (cont'd)

Forward agreements

31 December 2012	Average agreement exchange rate	Sales with original currency	Purchases with original currency	Original currency (TRY equivalent)	Agreement value (TRY equivalent)	Fair value
Forward agreements:						
EURO sale/ US Dollars purchase	1,2834	58.914.894	75.890.490	138.550.156	141.811.503	(3.261.347)
TRY sale/ US Dollars purchase	1,7959	10.263.684	5.716.000	10.263.684	10.282.838	(19.154)
Less than 3 months						
EURO sale/ US Dollars purchase	1,3155	57.461.445	75.845.576	135.132.080	135.197.248	(65.168)
3-6 months						
					_	(3.345.669)

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

#### (g) Interest rate risk management

The majority of the Group's borrowings are based on floating interest rate terms. In order to manage the exposure to interest rate movements on certain portion of the bank borrowings, the Group uses interest rate swaps and changes floating rates to fixed rates.

In addition, through the use of deposits in which the Group has a right to claim the accrued interest when withdrawn before the predetermined maturity, the Group minimizes the interest rate risk by increasing the share of floating rate denominated assets in its consolidated the balance sheet.

Furthermore, for borrowings denominated in foreign currencies, except for US Dollars, the Group minimizes its interest rate risk by leveraging in foreign currencies that bear lower interest rate. In addition, a higher interest rate is applied to the trade receivables with a maturity when compared to the interest rate exposed for trade payables.

#### *Interest rate sensitivity*

The following sensitivity analysis is based on forecasted interest rate changes for the liabilities denominated in variable interest rates. The information details the Group's sensitivity to an increase/decrease of 0,50% for US Dollars and EURO, 0,25% for Jap.Yen and 1,00% for TRY denominated interest rates.

Since the principal payments of the loans with floating interest rates are not affected from changes in interest rates, the risk exposure of the Group loans is measured using a sensitivity analysis instead of a Value at Risk calculation.

#### **Interest position table**

30 September 2013 31 December 2012

# Floating interest rate financial instruments

Financial liabilities 1.642.272.608 1.250.311.286

In addition to these, as of 30 September 2013, the amount of the Group's financial loans is TRY 1.212.937.353 of which the floating interest rates have been fixed by the hedge purposed agreements (31 December 2012: TRY 1.117.505.015) (Note 6).

For the year round, if the US Dollars, EURO and Jap. Yen denominated interest rates increase/decrease by 100 base points in TRY, 50 base points in US Dollars and EURO and 25 base points in Jap.Yen respectively ceteris paribus, the profit before taxation and non-controlling interest after considering the effect of capitalization and hedging would be lower/higher TRY 6.080.093 (31 December 2012: TRY 5.966.944).

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

(g) Interest rate risk management (cont'd)

#### Interest rate swap agreements

The Group uses interest rate swap instruments and pays/receives the difference between fixed interest rate and floating interest rates multiplied by the nominal amount. These contracts aim to mitigate the risk of fluctuations in the cash flow which the Group is exposed to due to borrowings with floating interest rates.

As of the balance sheet date, the Group's agreed unpaid nominal amounts of the interest rate swap agreements and their remaining terms until maturity are stated below:

#### 30 September 2013

	Average fixed		
Unrealized agreements with fixed	interest rate of		
payments and floating interest receipts	the agreements	Nominal amount(*)	Fair Value
Less than 1 year	1,55%	1.574.903	(9.950)
Between 1-5 years	1,44%	865.491.070	(11.192.558)
		867.065.973	(11.202.508)
31 December 2012			
	Average fixed		
Unrealized agreements with fixed	interest rate of		
payments and floating interest receipts	the agreements	Nominal amount(*)	Fair Value
Less than 1 year	1,43%	173.429.383	(278.881)
Between 1-5 years	1,39%	771.415.364	(12.088.506)
More than 5 years	1,68%	86.587.562	(2.488.220)
		1.031.432.309	(14.855.607)

<sup>(\*)</sup> In order to hedge against the interest rate risk of the borrowings with floating rates, the Group trades floating interest rates with fixed rates by making swap agreements. The fair value of the interest rate swap agreements with a nominal amount of TRY 867.065.973 (31 December 2012: TRY 1.031.432.309) is found to be effective. The fair value of such agreements which is categorized as cash flow hedges, is recognized under equity with its deferred tax effect and non-controlling interest deducted as TRY (8.392.208) (31 December 2012: TRY (11.134.225)).

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

(g) Interest rate risk management (cont'd)

Cross currency and interest rate swap agreements

30 September 2013

	Average fixed		
Unrealized agreements with fixed	interest rate of		
payments and floating interest receipts	the agreements	Nominal amount	Fair Value
TRY sale / US Dollars purchase (*)	7,22%	62.904.169	16.771.175
Between 1-5 years			
TRY sale / EURO purchase (*)	10,65%	130.382.370	31.149.972
Between 1-5 years	_		
	_	193.286.539	47.921.147
	_		
31 December 2012			
	Average fixed		
Unrealized agreements with fixed	interest rate of		
payments and floating interest receipts	the agreements	Nominal amount	Fair Value
TRY sale / US Dollars purchase (*)	7,22%	71.890.479	6.189.232
Over 5 years			
TRY sale / EURO purchase (*)	10,65%	144.869.300	3.390.013
Over 5 years			
		216,759,779	9.579.245

<sup>(\*)</sup> In order to hedge against the interest and foreign exchange rate risk of the Euro and US Dollars borrowings, the Group trades floating interest rates with fixed rates and Euro and US Dollars amounts with TRY amounts by making cross currency swap agreements. The fair value of such agreements which are categorized as cash flow hedges and found to be effective, with nominal amount of TRY 193.286.539 (31 December 2012: TRY 216.759.779) is recognized under equity net off its deferred tax effect, unrealized foreign exchange gain/losses and non-controlling interests as TRY (13.905.505) (31 December 2012: TRY (18.744.054)).

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

#### (h) Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecasted and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities and maintaining adequate funds and reserves.

#### Liquidity risk tables

Conservative liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash, availability of sufficient amount of borrowings and funds and ability to settle market positions.

The Group manages its funding of actual and forecasted financial obligations by maintaining the availability of sufficient number of high quality loan providers.

The following table details the Group's expected maturity for its derivative and non derivative financial liabilities. Interests which will be paid on borrowings in the future are included in the relevant columns in the following table.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

## Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

(h) Liquidity risk management (cont'd)

# **30 September 2013**

		Total cash outflow per agreement	Less than 3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	More than 5 years
<b>Contractual maturity analysis</b>	<b>Book value</b>	$\underline{(I+II+III+IV)}$	<u>(I)</u>	<u>(II)</u>	<u>(III)</u>	<u>(IV)</u>
Non derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings from banks	3.954.250.098	4.170.052.487	828.463.958	884.966.827	2.330.793.022	125.828.680
Trade payables	354.032.069	354.875.401	354.875.401	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities (*)	213.951.045	213.951.045	213.951.045	-	-	_
Total liabilities	4.522.233.212	4.738.878.933	1.397.290.404	884.966.827	2.330.793.022	125.828.680
Derivative financial liabilities						
Derivative cash inflows	71.379.329	687.783.195	189.395.390	261.689.443	236.698.362	-
Derivative cash outflows	(37.562.360)	(659.187.132)	(190.139.280)	(259.485.526)	(209.562.326)	<u>-</u>
_	33.816.969	28.596.063	(743.890)	2.203.917	27.136.036	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> Only the financial liabilities under other payables and liabilities are included.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 30 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISKS DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

## Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

(h) Liquidity risk management (cont'd)

#### **31 December 2012**

		Total cash outflow per agreement	Less than 3 months	3-12 months	<u>1-5 years</u>	More than 5 years
Contractual maturity analysis	<b>Book value</b>	(I+II+III+IV)	<u>(I)</u>	<u>(II)</u>	<u>(III)</u>	<u>(IV)</u>
Non derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings from banks	4.418.751.937	4.760.991.207	701.816.165	1.397.201.826	2.573.211.738	88.761.478
Trade payables	428.055.750	428.826.252	428.826.252	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities (*)	160.002.546	160.002.546	159.220.946	781.600	-	
Total liabilities	5.006.810.233	5.349.820.005	1.289.863.363	1.397.983.426	2.573.211.738	88.761.478
Derivative financial liabilities						
Derivative cash inflows	10.122.346	609.978.843	135.462.979	231.767.669	242.748.195	-
Derivative cash outflows	(18.757.254)	(627.915.169)	(139.749.280)	(238.826.656)	(249.339.233)	
_	(8.634.908)	(17.936.326)	(4.286.301)	(7.058.987)	(6.591.038)	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> Only the financial liabilities under other payables and liabilities are included.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 31 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES) Additional information about financial instruments

Categories of the financial instruments and their fair values

30 September 2013	Cash and cash equivalent	Loans and receivables	Available for sale financial assets	Held for trading financial instruments	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Derivative financial instruments through other comprehensive income/loss	Derivative financial instruments through profit/loss	Carrying value	Note
Financial Assets	- equi, arene	10001140105	Timanotar assets		umortized cost	11001110/1035	p10110/1000	carrying varue	1,000
Cash and cash equivalents	1.905.004.184	_	_	_	_	_	_	1.905.004.184	4
Trade receivables	-	1.375.273.021	_	_	_	_	_	1.375.273.021	8
Financial investments	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	Ü
Other financial assets	_	615.385	_	-	_	_	_	615.385	9
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	66.629.446	4.749.883	71.379.329	5
Financial Liabilities									
Financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	3.954.250.098	-	-	3.954.250.098	6
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	354.032.069	-	-	354.032.069	8
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	213.951.045	-	-	213.951.045	6/9/16
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	29.910.807	7.651.553	37.562.360	7
31 December 2012									
Financial Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	1.829.716.171	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.829.716.171	4
Trade receivables	-	1.047.300.360	-	-	-	-	-	1.047.300.360	8
Financial investments	-	-	84.594	-	-	-	-	84.594	
Other financial assets	-	534.994	-	-	-	-	-	534.994	9
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	9.579.245	543.101	10.122.346	5
Financial Liabilities									
Financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	4.418.751.937	-	-	4.418.751.937	6
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	428.055.750	-	-	428.055.750	8
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	160.002.546	-	-	160.002.546	6/9/16
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	14.855.607	3.901.647	18.757.254	7

<sup>(\*)</sup> Book values of the financial assets and liabilities are close to the fair values.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013  $\,$ 

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 31 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (FAIR VALUE AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES) (cont'd)

#### Additional information about financial instruments (cont'd)

Categories of the financial instruments and their fair values (cont'd)

Financial asset and liabilities at fair value	_	Fair value level as of reporting date				
	30 September 2013	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit/loss						
Derivative financial assets	4.749.883	-	4.749.883	-		
Derivative financial liabilities	(7.651.553)	-	(7.651.553)	-		
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income/expense						
Derivative financial assets	66.629.446	-	66.629.446	-		
Derivative financial liabilities	(29.910.807)	-	(29.910.807)	-		
Total	33.816.969	_	33.816.969	_		

Financial asset and liabilities at fair value	_	Fair value level as of reporting da			
	31 December 2012	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets and liabilities at fair					
value through profit/loss					
Derivative financial assets	543.101	-	543.101	-	
Derivative financial liabilities	(3.901.647)	-	(3.901.647)	-	
Financial assets and liabilities at fair					
value through other comprehensive					
income/expense					
Derivative financial assets	9.579.245	-	9.579.245	-	
Derivative financial liabilities	(14.855.607)	-	(14.855.607)	-	
Total	(8.634.908)	-	(8.634.908)	-	

First Level: Quoted (non adjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Second Level: Other valuation techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Third Level: Valuation techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 32 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

1) Enerjia Metal Maden Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. initiated a debt collection proceeding that might end with a bankruptcy judgment against the Company based on the Export Protocol No. 69187 of 2 July 2009 and "Additional Terms to the Erdemir-Enerjia Export Protocol No. 68197" drafted by and between Enerjia and the Company. However the process stopped upon the Company's objection to Enerjia's request, and that led Enerjia to file a lawsuit against the Company before the 7th Commercial Court of Ankara on 27 March 2010 claiming that the objection should be overruled and 68.312.520 USD should be paid to itself (E. 2010/259). The Court dismissed the case, in favor of the Company, on 23 June 2011. Enerjia appealed this rejection. Supreme Court 23th Civil Chamber has reversed the judgments including differentiating between two cases on 6 April 2012 by its decision numbered 2011/2915 E., 2012/2675 K. and has remanded the case for further enquiry to the 7 the Civil Court of First Instance of Ankara.

The 7th Civil Court of First Instance of Ankara has rejected on 24 October 2013 the Company's appeal (file numbered E. 2013/295) by lack of territorial jurisdiction and decided to send the case to Commercial Courts of Istanbul.

The trial for the case file numbered E. 2013/17 goes on at the 7 the Civil Court of First Instance of Ankara.

- 2)According to the meeting of the Board of Directors dated 30 October 2013 and decision number 9247;
- To distribute a total dividend of TRY 450.000.000; TRY 54.458.755,24 from other profit reserves, TRY 374.990.249,24 from extraordinary reserves, and TRY 20.550.995,52 from statutory reserves,
- 10% of the dividend, TRY 45.000.000, to be set aside as second legal reserve,
- TRY 405.000.000 cash dividend distribution,
- Profit sharing is decided by a majority of votes to start until 21 November 2013.
- 3) An action of debt was instituted by Messrs. Bor-San Isi SistemleriÜretim ve Pazarlama A.Ş. against our company at the 3rd Civil Court of Kdz. Ereğli on 17.04.2013 under file no 2013/253 Esasclaiming for the compensation of the loss arising from the sales contract of TL 17.800,-, reserving the rights for surplus. We were informed from the amendment petition, which was served to our company that the plaintiff pleaded from the court to raise the claim to TL 10.837.801,69 as assessed by the expert opinion submitted to the court. Our company shall contest to the expert opinion and the amendment petition within the statutory period. The next trial is on 20.11.2013.
- 4)Due to the İskenderun Demir ve Çelik A.Ş. (İsdemir)'s Board Decision as of 09 October 2013 and decision number 282, in Extraordinary General Assembly held in 30 October 2013, it has been decided that TRY 1.505.950.000,00 of issued capital will be decreased to TRY 483.126.252,12 from TRY 1.022.823.747,88 retained earnings, based on the recorded amount of Tax Procedure Law (TPL). The procedures for the increase in capital have been completed with the registration and publication in the Turkish Trade Registry Gazette dated 07 November 2013 and numbered 8438.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 33 – OTHER ISSUES AFFECTING THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MATERIALLY OR THOSE REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED FOR A CLEAR, UNDERSTANDABLE AND INTERPRETABLE PRESENTATION

#### Changes in working capital are as follows:

	1 January-	1 January-
	30 September 2013	30 September 2012
Current trade receivables	(333.731.288)	202.746.453
Inventories	(47.855.313)	447.348.419
Other short term receivables / current assets	(33.926.625)	28.870.802
Other long term receivables / non current assets	(79.116.528)	26.561.296
Current trade payables	(74.023.681)	(133.619.113)
Other short term payables / liabilities	108.047.043	(104.380.340)
Other long term payables / liabilities	15.270.909	14.858.535
	(445.335.483)	482.386.052

# The details and the amounts of the adjustments and reclassifications made of the balance sheet are as follows:

Based on the Group management's preliminary assessment, the amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, the Group is reviewed the employee termination benefit for the period after 1 January 2007 and adjust amounts and the related cumulative actuarial gain/loss into the provisions for employment benefits on in the consolidated balance sheet at 31 December 2011. Because it is not possible to assess the actuarial gain/loss for the periods before 1 January 2007, the Group could not assess the classification of cumulative actuarial gain/ loss balance for the periods before 1 January 2007.

The Group reclassify the actuarial gain/loss amount after the defered tax effect into the actuarial gain/loss fund in income statement for the year 2012.

In accordance with the communiqué numbered II-14,1 "Communiqué on the Principles of Financial Reporting In Capital Markets" ("the Communiqué") announced by the Capital Markets Board ("CMB"), the effects of reclassifications on consolidated financial statements, for the period 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011, of accounted actuarial gain/loss from provisions of employee benefits under comprehensive income statement and reclassified of provision of unused vacation from short-term liabilities into the long-term liabilities are set out below:

	(Previously			(Previously		
	reported)	(Restated)		reported)	(Restated)	
	1 January-	1 January-		1 January-	1 January-	
Account	31 December 2011	31 December 2011	Difference	31 December 2012	31 December 2012	Difference
Prepaid Expenses (1)	-	42.506.830	42.506.830	-	18.404.660	18.404.660
Other Current Assets (1)	142.316.125	99.809.295	(42.506.830)	128.255.198	109.850.538	(18.404.660)
Prepaid Expenses (2)	-	84.857.502	84.857.502	-	65.828.408	65.828.408
Other Non-Current Assets (2)	84.978.204	120.702	(84.857.502)	65.828.408	-	(65.828.408)
Short Term Portion of Long Term Financial Liabilities (3)	-	1.093.280.760	1.093.280.760	-	1.154.609.147	1.154.609.147
Short Term Financial Liabilities (3)	1.487.868.881	394.588.121	(1.093.280.760)	2.022.433.668	867.824.521	(1.154.609.147)
Trade Payables (4)	533.658.160	533.658.501	341	428.055.750	428.055.750	-
Payables for Employee Benefits (4)	-	98.046.626	98.046.626	-	101.317.114	101.317.114
Other Current Liabilities (4)	262.510.652	163.603.448	(98.907.204)	252.215.703	128.862.157	(123.353.546)
Other Payables (4)	63.694.522	9.499.032	(54.195.490)	48.017.783	7.784.500	(40.233.283)
Provision of the employee termination benefits (4)	218.122.934	273.178.661	55.055.727	283.979.209	346.248.924	62.269.715
Retained Earnings (5)	1.273.384.263	1.287.337.399	13.953.136	1.730.124.661	1.760.073.286	29.948.625
Net Profit for the Period (5)	1.005.562.503	1.020.567.649	15.005.146	424.181.040	452.016.769	27.835.729
Actuarial Losses/ Gains Funds	-	(28.958.282)	(28.958.282)	-	(57.784.354)	(57.784.354)

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 33 – OTHER ISSUES AFFECTING THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MATERIALLY OR THOSE REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED FOR A CLEAR, UNDERSTANDABLE AND INTERPRETABLE PRESENTATION (cont'd)

# The details and the amounts of the adjustments and reclassifications made of the balance sheet are as follows (cont'd):

- (1)Prepaid expenses and advance given which was reported in "Other Current Assets" in 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012 is reclassified to "Prepaid Expenses".
- (2)Prepaid expenses and advances given for fixed assets which was reported in "Other Non-Current Assets" in 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012 is reclassified to "Prepaid Expenses".
- (3)Short term portion of long term financial liabilities which was reported in "Short Term Financial Liabilities" in 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012 is reclassified to "Short Term Portion of Long Term Financial Liabilities".
- (4)Due to personnel which was reported in "Other Current Liabilities" and social security premiums payable and income and stamp tax due to personnel which was reported in "Other Payables" is reclassified to "Payables for Employee Benefits", payables to related parties which was reported in "Other Payables" is reclassified to "Trade Payables", provision for unused vacation which was reported in "Other Current Liabilites" is reclassifed to "Provision for Employee Termination Benefits" in 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012.
- (5)In accordance with TAS 19, provision for employee termination benefits from actuarial loss/ gain recognized under income statement.

Statutory reserves that were reported under "Restricted Reserves Assorted from Profit" are reclassified under "Retained Earnings" due to the Company's resolution in Regular General Assembly as of 30 March 2012 to distribute restricted reserves and/or use the reserves in issuing capital.

#### Reclassifications of income statement are as follows:

	(Previously		
	reported)	(Restated)	Difference
	1 January-	1 January-	1 January-
Account	30 September 2012	30 September 2012	30 June 2012
Cost of sales (-) (1)	(6.406.173.291)	(6.375.941.508)	30.231.783
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses (-) (1) (2)	(81.320.267)	(81.149.105)	171.162
General administrative expenses (-) (1) (2)	(131.373.859)	(128.874.475)	2.499.384
Other operating income (3)	44.639.409	88.505.438	43.866.029
Other operating income (4)	(54.603.933)	(101.543.657)	(46.939.724)
Financial income (3) (5)	319.123.074	200.456.122	(118.666.952)
Financial expense (-) (1) (4) (5)	(342.998.593)	(236.669.308)	106.329.285
Deferred tax income (2)	(55.572.063)	(59.070.257)	(3.498.194)
		_	13.992.773
		-	

(1) Employee termination benefit and interest cost of incentive are reclassified under "Operating Expenses (-)" as TRY 14.289.958 reported in "Cost of Sales (-)", TRY 80.874 reported in "Marketing, sales and distribution expenses (-)", TRY 1.040.530 reported in "General administrative expenses (-)" in consolidated income statement as of 30 September 2012.

# EREĞLİ DEMİR VE ÇELİK FABRİKALARI T.A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2013

(Amounts are expressed as Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 33 – OTHER ISSUES AFFECTING THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MATERIALLY OR THOSE REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED FOR A CLEAR, UNDERSTANDABLE AND INTERPRETABLE PRESENTATION (cont'd)

#### Reclassifications of income statement are as follows: (cont'd)

- (2) TRY 15.941.825 reported in "Cost of Sales (-)",TRY 90.288 reported in "Marketing, sales and distribution expenses (-)", TRY 1.458.854 reported in "General administrative expenses (-)" are recognized under provision for employee termination benefits actuarial loss/ gain that is TRY 17.490.967. Deferred tax income TRY 3.498.194 which was reorted in "Deferred Tax Income" is recognized under equity in "Actuarial Loss/ Gain Fund" in consolidated income statement as of 30 September 2012.
- (3) Interest income from overdue sales TRY 43.866.029 which was reported in "Financial Income" is reclassified to "Other Operating Income" in consolidated income statement as of 30 September 2012.
- (4) Foreign exchange loss from trade receivables and payables (net) TRY 46.939.724 which was reported in "Financial Expense (-)" is reclassified to "Other Operating Expense (-)"in consolidated income statement as of 30 September 2012.
- (5) Foreign exchange loss from financial liabilities (net) TRY 74.800.923 which was reported in "Financial Income" offsets with "Foreign exchange gain (net)" in "Financial Expenses" in consolidated income statment as of 30 September 2012.

## **Convenience translation to English:**

The effect of differences between the Financial Reporting Standards published by the Capital Market Board in Turkey and accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) have not been quantified in the consolidated financial statements. The differences with IFRS mainly related to the application of inflation accounting which was ceased one year later in IFRS, and the presentation of the basic consolidated financial statements and the notes to them. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance of Ereğli Demir ve Çelik Fabrikaları T.A.Ş. and its subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.